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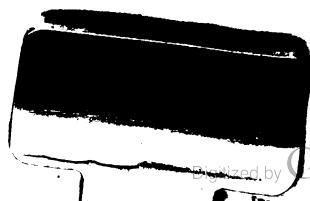
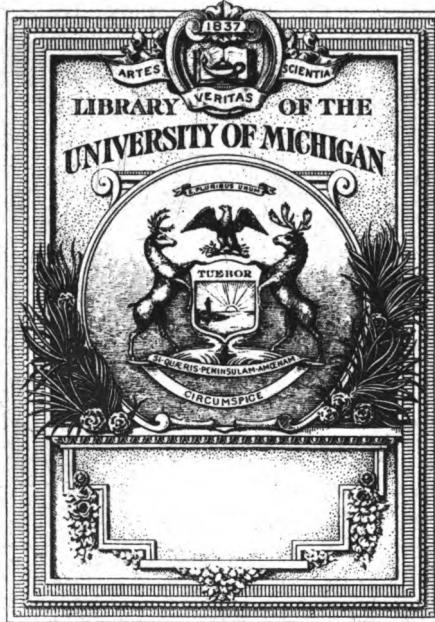
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HARVARD COLLEGE  
—  
CLASS of 1863  
50<sup>TH</sup> ANNIVERSARY



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1863





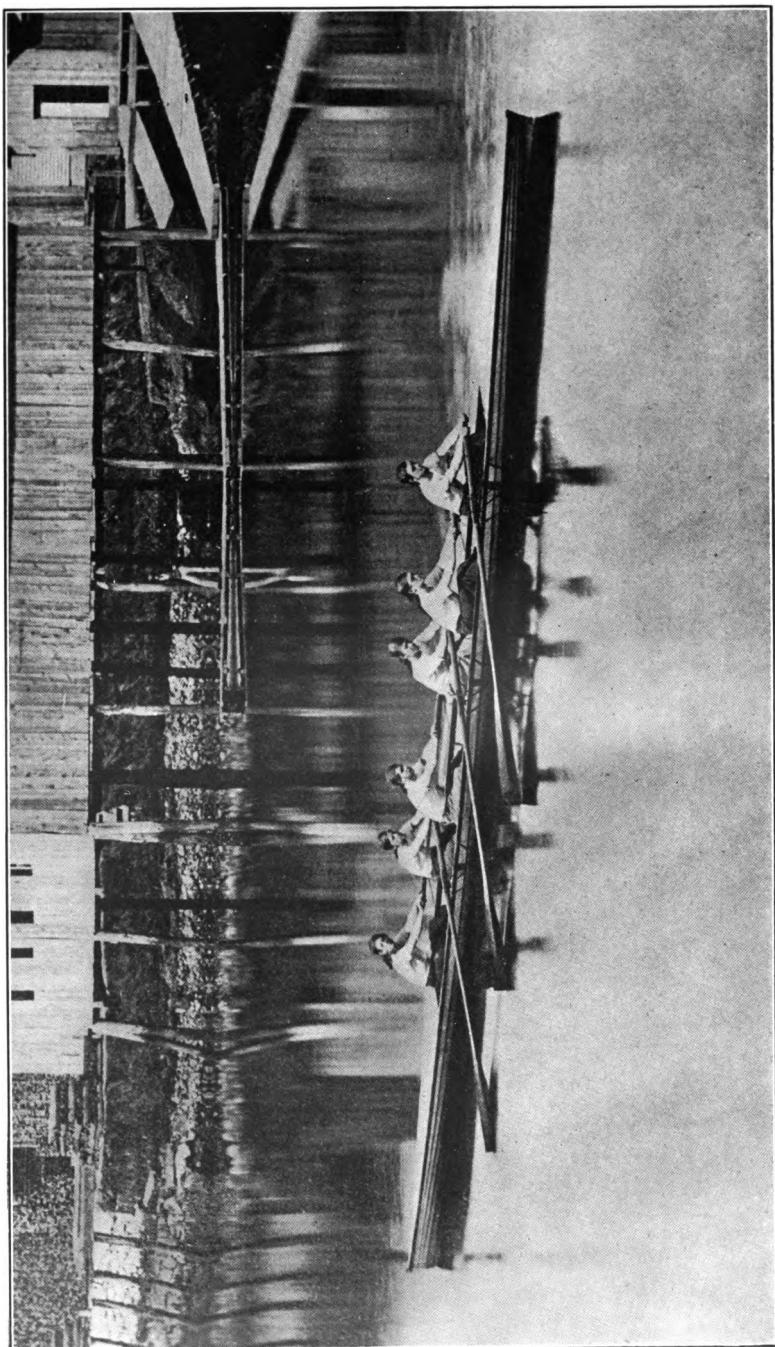


**THE CLASS OF 1863.**

The old sweet echoes in the heart  
That time alone can give,  
We need no master minstrel's art,  
Save Love's to bid them live.

MORSE. *Ode in 1888.*





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**“THETIS”**

**FRESHMAN CLASS CREW, 1860**

**C. W. AMORY, STROKE; J. C. WARREN, BOIT;**  
**DUNN; LAWRENCE; GREENOUGH, BOW**

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY  
OF  
THE CLASS OF 1863  
OF  
HARVARD COLLEGE  
=  
JUNE, 1903, TO JUNE, 1913

No. VIII

PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE CLASS

CAMBRIDGE  
*The University Press*  
JOHN WILSON AND SON  
1913

## Class Committee.

---

CLARENCE HOLBROOK DENNY, *Class Secretary.*

EDWARD BANGS DREW.

CHARLES CABOT JACKSON.

---

\*ARTHUR LINCOLN. Jan. 9, 1863-\*Dec. 11, 1902. *Class Secretary.*

\*CLIFFORD CROWNINSHIELD WATERS. Jan. 9, 1863-\*Jan. 2, 1908.

EDWARD BANGS DREW. Jan. 9, 1863.

HENRY FITCH JENKS. July 19, 1865. *Class Secretary*, June 23, 1903. Resigned, June 20, 1912.

CLARENCE HOLBROOK DENNY. June 23, 1903. *Acting Secretary*, June 29, 1904. *Class Secretary*, June 20, 1912.

\*MOSES GRANT DANIELL. June 29, 1904-\*Oct. 18, 1909.

CHARLES CABOT JACKSON. June 20, 1912.



*Gift  
Prof. C. C. Little  
6-25-29*

## TO THE CLASS OF 1863.

---

THIS Report covers a period of ten years, being the Eighth Report that has been published by our Class Secretaries, and for convenience of reference I have called it No. VIII, and refer to the other Reports also by Roman numerals.

Report No. I was issued in 1866.

" " II " " 1869.

" " III " " 1875.

" " IV " " 1883.

Report No. V was issued in 1888, on our Twenty-fifth Anniversary, and was a careful summary of all the preceding Reports, copies of which had become scarce.

Report No. VI was issued in 1893.

" " VII " " 1903.

" " VIII is " " 1913.

Our number of living members is now fifty-six, including two who have not received the A.B. degree. At the time of the last Report there were eighty-eight men alive of the one hundred and fifty-one who made up our total of all who had ever been connected with the Class. Of these men, seventy-six were graduates, and twelve were without the degree. Of these twelve, Allen received the A.B. degree in 1909; nine have died since the last Report was written: Almy, Bellows, Going, Howe, Léve, J. S. Lombard, Richardson, Strong, and Ward.

Twenty-three of our graduate members have died in the last ten years: R. Amory, Appleton, Ayres, Bishop, J. M. Brown, Curtin, Daniell, Furness, Gillet, Goodwin, Harris, S. S. Higginson, Lawrence, J. Lombard, Mixter, Morrison, Nichols, Perry, Putnam, Smith, Tuck, Verplanck, Waters.

It is hoped the half-tone pictures may prove of interest to the Class. We have something to show for every graduate member;

and for all the temporary members who were ever at any time connected with us pictures of some sort appear, except in the case of three men who were with us only a part of the Freshman year, Barnard, H. F. Brown, and Turner. Of course the recent pictures were not in all cases taken this year, but they are supposedly "as recent as possible."

Some response has been received from every living member of the Class, directly or otherwise, to the circular which the Secretary sent out to elicit information for the Record. The course pursued has been practically to let each man tell his own story, which must account for the difference in length of the respective "lives." If some men will not talk they get, of course, but scant amount of space. It should always be borne in mind that these stories are for us classmates primarily, and are the next best thing to meeting each other face to face, and a fulness of personal detail is permissible which the modesty of writers might consider undesirable in a publication having a different purpose.

I am indebted to Dr. Francis H. Brown's book, "Harvard University in the War of 1861-1865," for comparisons with our own records of the "Class in the War," and trust the details will be found correct and of interest to many.

The list of Grandchildren, I would remark, must not be taken as the complete contribution of our Class to that generation, but in general is made up from such reports as the living members of the Class have sent in to me. When one of our number dies, his record is closed as far as our reports are concerned, but his children may go on marrying and having children, and it would take more of a genealogist than your Secretary claims to be to look up all the grandchildren of the Class of 1863.

In view of the high standard established for these Reports by our previous Class Secretaries, I am well aware of my own shortcomings, but hope that this Eighth Report may contribute in some measure to the interest and enjoyment of our Fiftieth Anniversary.

CLARENCE H. DENNY,

BOSTON, June 19, 1913.

*Class Secretary.*

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## MEMBERS OF THE CLASS

WHO HAVE RECEIVED THE A.B. DEGREE.

---

Allen, Frederick Baylies, 1909	*Furness, Charles Eliot	*1909
Amory, Charles Walter	*Gillet, Joseph Anthony	*1908
*Amory, Robert *1910	*Goodwin, Frank	*1912
*Appleton, Nathan *1906	Green, Adolphus Williamson	
*Ayres, Marshall *1906	Green, John Orne	
Bagley, Charles Hazlett	*Greenhalge, Frederic Thomas,	
Bailey, Andrew Jackson, 1869		1870 *1896
Baxter, George Lewis	*Greenough, William	*1902
*Bishop, Thomas Wetmore *1910	Grew, Edward Sturgis	
Blair, Albert	Hall, John Dean	
Boit, Edward Darley	Hammond, Walter Whitney,	1864
Bowditch, Charles Pickering		
*Boynton, Winthrop Perkins *1864	*Harris, Thomas Robinson,	1867 *1909
*Brooks, Frederick *1874	*Haseltine, Albert Chevalier	*1898
*Brown, John Murray *1908	*Hassam, John Tyler	*1903
Brown, Melvin	*Hayes, Alexander Ladd	*1899
*Clarke, Haswell Cordis, 1867 *1901	*Heaton, Charles William	*1869
Cobb, Frederick	Higginson, Francis Lee, 1868	
Comte, Auguste	*Higginson, Samuel Storow	*1907
*Crane, William Dwight, 1864 *1864	Horton, John Marvin	
Cromwell, Frederic	*Howland, William Monefeldt	*1894
Cross, Thaddeus Marshall Brooks	*Hubbard, William Guptill	*1865
*Curtin, Jeremiah *1906	*Hun, Edward Reynolds	*1880
*Dabney, George Stackpole *1900	Hutchins, Edgar Adelbert	
*Daniell, Moses Grant *1909	Jackson, Charles Cabot	
*Davis, Samuel Craft *1874	Jenks, Henry Fitch	
Denny, Clarence Holbrook	*Jenks, William Furness	*1881
Drew, Edward Bangs	*Jones, George Seneca, 1864	*1903
Edwards, Henderson Josiah	Kidder, Edward Hartwell	
Emerson, Charles, 1867	*Kilbreth, James Truesdell	*1897
*Etheridge, Locke *1865	*Knapp, Arthur Mason	*1898
*Evans, Samuel Edwards *1891	*Langdon, Francis Eustis	*1890
Fairchild, Charles Stebbins	Lathrop, William Henry	
Field, William Gibson	*Lawrence, Arthur	*1909
*Fiske, John *1901	*Lincoln, Arthur	*1902
Foster, Charles Marsh	*Linder, William	*1872
Freeman, John William	*Lombard, Josiah	*1908
*French, John Davis Williams *1900	*Loring, Francis Caleb	*1888
*Frothingham, Benjamin Thompson *1902	*Lunt, Henry	*1887
*Frothingham, William *1895	*Marden, Francis Alexander	*1893
*Fullerton, Payson Perrin *1877	Marsh, Francis	

\* Deceased.

Marston, Elias Hutchins, 1881		*Smith, Clement Lawrence *1909
*Marvine, Edward Charles	*1878	*Stackpole, William *1901
Mason, Amos Lawrence		Stetson, Edward Gray
*Mixter, George	*1910	*Stevens, Edward Lewis, 1864 *1865
*Moriarty, Joseph Mosely	*1888	*Taber, Henry Arnold *1868
*Morison, George Shattuck	*1903	Tomlinson, George Samuel
Morse, James Herbert		*Townsend, Henry Elmer *1891
*Nichols, William	*1907	*Tuck, Henry *1904
Owen, Roscoe Palmer		*Verplanck, Robert Newlin *1908
Palmer, William Henry		*Wales, Benjamin Read, 1864 *1901
Pearce, James Lewis		Warren, Horace Winslow
Peck, Thomas Bellows, 1864		Warren, John Collins
*Perry, James Leonard	*1913	*Waters, Clifford Crowninshield *1908
Pillsbury, William Low		*Webb, Michael Shepard *1872
Pingree, David		*Weld, Charles Stuart Faucheraud *1901
*Post, Albert Kintzing, 1868	*1872	Wheeler, Edmund Souder
Pratt, Herbert James		*Wheeler, Moses Dillon, 1867 *1889
*Putnam, William Harrington	*1905	White, William Augustus
Rand, John Howard		*Winthrop, John *1895
Shattuck, George Brune		*67 + 54 = 121
Sheldon, Henry Newton		
Shreve, Octavius Barrell		

## MEMBERS OF THE CLASS WHO HAVE NOT RECEIVED THE A.B. DEGREE.

Allyn, John		*Huidekoper, Herman John *1868
*Almy, John Page	*1905	Jones, William Frederic
*Barker, Augustus	*1863	*Léve, Adolphus Maximilian *1903
*Barnard, John Clark	*1903	*Lombard, Josiah Stickney *1903
*Bellows, Josiah Grahame	*1906	*Richardson, William Priestley *1910
*Blake, Marshall William	*1872	*Ryan, William Aurelius *1886
*Boyd, Charles Malcolm	*1864	*Sewall, Moses Bartlett *1860
*Brown, Henry French	*1863	*Stevens, Gorham Phillips *1862
*Dinsmoor, George Reid	*1901	*Strong, John Lorrimer Graham *1910
*Dunn, Horace Sargent	*1862	*Turner, George Henry *1861
*Eustis, Cartwright	*1900	*Van Bokkelen, John Frink Smith *1863
*Fearing, Charles Frederic	*1901	*Ward, Edmund Augustus *1906
*Going, Henry Barrett	*1911	*Washburn, Thomas Jefferson *1866
*Gould, Arthur Frederic	*1890	*28 + 2 = 30
*Gould, Samuel Shelton	*1862	
*Haslett, Sullivan	*1887	
*Howe, Franklin Theodore	*1908	Whole number . . . . . 151

\* Deceased.

## HARVARD COLLEGE. CLASS OF 1863.

---

FREDERICK BAYLIES ALLEN lives at 132 Marlborough Street, Boston. He went abroad with his family in the summer of 1910, and was absent about four months. On the first of October, 1913, he will have completed twenty-five years as Superintendent of the Episcopal City Mission. Accordingly he handed in his resignation, to take place at that time. The Executive Committee have asked him to defer his resignation for at least one year, and they gave him a testimonial dinner at the Union Club on the first of February, at which Bishop Lawrence presided and twenty-five gentlemen were present.

As clergyman and Superintendent of the Episcopal City Mission he has under him five mission churches with a membership of about twenty-four hundred; two sailor missions, with reading and game rooms and concert halls, with a daily average attendance of between three and four hundred sailors; also a Church Rescue Mission. He has in his employ twenty missionaries (seven clergy and thirteen lay missionaries).

He is President of the New England Watch and Ward Society, founded in 1878; Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Secretary of the Massachusetts Bible Society; President of the Massachusetts Clerical Association; a director of the Rotch Infant Hospital, the Massachusetts Prison Association, the Children's Friend Society, the Church Temperance Society, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Round Table Club, and a director of the Devonshire Mills at Goff's Falls, New Hampshire. He is a member of the Society of Mayflower Descendants, the Society of Colonial Wars, and the Bostonian Society; of the Harvard Club, the University Club, Oakley Country Club, the Republican Club, and the Clericus Club, founded by Bishop Brooks.

He received the degree of A.B. (Harvard) as of the Class of 1863 in 1909.

His son, Frederick Lewis Allen, entered Harvard from Groton School in 1908, and graduated in the Class of 1912. He is now A.M., which degree he will receive this summer, and is assistant instructor at Harvard in English A.

His daughter, Louisa Ripley Allen, was married June 10, 1903, to Rev. Malcolm Taylor. They have children: Theodore Taylor, born May 19, 1904; Frederick Baylies Taylor, born May 10, 1906; Malcolm Taylor, born Sept. 5, 1907; and Gordon Taylor, born May 12, 1911.

Four other grandchildren were noted in previous Class Reports. Of these the oldest, Katharine Clark, was married June 8, 1912, to Richard Bruce Harding.

CHARLES WALTER AMORY lives at 278 Beacon Street, Boston. He resigned the Treasurership of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company in October, 1905. Since that time has been in no active business. He travelled for two months in California in March, 1908.

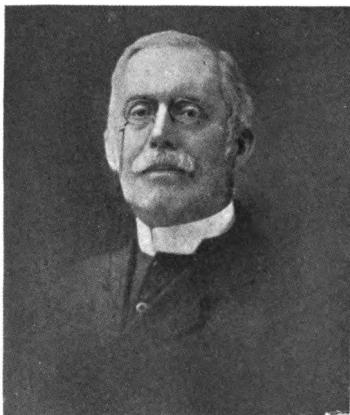
His son, William, married, Oct. 14, 1903, Mary Remington Stockton, daughter of Howard Stockton and Mary (Mason) Stockton. They live at 341 Beacon Street, Boston, and at Wareham, Massachusetts.

His son-in-law, Thomas Jefferson Coolidge, Jr. (Harvard, 1884), who married Clara Gardner Amory, Sept. 30, 1891, died April 14, 1912.

His daughter, Dorothy, who married Frederic Winthrop (Harvard, 1891) Jan. 20, 1903, died July 23, 1907.

He has grandchildren in addition to those mentioned in previous reports: John Linzee Coolidge, born March 21, 1905; Robert Winthrop, born Jan. 21, 1904; Dorothy Winthrop, born May 21, 1905; and Frederic Winthrop, born June 30, 1906.

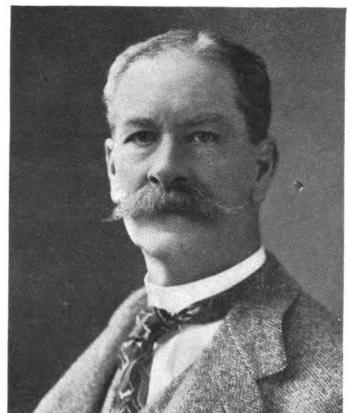
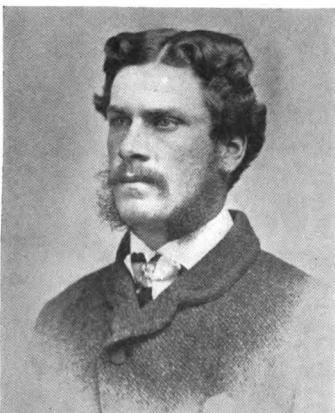
\*ROBERT AMORY, son of James Sullivan and Mary Copley (Greene) Amory, was born in Boston May 3, 1842. He died in Nahant, Massachusetts, Aug. 27, 1910. He fitted for college at



FREDERICK BAYLIES ALLEN



CHARLES WALTER AMORY



\*ROBERT AMORY, \*1910



the school of Epes S. Dixwell. He took the regular course at the Harvard Medical School, and received the degree of M.D. in July, 1866. Afterwards he studied in Paris, attended the hospitals, and studied especially the action of drugs upon animals, under MM. Bergeron and Magnan,—the former, secretary of the Biological Society of Paris; the latter, resident physician at L'Asile Centrale des Alienés. Amory was also for a while an externe at the Dublin Lying-in Hospital. He began his practice in Brookline. In April, 1868, he instituted, with the authority of Dr. Edward H. Clarke, Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics, a class for the study of the physiological action of drugs on animals, at the Harvard Medical School. In November, 1868, with the assistance of some friends and especially of the above-named professor, he opened a laboratory at 16 La Grange Street, Boston, for the reception of a class to continue this special study of medicine. In June, 1872, Dr. Amory was appointed by the trustees of Bowdoin College lecturer on physiology at the Medical School of Maine. The following year he was appointed full professor of physiology at the same school, which is placed under the charge of the trustees of Bowdoin College. In June, 1874, he resigned this position, to devote himself more closely to the practice of his profession, which he continued in Brookline and Boston, and in the summer at Bar Harbor, Maine, until October, 1887, when he retired and became the general manager for the American Electric Manufacturing Company in New England. Dr. Amory was the author of various treatises on physiology and therapeutics, besides numerous articles in the medical journals, and papers read before medical societies. He also did valuable work in revising and editing various editions of certain standard books of reference for his profession. He was a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and many other organizations. He had served as medical examiner for Norfolk County, and as assistant surgeon, afterwards surgeon and medical director, of the Massachusetts militia. In Brookline he was for several years on the school committee, and a trustee of the public library. He had been president and manager of the Brookline Gas Company.

Dr. Amory married Marianne Appleton Lawrence in May, 1864, who died in 1882, leaving one child, a daughter. In September, 1884, he married Katharine L. Crehore, who with one son and three daughters survives him.

J. C. Warren writes:

I recall that when ROBERT AMORY was a practitioner in Longwood, having settled there after his marriage, he was not content to be simply an ordinary medical practitioner, but had a decided taste for research.

Like many young men who had seen the imperfections of medical education in this country at that time, he had a keen interest in the advancement of medical science, and was one of the founders of the Boston Society of the Medical Sciences.

This Association was composed principally of young men who did not have an opportunity to take part in the discussions of their elder brethren in the meetings of the then established societies, which were devoted chiefly to the report of cases coming within the observation of the members.

Little was done in those days in experimental medicine. The use of the microscope had only just begun. The young men who were interested in these studies felt they would have a more appreciative audience by forming an association amongst themselves. Dr. Amory took a prominent part in this undertaking, and the early meetings of the Society were held in the house on La Grange Street which belonged to him. This was probably one of the first scientific medical laboratories established in this country.

Robert Amory was a physician, and consequently was interested more in medical than surgical research, and more especially on the physiological action of drugs. Bromide of potassium was a remedy first brought to notice at that time, and his researches on the action of the drug gave him a well-earned reputation as an investigator. In fact he was known at one time as "Bromide of Potash Amory."

The substantial support thus given to the young association by one of its members helped greatly to establish it on a permanent basis, and not a few of its members (many of whom are men who have since earned a national reputation) received some of their first inspirations in the little laboratory on La Grange Street. Later, Dr. Amory established a laboratory in a small building on his own place in Longwood.

He had the mechanical gift to a marked degree, and this was of great value to him in pursuing his researches. It led him often to topics and fields other than purely medical. Some of the very earliest work on the transmission of sound over the electric wire was done in this laboratory in

connection with the Hubbards, who were so intimately associated with Graham Bell in the studies which produced the final development of the telephone. It was the privilege of our Society to witness some of the very earliest attempts of the transmission of a message from Dr. Amory's laboratory to the parlor of his house, where we were assembled on that occasion.

Later, as Professor of Physiology at Bowdoin College, Amory was able to give a course of lectures which had the merit of laying before the students the very latest researches in this branch of science, in which he himself bore a prominent place. But eventually the increasing cares of practice prevented him from continuing the pursuit of medical science on a scale in accord with his ambition. He, however, never relinquished his investigations even after he had retired from the practice of medicine. During the last years of his life he employed his leisure moments in the perfection of an apparatus for sterilizing surgical dressings by means of electricity as a heating agent, which promises to be a valuable help to the surgeons' armamentarium.

In all this work Amory conducted himself with modesty and discretion, well aware of his own limitations and of the enormous difficulties to be overcome in getting results from observations, such as those in which he was engaged. Great courtesy, geniality, and patience were marked characteristics of the man; but as he looked back upon the enormous strides that had been made since he began his medical career, it must have been a great satisfaction to him to have felt that he was one of the first to see the great advantages to be derived from a devotion to the scientific side of his profession.

Dr. Amory's oldest daughter, Alice, married Oct. 12, 1892, Dr. Augustus Thorndike (Harvard, 1884) of Boston, son of Charles (Harvard, 1854) and Mary (Edgar) Thorndike.

His son, Robert Amory, Jr. (Harvard, 1906), married Leonore Cobb, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ives Cobb of New York, Sept. 20, 1910.

\*NATHAN APPLETON, son of Nathan and Harriot Coffin (Sumner) Appleton, was born in Boston, Feb. 2, 1843. He died in Boston, Aug. 25, 1906. He was the youngest child of his parents. His father and other members of the family were from an early date identified with the cotton manufacturing interests of Massachusetts. His father died before he came of age, and while still a very young man he came into possession of a handsome

fortune. He was fitted for college at the Boston Public Latin School and at the private school of Mr. Epes S. Dixwell.

Soon after graduating from college he entered the army to take his part in our great Civil War. He was appointed a second lieutenant in the Fifth Massachusetts Battery, July 30, 1863. He was at the battle of Rappahannock Station, took part in the Mine Run Campaign, was at the Wilderness, at Spottsylvania, and was wounded in the right arm, May 25, 1864, by a Confederate skirmisher. He resigned his commission Aug. 25, and was mustered out of service. He was commissioned, March 18, 1865, assistant inspector-general on the staff of the Governor of Massachusetts and detailed as acting aide-de-camp to General Wainwright, Artillery Brigade, Fifth Army Corps. He was present at Five Forks, the surrender of General Lee, and at the Grand Review in Washington. He was brevetted Captain, United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865.

After the war he bought a cotton plantation on Edisto Island, off the coast of South Carolina, with the idea of raising the long staple sea-island cotton, but he, like others, was confronted with a disorganized labor market. Later, in October, 1866, he went abroad to travel with his half-nephew, Charles Longfellow, who was nearly of his own age, and who had also been for a time in the army. They spent part of the winter in Russia, a trip which much later gave rise to a little volume called *Russian Life and Society*. This was the prelude to much residence abroad, especially in Paris, and to much travel in many countries. Unfortunately, in Paris he became interested in a banking house, through the failure of which he ultimately suffered very serious financial losses; but these were met with such a high sense of honor and such a fine philosophy as to exhibit at their best the sterling qualities which his friends knew he possessed.

In 1869 he went again to Russia, this time in company with General Banks, who was then a member of Congress and Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs. From Russia they went to Constantinople, and then to Suez, to assist at the opening of the Suez Canal. Then and there he made the acquaintance of de Lesseps, for whom he conceived the greatest admiration, and thus

he became very heartily interested in the French undertaking to build the Panama Canal. In fact he was for some years the French general agent for the Canal in the United States, and travelled in this country with de Lesseps. His interest in this undertaking never flagged, and his confidence in its ultimate successful conclusion, whether through the agency of the French or of others, never wavered. At the ninth dinner of the Class on the twenty-fifth anniversary of its graduation, in 1888, among the degrees conferred by the Class Secretary was one upon Nathan Appleton as: "Digger of Canals, Suez et Panama. Amicus de Lesseps, Imperatorisque Russorum."

But the question of canals was only one of the very many in which Appleton interested himself and others. In turning over the pages of the Class reports issued from time to time, or in reading some sketches of his life which he published, this becomes easily evident. All through the years therein touched upon he was attending meetings, or delivering lectures, or making speeches, or writing papers and plays and a novel, or encouraging propaganda in this and in other countries, with an almost ceaseless and unwearyed, though not always a fruitful, assiduity.

If it was not the canals which occupied him, it was a communication to the Secretary of the Treasury with financial suggestions, or some post of the G. A. R., or the Loyal Legion, or the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (a branch of which he started during a visit in Santo Domingo), or a Columbus Memorial, or a Cremation Society, or an Artificial Ice Company, or a Metric Bureau, or an International Congress of Industry and Commerce, or an Association for the Codification and Reform of the Law of Nations. He was at one time or another a member, and generally an officer, of an extraordinary number of organizations pursuing a great variety of purposes.

He had met and known all sorts and conditions of men, had had an experience of travel of which Ulysses himself need not have been ashamed, had in some capacity participated in many of the stirring and important events and movements of our time. He was always generous, cheerful, hopeful, and courageous, as well as active. He had always a warm feeling for his Class and class-

mates and for what concerned it and them. He now rests from his labors.

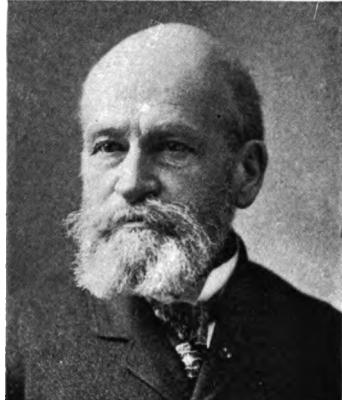
Written by Shattuck and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 26, 1907, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

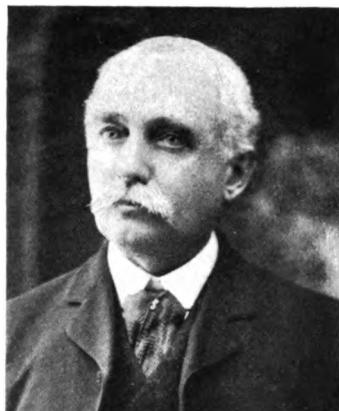
\***MARSHALL AYRES**, son of Marshall and Hannah (Lombard) Ayres, was born in Griggsville, Illinois, Feb. 20, 1839. He died in Newbury, New Hampshire, Aug. 12, 1906. His parents moved from Truro, Massachusetts, to Griggsville, Illinois, in 1835. On one side he was descended in a direct line from the Puritans of the Massachusetts Bay Colony, on the other from the Pilgrims of Plymouth.

In his boyhood he was fortunate in having a Harvard man for a teacher. From him he learned English thoroughly, so that he entered college better grounded in English than many of his classmates, although somewhat less carefully prepared in Latin and Greek. His letters were always models of good English. For two years, 1855 to 1857, he attended the preparatory school of William Brooks in Boston, but the last year before entering college he was taught at home with Lombard by the Rev. Henry M. Tupper, a graduate of Yale. He entered college at the Second Examination in 1859. Throughout his college course he was a good, but not brilliant, student, mastering thoroughly whatever he attempted. He was very desirous of becoming a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society, and was much gratified when he attained the object of his ambition.

In 1864 Ayres removed to Chicago, and, after a stay of four years in that city, came to New York in 1868. Here he was associated with Lombard, originally in a general commission business, but in a few years in the petroleum business exclusively. The name of the firm at first was Lombard, Stevens & Company, then Lombard & Ayres, and finally Lombard, Ayres & Company, Incorporated. For a number of years this business was conducted very successfully in active competition with the Standard Oil Company, which had not then obtained its present monopoly.



\*NATHAN APPLETON, \*1906



\*MARSHALL AYRES, \*1906



CHARLES HAZLETT BAGLEY





In 1889 this company was sold to the Tide Water Oil Company, and since that time the relations with the Standard Oil Company have been harmonious. For the last six or seven years Ayres has been Vice-President and New York Manager of the Elwell Mercantile Company, doing business mainly with Santiago, Cuba. Although engaged in business all of his life, it was never fully to his taste; he always preferred a literary or artistic life.

He was married June 11, 1868, to Louise Adelaide Sanderson, daughter of Levi Sanderson of Galesburg, Illinois. His wife died Sept. 2, 1887. He was again married, Oct. 30, 1889, to Frances Hastings Noble, daughter of Rev. Edward W. Noble of Cambridge, Massachusetts.

In the autumn of 1889 he went to Europe, making during eight or nine months an extended journey through France, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, England, and Scotland. As he travelled slowly he had ample opportunity to gratify his taste for pictures, visiting all the principal picture galleries of Europe. In Italy he met Bishop and had a very pleasant stay with him at Rome. He also met two of Fiske's sons in Italy. On his return home he took up his business life again and continued it until his death. He died of heart disease at Newbury, New Hampshire, on the shores of Lake Sunapee, Aug. 12, 1906, after a short illness. His widow and four daughters survive him.

He had not been present at Commencement for thirteen years, until last year, 1906. He was very much pleased to meet his classmates. After the Phi Beta Kappa dinner, talking with four of his classmates about the future, the desire to be present every year hereafter was expressed by all, as not many more years remained to them; to him not one. He died as he had lived, loved and respected by all who knew him.

Written by Lombard and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 26, 1907, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

CHARLES HAZLETT BAGLEY lives in Denver, Colorado, and his address is 1132 Fifteenth Street, same as in the last Class

Report, where he has practised dentistry for many years. He writes that he expects to move to Tampa, Florida, soon.

**ANDREW JACKSON BAILEY** has a law office at 43 Tremont Street, Boston, and lives in Roxbury. His wife died March 30, 1908.

He ceased to be Corporation Counsel of Boston July 1, 1904, after being at the head of the City's Law Department for twenty-three years. Since that time he has practised law, confining himself to corporation, probate, and equity cases, advising on municipal matters and other office work. He is President of the Trustees of the Howard Funds in West Bridgewater, Trustee of the Soldiers' Home in Massachusetts, Trustee of the Robert B. Brigham Hospital for Incurables. He writes that he is "trying hard to accept gracefully the position of a back number of seventy-three as well as a member of '63."

**GEORGE LEWIS BAXTER** lives at 27 Warren Avenue, Somerville, Massachusetts. He retired from teaching June 22, 1911, resigning the position of Head Master of the Latin High School, which he had held for forty-four years. He spent part of last winter (1912) in Bermuda, and expects to spend the last part of this winter (1913) in Florida.

In March, 1905, as a tribute to long and faithful services, one hundred and eighty leading citizens of Somerville, including the mayor and four former mayors, tendered a complimentary banquet at Young's Hotel to Baxter and to three other employees of the city.

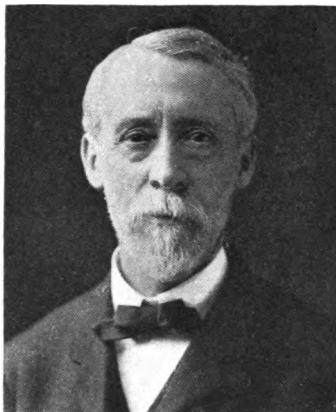
Baxter received the honorary degree Litt.D., Tufts College, 1905.

His son, Gregory Paul Baxter, Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Harvard College, married Amy Bailey Sylvester, daughter of John Edwards Sylvester and Clara A. (Bailey) Sylvester of Somerville, Massachusetts, June 2, 1906. They have a daughter, Elizabeth Paul Baxter, born Dec. 13, 1909.

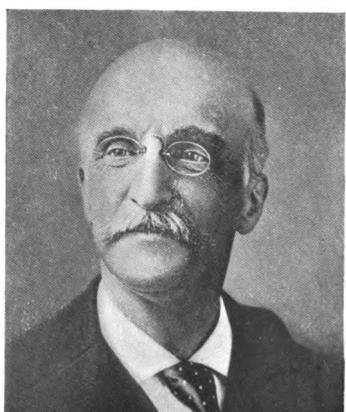
\***THOMAS WETMORE BISHOP**, son of Henry C. and Sophia (Gove) Bishop, was born in Boston, Aug. 27, 1840. He died in Auburndale, Massachusetts, Jan. 8, 1910.



ANDREW JACKSON BAILEY



GEORGE LEWIS BAXTER



\*THOMAS WETMORE BISHOP, \*1910





At the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1910, the following memorial was read by Drew, and the Class voted that it should be entered on our Records:

THOMAS WETMORE BISHOP was born on the 27th August, 1840. His birthplace was Boston; and a Bostonian he emphatically was — boy and man — all his days. His early childhood, his school and college career, and his professional activities belong to Boston; and the man as a whole typified the good breeding, the refined feeling, and the love of intellectual things which Boston justly claims as her distinction.

Bishop's father, Henry C. Bishop, was an Englishman. He was an only child; both his parents died when he was quite young, and he left no record of his family. He died in February, 1854, when Thomas, the youngest of his six living children, was but thirteen years old. These children were five sons and one daughter.

Bishop's mother, Sophia Gove, the daughter of Nathaniel Gove and Jane Stone, was one of twelve children. She lived to a good old age.

After the usual primary school, Bishop attended first the Adams (Grammar) and then in 1853 the Quincy School, under Master Valentine. From here he was graduated three years later, with the honor of a Franklin medal. In the autumn of the same year, 1856, he entered the Boston Latin School, which then stood in Bedford Street. Here he came under the powerful influence of that stern "man of truth and duty," as Phillips Brooks well characterized him, Master Francis Gardner. Mr. Gardner was harsh and exacting, — merciless with our shams and shortcomings, Bishop's among the rest. Mr. Gardner's precepts attended Bishop not through college alone but all his days.

Bishop was prepared for college in three years, and entered Harvard in September, 1859, at the age of nineteen. At school and college he was a diligent and painstaking student; and his faithfulness earned for him a respectable though not a distinguished rank in his class. Few men have made a wider circle of enduring friendships during this period of life than he.

The members of Bishop's family were devout communicants of the Methodist church in Bromfield Street, Boston; and this church he himself formally joined in July, 1858, — being then a schoolboy in his eighteenth year. From that time on he never swerved from the avowal and observance of the religious life. In college he was an earnest member of the "Christian Brethren" society; and at graduation he was chosen Class Chaplain. His loyalty to his religious profession ever commanded the respect of his classmates.

With characteristic freedom from bigotry, Bishop chose as the place for his theological course (1863-65) the Harvard Divinity School, although

it was then regarded as a Unitarian institution. His studies were interrupted in 1866 by a long voyage to the Mediterranean in a sailing-ship; but in 1867-68 he completed his training for the ministry with a year at Andover under the celebrated Professor Park.

Joining the New England Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Bishop held the following pastorates, etc.: 1868-70, Jamaica Plain; 1871-72, Florence, near Northampton; 1873-75, the Methodist Memorial Church connected with the Classical Seminary at Wilbraham; 1876-78, Watertown; 1879-81, Newtonville; 1882, Registrar of Boston University; 1883-85, Grace Church, Springfield; 1886-88, Wesley Church, Salem; 1891-95, Auburndale; 1897, Revere; 1898-1902, Newton Highlands; 1903 to the time of his death, Appleton Church, Neponset. Here is a career of forty-one years in the Christian ministry.

In the years 1889-90, *i. e.*, in the interval between the Salem and Auburndale pastorates, Bishop travelled seventeen months in Europe. During this journey he suffered a severe attack of fever in Rome, which impaired his health and made it imprudent for him thenceforth to undertake the pastorate of large churches. From this time on, therefore, he held less exacting posts than he had held before, serving in a series of churches near Boston, so that he might live with his brother and sister, who with himself constituted the family.

Looking to the merely visible results of his activity, we know that while Bishop was at Florence the foundations of a new church building were laid; and a church was built at Jamaica Plain during his pastorate there. While he was at Salem a new and beautiful church edifice was erected. At Newtonville and at Watertown considerable improvements in the Methodist churches were made in his time; and since he has been pastor in Neponset a thorough renovation of the church edifice has been effected, — in which undertaking the pastor was very efficient in raising money and in planning the work. At Springfield Bishop was instrumental in forming a flourishing Young Men's Class for Bible study, which had a membership of more than one hundred, and the example of which extended to other places. In 1886 at Springfield he was chosen a director in the School for training Christian Workers. The Wesley Church had the largest membership of any church in Salem. While at Watertown, Bishop served three years on the School Board. These details are given as the evidence of a useful and efficient life.

Bishop was essentially a Christian pastor. His work lay in guiding the people of his church individually towards the religious life and the spiritual peace preached by Wesley. His influence rested mainly on his personal contact with his parishioners. He had a special attraction for the young, — partly because he himself had a young and open heart, and partly because he saw that the young must become the life blood of the church's future power and value. He did not write for the press; he did

not give forth sensational utterances; he did not seek great or famous pulpits, — though it is true that he could have commanded even more prominent posts than were those which he actually held. He had no ambition to attract public attention, but was equally content with the inconspicuous station. One would not claim for him intellectual eminence in his profession. But none the less was he a remarkably forceful, persuasive, and sympathetic preacher. Bishop had exceptional personal qualities, a certain sympathy especially, which gave him intimacy and influence with his acquaintances, and won him friends in all with whom he came in contact. This power he aimed to exercise for their spiritual welfare. As Professor Townsend said at his funeral, it was *charity* — love — which stood out chiefly in his character. He was one of the most winning, companionable, lovable of men. His life has been a rare illustration of the intensest family affection. In every way a gentleman; in some ways even a man of the world, for with what man of the world was he not at once a welcome associate and at his ease? and yet temptations to do evil — even in our young days and amid free and easy companions — did not seem to touch him. Foibles, weaknesses, he certainly had, — many of us could name them; but we only smiled at these, and loved him not alone for his fine qualities but even for his faults.

The Class has lost one of its most genial natures. The profession of the ministry in greater Boston has lost an example of tolerance, of modesty, and of Christian charity; and the many men and women, young and old, ignorant and wise, rich and poor, powerful and lowly, who knew Bishop confess the passing of a warm and tender spirit, a friend who possessed a certain tact — a special gift — for winning their intimate companionship and confidence, and of drawing out to a rare degree the best that was in them.

Bishop died at his home in Auburndale on Saturday the 8th January. His brother having died two months before, the sister — the oldest of the three — alone survives.

ALBERT BLAIR has "continued to practise law with a fair degree of success" in St. Louis. He is a member of the firm of Holmes, Blair & Koerner, with office at 1654 Pierce Building. His residence is at 5052 Westminster Place. In 1903 he journeyed in Germany, Norway, Sweden, and Russia. In 1905 made a trip to Mexico. Besides these journeys, he has been four or five times to southern California, spending part of the winter there.

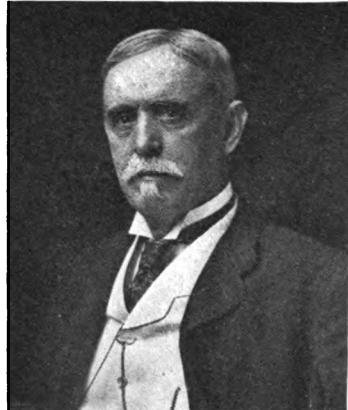
Since he moved to St. Louis in 1876 he has been engaged in practice in the state and federal courts, devoting his attention to general practice, though he has specialized largely in corporation

law. His taste for mechanical inventions, coupled with his knowledge of corporation affairs, has led him to co-operate in the establishment of several successful manufacturing companies based upon patented devices.

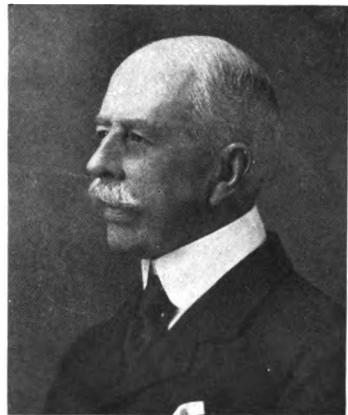
He is a Director in the Westinghouse Automatic Air and Steam Coupler Company, American Brake Company, Moon-Hopkins Billing Machine Company, Wagner Electric Manufacturing Company, and the Scott Drill Company. He is, or has been, a member of the National Good Roads Association and of the Apple Growers' Congress. He is also a member of the Historical Society, American Bar Association, the Missouri State Bar Association, the Law Library Association, the St. Louis Club, the Bellerive Country Club, and the City Club of St. Louis.

He was married Feb. 2, 1907, to Mrs. Clara May (Urquhart) Spencer, daughter of George and Margaret Urquhart of St. Louis, Missouri.

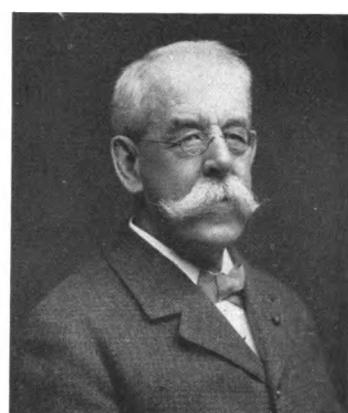
EDWARD DARLEY BOIT has been living in Paris the past winter at 2 Avenue Camoëns. The previous winter he passed in Boston, where he had an exhibition of his pictures, and many of them were acquired by the Art Museum. He still lives from May to November in his place in the mountains near Florence, Italy. He writes: "I have given up my house in Brookline and moved my household goods back to Paris, where I am re-established at the above address. Here I expect to be found during what remains to me of my life from November to May, and the rest of the year I shall be in my Tuscan convent in the mountains near Florence. I still mean to come to America now and then to pass a few of the winter months. My oldest son, aged thirteen is at school at St. George's, near Newport; my youngest, aged eleven, will probably go there in another year. Away from school they live with their grandparents, Captain and Mrs. William McCarty Little, in Newport. Captain Little is a retired officer of the U. S. Navy. Last year my two boys and their grandparents passed nearly three months with me and my daughters at Cernitoio (the name of my Italian convent) in the town



**ALBERT BLAIR**



**EDWARD DARLEY BOIT**



**CHARLES PICKERING BOWDITCH**



of Pelago, thirty miles from Florence and two thousand feet above it. I am still well and fairly active, a great lover of walking and of living, so far as possible, in the open air. Painting always absorbs me, and I always wonder (despite some success) that I should not do better than I do, what I do so much."

CHARLES PICKERING BOWDITCH lives in Jamaica Plain, and has an office at 111 Devonshire Street, Boston. His occupation is that of a trustee. He visited Mexico and southern California in 1904, and spent the winters at Santa Barbara, California, from 1904 to 1910. In 1910-11 he went to the Philippine Islands, China, Singapore, Java, and Japan. It is reassuring to know that he is a Justice of the Peace, and that his commission runs to March, 1917. He is a member of the Explorers' Club, New York.

His son, Ingersoll Bowditch (Harvard, 1897), was married on Oct 18, 1904, to Sylvia Church Scudder, daughter of Horace E. and Grace (Owen) Scudder. They have three children, viz.: Samuel Ingersoll Bowditch, born March 4, 1906; Sylvia Church Bowditch, born Aug. 19, 1910; Charles Pickering Bowditch, Jr., born Nov. 17, 1912. Franklin G. and Lucy Rockwell (Bowditch) Balch have a child in addition to those given in last report: Cornelia Balch, born Aug. 3, 1909.

Since the last Class Report he has issued the following publications:

Pamphlets:

"Notes on the Report of Teobert Maler," in "Memoirs of the Peabody Museum," Vol. II, No. II. Privately printed, Cambridge, 1903.

"A Suggestive Maya Inscription." Privately printed, Cambridge, 1903.

"Maya Nomenclature." Privately printed, Cambridge, 1906.

"The Temples of the Cross, of the Foliated Cross and of the Sun at Palenque." Privately printed, Cambridge, 1906.

Bound volumes:

"The Numeration, Calendar Systems and Astronomical Knowledge of the Mayas." Privately printed, Cambridge, 1910.

"The Connection of Francis Bacon with the First Folio of Shakespeare's

Plays and with the Books on Cipher of his time." Privately printed, Cambridge, 1910.

\* WINTHROP PERKINS BOYNTON was born in Boston, Aug. 29, 1841. He died in Grahamsville, South Carolina, Nov. 30, 1864.

See Report V (1888), page 30.

\* FREDERICK BROOKS was born in Boston, Aug. 5, 1842. He died in Boston, Sept. 15, 1874.

See Report V (1888), page 33.

\*JOHN MURRAY BROWN, son of James and Mary Ann (Perry) Brown, was born in Watertown, Massachusetts, May 4, 1842. He died in Belmont, Massachusetts, April 28, 1908, after a brief illness, from pneumonia. He was named after the eminent London publisher, John Murray, a friend of his father. His early education was obtained at Dixwell's School, where the careful preliminary training in Greek, Latin, and mathematics made the entrance examinations easy for his scholars.

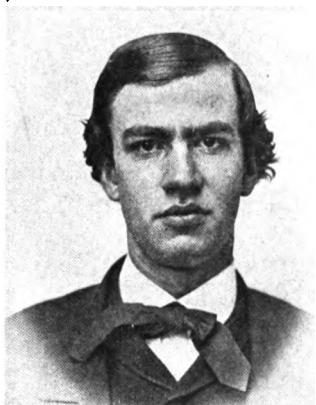
In his Freshman year Brown lived at the house of Mrs. A. H. Harris, but during the remainder of his college course he roomed in the yard with our late classmate William Greenough; at Hollis 8 and 10 in the Sophomore year; as Juniors in Hollis 29; and in their Senior year at 15 Holworthy, where the quarters were considered luxurious in those days, as indeed they were under the more simple standards that then prevailed.

He passed through college with credit, and while not a high scholar, he was a discriminating student and reader especially of the English Classics, and he began early to collect a fine library and to acquire a knowledge of authors and books which prepared him for the business of his life.

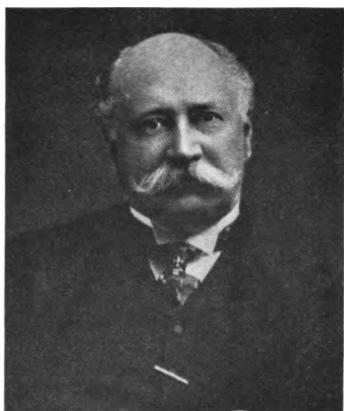
Brown was eminently social in his tastes, and made many close and intimate friendships that continued through life. He was a member of the Institute of 1770, of the Delta Kappa Epsilon and Alpha Delta Phi Fraternities, and was Librarian of the Hasty Pudding Club.



\*WINTHROP PERKINS BOYNTON, \*1864



\*FREDERICK BROOKS, \*1874



\*JOHN MURRAY BROWN, \*1908





Immediately after graduation he found employment with the publishing house of Little & Brown, of which his father was one of the founders; and so valuable were his services that he became a partner on Feb. 1, 1868, when he was twenty-five years old.

His home was always in Belmont, and on Oct. 30, 1873, he was married to Caroline Lamson, daughter of Charles Lamson of New York City. They had six children.

Before reaching the age of fifty Brown had become the senior member of his firm, and he continued in this honorable position to the end of his life. In this connection the following letter from the senior partner of a distinguished publishing house gives an impression of Brown's standing among his business associates:

May 13th, 1908.  
4 PARK STREET, BOSTON.

. . . As you know, Brown's personality was always attractive, and I think this was widely recognized among his employees and business associates, as well as among all booksellers and publishers brought within his reach. His father ranked among the very first booksellers and publishers of his day, and his son Murray (he was named as you know after his father's London friend, John Murray) had a thorough training in all departments of the business, through the several ranks of which he passed successfully, until he reached the position of senior partner, one which he held for many years. As his firm, Little, Brown & Co., maintained in great measure the prestige of their earlier years, and this during a period of great competition and change, I think John Murray Brown should be credited with this success, which must largely have been due to him.

He was not aggressive or prominent in trade matters, although always most attentive to his business obligations; perhaps a love for his home comforts and pleasures, for he had a most attractive library to which he was devoted, kept him from assuming a leadership for which he was in many ways equipped both by nature and training.

However that may have been, his firm always enjoyed the respect and confidence of the booksellers and publishers of the country, and "Jack" Brown was universally known as its active senior partner.

Sincerely yours,

G. H. M.

In the spring of 1898 Brown made a pleasant journey to Europe, but he took few intervals of recreation in his long business career and had no ambition for office. From March, 1883, however, he

was for twenty years Trustee of the Belmont Public Library, and its Secretary and Chairman all of that time.

In his personal relations Brown's life was a very happy one. He was held in the highest regard by a large circle of friends, to whom he was loyal and devoted. To his old classmates, as the opportunities for meeting have become less and less frequent, he was especially attached. One, whom we all remember with affection, James Lewis Pearce, formerly of Maysville, Kentucky, now of Kansas City, writes as follows:

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 9, 1908.

DEAR L.

I am greatly shocked and pained to learn of the recent death of our classmate and friend, Jack Brown, for I realize in his loss the termination of one of the pleasantest friendships of my life. It antedated our college days, and has survived throughout the intervening years despite time and distance.

In this connection I recall particularly the warmth of his welcome when I re-visited Boston three years ago after a long interval, and his genial companionship on that occasion comes to my mind now with renewed satisfaction, as it was allotted to be our last meeting.

"Let fate do her worst, there are moments of joy,  
Bright dreams of the past which she cannot destroy,  
Which come in the night time of sorrow and care  
And bring back the visions that hope used to wear."

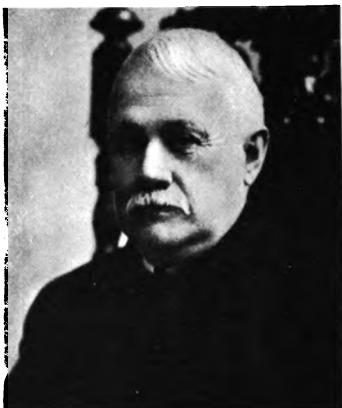
Faithfully yours,

J. L. PEARCE.

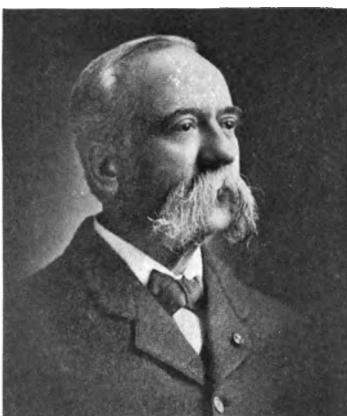
The foregoing sketch was written by Mason and was read at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 24, 1908, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

MELVIN BROWN has an office at 166 Montague Street, and lives at 215 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. He retired from business several years ago. For several years he operated rather largely in real estate, but three or four years ago he sold all out and has not since engaged in any active business outside of investments. He usually spends from early June to late Oc-



MELVIN BROWN



\*HASWELL CORDIS CLARKE, \*1901



FREDERICK COBB





tober in European travel, and expects to do the same this year. His last two visits have been devoted to Denmark, Norway, Sweden, including the North Cape. He writes: "With my wife and children all included we formed a merry party. My little grandchild and namesake was the most energetic traveller of the bunch, and whether in the climb up the Cape, or in the tramp over the mountains from Lauterbrunnen to Grindelwald in Switzerland, he was sure to be in the lead. He will some day make a hustling Harvard man. Copenhagen in particular was interesting to all of us. I was there during the opera season and had my fill of good music.

"I retain my interest in music and also in the game of checkers, to which I became devoted while at Harvard through association with Boston experts. I have since met and become acquainted with all the best players in the world, and I have collected, probably, the largest library in existence upon the game, containing all printed books, magazines, a hundred newspaper files, and a manuscript collection of upwards of one hundred thousand different games and variations.

"My health keeps good, and I remain always, fraternally yours, etc."

His daughter, Susan Elizabeth Brown, was married on March 28, 1906, at Lakewood, New Jersey, to Engr. Lieut. John Wisdom (son of William) of the British Navy, and is now living in London.

\* HASWELL CORDIS CLARKE was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts, Sept. 28, 1842. He died in Kankakee, Illinois, Jan. 16, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 21.

FREDERICK COBB has an office for his law practice at 166 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. He lives at 38 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn.

His son, Percy Low Cobb, entered Stevens Institute of Technology, 1905, after preparation at Brooklyn High School, graduated in 1909 with degree of M.E., and is now an electrical engineer.

His daughter, Mary Ethel Cobb, graduated at Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, 1909, as an architect.

AUGUSTE COMTE is still practising law in San Francisco. His office address is 333 Kearny Street, where he has been located since the great fire of 1906. His residence is at 3851 Clay Street. He has made no journeys except in the summer with his family to Lake Tahoe and the upper Sacramento River.

Some extracts from a letter received from Comte shortly after the destruction of San Francisco in 1906 may still have interest for his classmates:

WOODSIDE, SAN MATEO Co., CAL., May 8, 1906.

. . . Yes, my house in the city was saved from fire. It is in a half block that was saved in that district. The fire came within sixty feet of it in all directions. The only damage was in cracked windows. The earthquake, however, knocked off the chimneys, and my other buildings in the Western Avenue section were hit very hard and knocked out of plumb. My country house here was cut in two by falling chimneys. To-day I opened my fireproof (?) safe, and found only a pile of ashes. And yet it might have been worse. My wife and children slept on the hillside on the second day of the fire, and the next morning I paid one hundred dollars to a "highbinder" of a teamster to bring my family and baggage to Redwood City, twenty-nine miles distant, which hundred dollars I borrowed from my cook, as ready money was scarce that morning and although the house at Woodside was badly damaged, it was a comfortable place compared to the hillside residence, and as we had a cow with fresh milk for the children, and as my credit was good at the cross-road stores, we got along splendidly as compared with average humanity. . . . Words cannot describe the terrible desolation around us, but we are up and doing. Californians are made of fighting material, and we intend to live it out. . . .

Since 1899 Comte has held the office of Supervisor for the city and county of San Francisco for nine years and a half, four terms of two years each by election, and once by appointment for eighteen months, by Edward R. Taylor, reform mayor, after the graft prosecution.

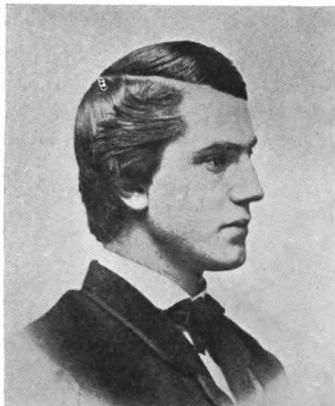
Since the last Class Report Comte has had two more children: Madeline, born Nov. 15, 1904, and Louis, born Nov. 19, 1906.



AUGUSTE COMTE



\*WILLIAM DWIGHT CRANE, \*1864



FREDERIC CROMWELL





All four children of his second marriage attend the Sacred Heart Academy in San Francisco.

\* WILLIAM DWIGHT CRANE was born in Boston, Nov. 29, 1840. He died in Grahamsville, South Carolina, Nov. 30, 1864.

See Report V (1888), page 42.

FREDERIC CROMWELL. His address is 32 Nassau Street, New York City. He still has his farm at Bernardsville, New Jersey. Has gradually withdrawn from business. Has travelled much abroad, chiefly in Egypt, Greece, Italy, and France. His wife, Esther Husted Cromwell, died May 20, 1909.

He has a third grandchild, Whitney Cromwell, born Nov. 28, 1904.

THADDEUS MARSHALL BROOKS CROSS still practises the profession of medicine at 352 West 28th Street, New York City.

He writes in February, 1913: "No change since 1903. I have been in this city practising my profession, except a few weeks every summer, for the past ten years, which I have passed in the White Mountains or some part of New Hampshire, except the summer of 1909, when I took a trip in August to Chautauqua, and from there to Washington by the way of Meadville and Harrisburg, where I passed ten days, thence to Annapolis and Baltimore, and back to New York. The summer of 1911 I went to Tamworth, New Hampshire, and in August took a trip to Canada by the way of Lake George and Lake Champlain. Visited Montreal, Lachine Rapids, Quebec, St. Anne de Beaupré, Montmorency Falls, Sebago Lake, Maine, and all the beaches from Portland, Maine, to Newburyport, Massachusetts. Then by trolley to Springfield, Massachusetts, thence to Stockbridge and return to Springfield by rail, and thence by trolley to New York. A delightful trip.

"My uncle, Rev. Joseph Warren Cross, died in August, 1906, at the age of ninety-eight years and two months. He was the sole survivor of the Class of 1828 of Harvard College, and the oldest living graduate up to the time of his death, as well as the oldest Congregational clergyman in the United States.

"The even tenor of my life has brought to me few events worthy of record, but it has brought to me peace of mind and a feeling of good will toward all mankind.

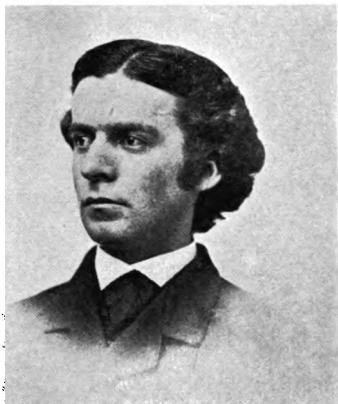
"If this brief biographical record be acceptable I shall be more than pleased."

\*JEREMIAH CURTIN, son of David and Ellen (Furlong) Curtin, was born in Greenfield, near Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Sept. 6, 1838. He died in Bristol, Vermont, Dec. 14, 1906.

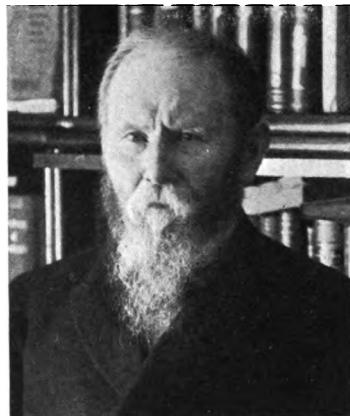
Curtin's studious inclinations declared themselves even in boyhood. When the day's farm work was done, he turned by night to his books. His eagerness to acquire foreign tongues led him to pick up the speech of the immigrants and their children,— Polish, German, Norwegian, etc.,— to be met with about his Wisconsin home. It would thus seem that throughout his career — which was devoted to learning at first hand all he could of whatever languages and peoples he might reach, the rarer and more remote the better — Curtin was but pursuing the course for which Nature had so plainly sealed him (as she does seal some men) at the beginning.

Having been prepared for the University at Carroll College, Wisconsin, and at Phillips Exeter Academy, Curtin joined the Harvard Class of 1863 in its Sophomore year, being then twenty-two years old, and more mature than most of his classmates. While at Cambridge his student life was rather quiet, diligent, and inconspicuous; given mainly to study for the love of it, and but little to the formation of a considerable circle of lasting friendships. Fiske and Comte were perhaps his chief companions. After college days a roving student of peoples and tongues, in out-of-the-way places, we never saw Curtin at Commencement save in 1888, our twenty-fifth anniversary, and in 1902. But he must have always loved the old associations of Harvard; he dedicated four of his translated books to classmates Fiske, Comte, J. M. Brown, and Greenhalge; and one of his folk-lore works was dedicated to Professor Child.

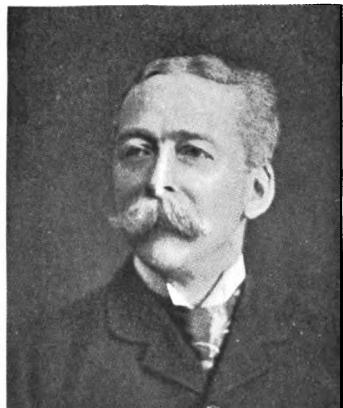
The first year after graduation Curtin spent in New York



THADDEUS MARSHALL BROOKS CROSS



\*JEREMIAH CURTIN, \*1906



\*GEORGE STACKPOLE DABNEY, \*1900



studying law and languages, — among others Russian, of which he read four thousand pages and attained also a remarkable speaking facility. In October, 1864, he was appointed Secretary of the American Legation at St. Petersburg, a post which he held till 1869. He became quite prominent in the diplomatic corps at that capital for his command of Russian, — making a number of speeches on official occasions in the chief Russian cities, and even attracting the attention of the Emperor himself as well as of other eminent personages. At the same time he indulged his passion for travel and for languages, — visiting Southern Russia and Trans-Caucasia and studying Polish, Bulgarian, Serbian, and Bohemian. It was perhaps at this time that he studied Hungarian also. At the Huss celebration in Prague in 1869 he replied in Bohemian and in Russian, on behalf of the foreign visitors, to the Mayor's address of welcome.

He remained and travelled in Europe until 1871, during which period he would seem to have been interested in Slav politics, and to have done more or less writing for the press. It may be remarked here that his translation of Sienkiewicz's "The Deluge," is dedicated to the late Charles A. Dana of the "Sun."

Curtin was in America in 1871 and 1872. In July of the latter year he married Miss Alma M. Cardelle of Warren, Vermont, who survives him. The next four years Curtin passed in Europe, some part of the time being in London, and some part in Tiflis in the Caucasus, where he studied Mingrelian and Abkhazian.

From 1877 till 1891, excepting a few months in 1887, Curtin was in America. His attention was devoted, as ever, to languages and dialects, — at this period to those of the American Indians especially, upon whose folk-lore he bestowed many years of investigation. In 1883 he became connected with the Bureau of Ethnology at the Smithsonian, retaining this position till 1891, while even after that date he continued to do special work for the same institution. Much of the results obtained in this period are to be seen only in the Smithsonian's publications. At this time he travelled a good deal in America, in 1883 visiting western New York, and in 1884-85 the Indian Territory, and subsequently the Indians of northern California and Oregon, collecting vocabularies

and myths. The latter part of 1885 and the whole of 1886 were spent at Washington, in collating results; *i. e.*, classifying the tribes of California and Alaska according to language, and determining the boundaries of the several groups of Esquimaux from Behring Sea to the east coast of Greenland.

Meanwhile, in 1887 he availed himself of a six months' holiday in Europe for gathering Gaelic myths in Ireland. These myths were subsequently published, as will be seen below. In 1889 Curtin is heard from as having been living for fifteen months with a primitive tribe of Indians in the north of California; and it may be mentioned here that during part of his stay in this lonely region he occupied himself with translating Sienkiewicz's novels "With Fire and Sword" and "The Deluge."

Before turning to the subject of Curtin's *translations* of Polish and Russian novels (which, though they cannot be called "original," yet brought him his widest fame) it will conduce to clearness first to present here, in immediate connection with what has preceded, a list of his principal published work relating to myths and folk-lore, — this subject having absorbed his chief attention, as we have above seen, down into the early nineties, though his interest in it never ceased. These books — constituting Curtin's *original* work — are as follows:

1. "Myths and Folk Lore of Ireland," Little, Brown & Company, 1890. This book, which Curtin calls his first contribution to the ancient lore of the Kelts, he dedicated (writing in November, 1889, from the Cascade Mountain, State of Washington) to Major Powell, Director of the Bureau of Ethnology.
2. "Myths and Folk Tales of the Russians, Western Slavs, and Magyars," Little, Brown & Company, 1890, dedicated to Professor Child in warm words of admiration for that noble man and fine scholar and of love for Harvard.
3. "Hero Tales of Ireland," Little, Brown & Company, 1894, dedicated to John Morley. (One of these tales, Curtin says, was told him by a man over a hundred years old.)
4. "Tales of the Irish Fairies," Little, Brown & Company, 1895. (Besides these tales there was also made a further collection which appeared in the Sunday issues of the "New York Sun.")
5. "Creation Myths of Primitive America, and their Relation to the Religious and Mental History of Mankind," 1898.

With the foregoing works properly belongs also a still later one of a kindred character, *viz.*:

6. "The Customs, Religion, and Myths of the Buriats" (Mongols), which was one of the fruits of Curtin's journey through Eastern Asia in 1900, and which was not quite finished at the time of his death.

To the above list, which, as above stated, constitutes Curtin's *original* work (as distinguished from his translations), should here be added two others, *viz.*:

7. "The Mongols," and
8. "A History of Russia to the Time of John the Terrible."

The first named was within three weeks of completion, and the other had been written and partly corrected when the author's projects were interrupted by death. It remains to be seen in what form and when these works will see the light.

We now take up a new chapter in our classmate's career, — his Polish and Russian translations. We have already remarked his astonishing mastery of Russian and other Slav languages achieved in the first ten years after he left college. Of this attainment the English-reading world was now to witness the admirable results, beginning with the decade of the nineties.

While he was in the Smithsonian, some time in the eighties, Curtin read in a Polish magazine in Washington a notice of Henryk Sienkiewicz, the Polish historical novelist, and of the first two works of his trilogy — now so well known — "With Fire and Sword" and "The Deluge." These books he sent for and read, and then translated. A part of this task was done in 1889 as a sort of recreation while — together with his wife, who was ever his companion — Curtin was living among the Indians of northern California. These two translations were published by Little, Brown & Company in 1890 and 1894; and in the latter year appeared also the third of the series, "Pan Michael." The dedication of "Pan Michael" to J. M. Brown was written on Valentia Island, off the west coast of Ireland.

While the translation of this Polish series of Sienkiewicz's was appearing, there also came out (in 1892) Curtin's translation of

the Russian historical novel of Count Alexis Tolstoi, entitled "Prince Serebryani," published by the Dodd Mead Company. This book contains an Historical Introduction, which was written while Curtin was engaged upon Irish folk-lore in County Kerry, Ireland.

In 1895 appeared "Children of the Soil," translated from Sienkiewicz, in the introduction to which Curtin writes thus of himself:

The translation was made in many places, in different countries, at various intervals, and at moments snatched from other work. I began "Children of the Soil" in Cahirciveen, Ireland, and continued it in London, Edinburgh, Fort William near the foot of Ben Nevis, Rome, Naples, and Florence, Tsarskoe Selo, Russia, and South Uist, an island of the Outer Hebrides!

Passing over "Yanko the Musician and Other Stories," 1893, and "Lillian Morris and Other Stories," 1894, we reach Sienkiewicz's "Quo Vadis," which, translated into vivid, powerful English, Curtin introduced to the English-reading world in 1896, and of which it is enough to say that one million copies are stated to have been sold. This success gave to our classmate a far wider fame than he had hitherto achieved. The dedication of the book is to Comte, and the Introduction is dated in June, 1896, from Ilom in North Guatemala.

Other books by Sienkiewicz which Curtin translated are:

"Hania," 1897, Little, Brown & Company.

"On the Bright Shore," 1898, Little, Brown & Company.

"The Knights of the Cross," 1900, Little, Brown & Company.

(The frontispiece consists of a picture of Sienkiewicz and Curtin, author and translator, together, taken in Warsaw.)

"Sielanka, a Forest Picture and Other Stories," 1899, Little, Brown & Company; and

"In Vain," 1899, Little, Brown & Company. The Introduction is dated at Jerusalem in March, 1899.

From the Polish Curtin also translated —

"The Argonauts," 1901, C. Scribner's Sons, — a novel, by Eliza Orzeszkowa,

whom Curtin describes as "the greatest authoress among all the Slav peoples;" and

"The Pharaoh and the Priest," by Glovatsky, 1902, Little, Brown & Company.

The Introduction was written in July, 1902, in Bristol, Vermont. This story, which is Egyptian, contains photographs taken by Curtin in Egypt in 1899. In one of the photographs is a portrait of our classmate.

From the Russian, besides Alexis Tolstoi's "Prince Serebryani," already mentioned, Curtin translated —

Gogol's "Taras Bulba," 1886, T. Y. Crowell; and  
Zagoskin's "Tales of Three Centuries," 1891, Little, Brown & Company (dedicated to Fiske's son).

While this translating and publishing was going on — in the last decade and in the current one — Curtin managed as usual to do no little travelling about the world. In 1892 and 1893 he was in Ireland collecting folk-tales; in 1896 and 1897 he was in Ilom, North Guatemala; later he visited Greece, Egypt, Palestine, and Turkey. In 1900 he went around the world by way of Siberia, the Amoor, China, Japan, and the Hawaiian Islands. For his nearly finished books on "The Mongols" and "The Customs, etc., of the Buriats" we have to thank in part this journey, during which Curtin lingered three months with the Buriats.

His death was a surprise; it followed an illness of two months' duration, up to almost the very end of which period recovery had been confidently expected.

In looking back over the working life of our classmate as visible to all the world, the features which chiefly strike the attention are these: the wide and wild range of his journeyings — in Europe, in North America, and in Asia, three continents; his original and productive researches in the languages and in the folk-lore of two races of men — the Indians of North America and the Slavs; and lastly his powerful English interpretations of several of the finest productions in modern Slav literature. No

one can read "Quo Vadis" — and who has not read it? — without the conviction that the translator has contributed what is finest and most vigorous in our own language to match worthily the deep and lasting impressions left upon the memory by the glowing imagination of the author.

Curtin's linguistic capacity was surely marvellous, — placing him perhaps in the front rank of the few men who have possessed a working acquaintance with several tens of languages. To judge from his many journeys and varied writings, his industry and celerity must have been unusual. Only a man eminently capable of "roughing it" — even Bohemian in the joy of the crudest surroundings and most unpalatable conditions of living — could have accomplished so much as he did, amid the worse than discomforts of peasant huts, Indian villages, and Mongol tents. And Curtin was Bohemian in many ways.

We must yield to those who know the Russian and Polish languages the privilege of offering a judgment on Curtin's merits as a translator; but to the exquisite quality of his written English we have the invaluable testimony of John Fiske, whose own delightful style is so universally known.

Curtin had no children, and his wife was able to be the companion of his remote and varied journeyings.

From Denny's graphic appreciation of Curtin, published in the March, 1907, number of the "Harvard Graduates' Magazine," the writer cannot refrain from transcribing the last paragraph. After quoting from one of Curtin's own note-books a passage which he writes about himself, which ends thus:

" . . . the two sides between which I must choose were on the one hand a useful and pleasant but circumscribed life, a life mainly personal and pleasant, devoted to things local, special; and on the other a life in which I might work for great results,"

he draws the following characterization of our classmate:

Here, in [Curtin's] own words we have the clue to his remarkable career, so far as the man's own tastes and inclinations and instincts were responsible for it. At the bottom of all was his desire to learn. His vigorous mind and wonderful memory craved exercise. His love for all humanity

and his deep enjoyment of nature prompted him to put himself in connection with, to see, to know, to understand, all people, particularly all primitive people. To do this he must speak their languages. Finding that he had a unique faculty for acquiring, almost divining, the speech of men, his work in life seemed to be cut out for him. He was to unlock treasure-houses for the pleasure and instruction of his fellow-men, which no key but his would fit.

The coming of the end found Curtin at his home in Bristol engaged upon his Mongol and Buriat works. A picture of Jeremiah Curtin taken in his library in 1906 may be seen in the issue already cited of the "Harvard Graduates' Magazine."

Written by Drew and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 26, 1907; and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

\*GEORGE STACKPOLE DABNEY was born in the island of Fayal, Nov. 25, 1842. He died in Boston, Sept. 3, 1900.

See Report VII (1903), page 24.

\*MOSES GRANT DANIELL, son of George Keith and Hannah Adams (Grant) Daniell, was born in Boston, Sept. 9, 1836. He died in Boston (Roxbury), Oct. 18, 1909. He fitted for college at Mr. Allen's school in Newton. From August, 1863, until Nov. 19, 1864, he was sub-master in the Roxbury Latin School. At this latter date he became master of the Everett (Grammar) School in Dorchester, where he continued until Sept. 1, 1867, when he returned to Roxbury to become again sub-master in the Roxbury Latin School. In April, 1884, he resigned his position in the Roxbury Latin School, having formed a partnership with William H. Ladd for the management of Chauncy-Hall School in Boston. In June, 1896, he withdrew from the management of Chauncy-Hall School and accepted a position in the editorial department of Ginn & Company, publishers, Boston, where he remained for the rest of his life. Daniell was a member of the Class Committee of our Class from 1904 until the time of his death. He omitted being present at our Class meet-

ings at Cambridge on Commencement Day only twice in the forty-six years between our graduation and his death, and those two years were 1865 and 1870. He was the oldest member of the Class. He was twice married. His first wife died in 1865. He was married, July 24, 1872, to Mary Fifield Porter, daughter of Thomas Brastow Porter of Weymouth, who, with three daughters, survived him.

At the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1910, the following sketch of Daniell's life, prepared by Allen, was read, and the Class voted that it should be entered on our Records:

Our classmate, MOSES GRANT DANIELL, passed away suddenly on Monday, Oct. 18, 1909. He was, as we all know, a man of singularly pure character, a loyal and devoted member of his Class, and conspicuously, faithful in various musical, literary, and charitable organizations. He had a distinguished reputation as a school teacher at the Roxbury Latin School for seventeen years, and at Chauncy-Hall School, of which he was Principal for twelve years.

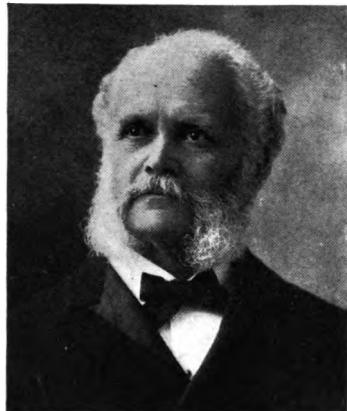
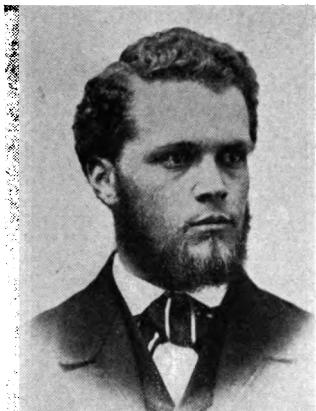
He has been the author of many educational works, and was identified in late years with the firm of Ginn & Company, publishers. Here he was joint editor with Professor Greenough of Harvard of a number of Latin textbooks. His edition of "Macaulay's Lays of Ancient Rome" is said to be the best that has ever been published for school use, and at his death he was engaged with Professor Black of Boston University in preparing a new edition of Hudson's Shakespeare. He was an active member of many educational associations.

Among the most prominent of his interests were those of a literary and musical character. He was President of a Shakespeare society, and for more than thirty years was identified with the Handel and Haydn Society, of which for twenty-six years he was Treasurer.

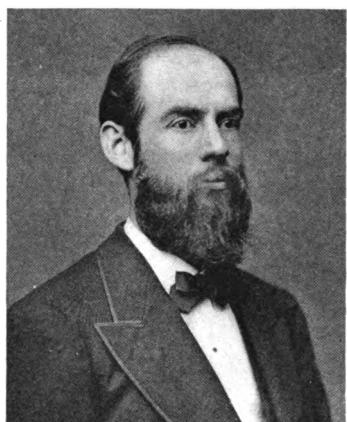
Daniell was one of the Executive Committee of the Episcopal City Mission for many years, and for four years, from 1901 to 1905, was Secretary of the committee.

He was a vestryman of St. James' Church, Roxbury, whose services he attended with exemplary constancy. On the day preceding his death he passed the plate for the offering of the congregation.

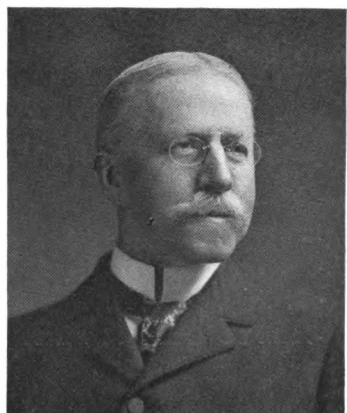
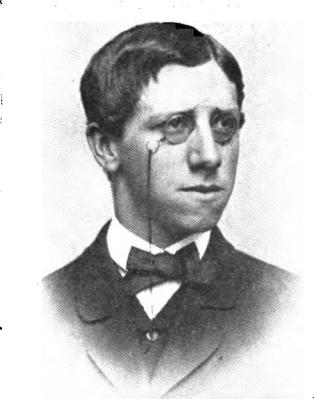
Moses Grant Daniell was one of the most faithful attendants at all our Class meetings. He was loyal to every institution with which he was connected and was in full possession of all his powers when he was taken away. One of the firm of Ginn & Company writes of him: "He was a wise, skillful, most helpful colleague. The end came while he was in the midst of a



\*MOSES GRANT DANIELL, \*1909



\*SAMUEL CRAFT DAVIS, \*1874



CLARENCE HOLBROOK DENNY





large and important work with no decline of his intellectual power, and to the last his work was of the highest quality. He leaves a hard place to fill."

In the recent annual Episcopal Convention Daniell was mentioned as one of the founders of our diocesan educational system. He was deeply interested in the system and gave it much careful thought. He leaves behind him the memory of a noble, cultivated, and Christian gentleman.

\* SAMUEL CRAFT DAVIS was born in St. Louis, Missouri, March 10, 1842. He died in Boston, Oct. 10, 1874.

See Report V (1888), page 55.

CLARENCE HOLBROOK DENNY has an office at 23 Central Street, Boston, and has lived in Boston or thereabout the whole of the past ten years. While not engaged in active business he manages to keep busy in looking after his own affairs and those of some others more or less connected with him. He has made no journeys, his wanderings having been as a rule confined to going back and forth between Dedham and Boston, or Marblehead and Boston, with an occasional visit to New York. His life has been an uneventful one, and, being still a bachelor, he has none of those interesting vital statistics to record which are the mainstay and backbone of a Class Report.

EDWARD BANGS DREW lives at 19 Craigie Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Beginning in April, 1902, he lived four years at Foochow, South China, a port renowned for its tea trade. He was still, as for many years, Commissioner (or Collector) of Customs from the Foreign Trade; and to this function had been added in 1901 the control of the Native Customs, with jurisdiction over the coastwise junk traffic. This latter task was novel and interesting. Measures of reform had to be introduced, — which at first were regarded by Chinese local officials, merchants, and junk owners with disfavor. The duties were collected without serious friction, however, and the necessary reforms gradually won general acceptance. By way of acknowledgment, in February, 1904, Drew was awarded by the Imperial Government the decoration

of the Double Dragon, Second Division, Second Class. "The insignia," he says, "if I should wear them, would strike classmates as sufficiently conspicuous and formidable, to say nothing of their barbaric look rather than their artistic design. I value them as marking approval of ticklish work, carried through in the face of hostile prejudice and adverse 'olo custom.'"

At this period he was also "District Postmaster," i. e. organizer of the new Chinese postal service in the northern half of Fukien Province, an area of twenty-five thousand square miles, with a population of perhaps six millions. The task was to train Chinese to be postmasters, to establish postal routes, and to open and maintain native post offices in the chief cities and towns of the district,—a constructive undertaking quite unheard of before and of permanent public benefit.

For making a collection of exhibits of local products and manufactures for the exposition held at Hanoi in 1903, in French Cochinchina, he received in August, 1907, the decoration of Officier de l'Ordre Royal du Cambodge.

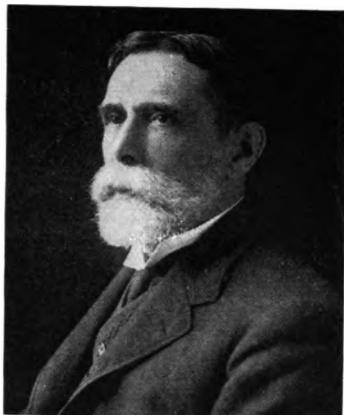
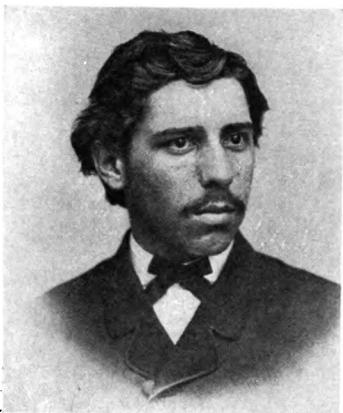
On the first of June, 1906, Drew entered once more on "long leave." The Chinese at Foochow knew that he did not expect to return to the East; "and according to the too kind custom of the country," he writes, "they honored my departure with honorific tablets and red umbrellas, and escorted me to the embarkation with perilous and bewildering salvos of fire-crackers."

Drew got home in August, and settled in Cambridge, wishing to be near Harvard as well as to enjoy the daily society of children and grandchildren and of his and their many and good friends.

He retired at the end of September, 1908, with the expiration of his leave, having been in the Chinese service just forty-three years.

In 1909 he spent five months in England, partly in looking up old China friends. Among them he visited his life-long chief, Sir Robert Hart, and bade him farewell—alas! for the last time. He died near London a twelvemonth later.

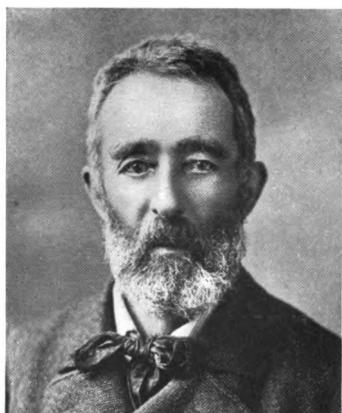
In November, 1909, Drew returned to Cambridge to take up a new appointment offered by the Government of the Chinese province of Chihli. He became "Director of Peiyang Students,"



**EDWARD BANGS DREW**



**HENDERSON JOSIAH EDWARDS**



**CHARLES EMERSON**





a group of over forty Chinese young men studying in various American schools and colleges. He held this office until July 31, 1912, when he resigned. The group had gradually fallen, with the completion of their studies in this country, to about half its original number, and it was evident that a special director for the few men still remaining here was not required.

Drew is a member of the corporation of the newly instituted "Harvard Medical School of China" at Shanghai, and the Chairman of its executive committee. In 1903 his daughter Kathleen entered Radcliffe College from the Newton High School. She graduated in 1907.

In 1907 his son, Lionel Edward, entered Harvard from the Newton High School, and graduated in 1911. He is now in business for Messrs. Stone & Webster, in Savannah, Georgia.

On June 8, 1905, at Foochow, China, his daughter Elsa Caroline was married to John Patrick Mackintosh of Newtownards, near Belfast, Ireland. They now live at Batavia, Java (Hongkong and Shanghai Bank).

He has a second grandchild, Edward Sturges Babbitt, born June 12, 1903.

HENDERSON JOSIAH EDWARDS has an office at 30 Court Street, and lives at 19 Allston Street, Boston, and is still engaged in the practice of law.

CHARLES EMERSON. His address now is Southold, Suffolk County, New York, near the eastern end of Long Island.

He writes last July: "I could wish all the world over seventy might be so placed as I am by the sea — which, really a shallow bay (Sag Harbor) is iced up and peopled only by wild fowl in winter." And again in January: "You poor dwellers in the city don't know the charm of winter in the country. This afternoon a chilly south wind has been blowing, and now the wavelets in the bay are making music. Last year the bay was tight closed with ice all January and February."

His mother's name was Susan Haven Emerson (not Sarah, as incorrectly given in Report V (1888)). He was married Sept. 18,

1871, at the American Consulate, Berne, Switzerland, to Theresia Steiner of Veszprém, Hungary. He bought a small property with vineyard in St. Aubin, Canton Neuchâtel, Switzerland, not in *France*, as given in Report V.

His wife died Dec. 7, 1910. Oct. 31 to Nov. 3, 1911, he made a journey from Concord, Massachusetts, to his present abiding place by wagon, taking his household goods with him, bringing out all the small boys and most of the rest of the population to see the caravan as it toiled over the hills of Massachusetts and Connecticut, Worcester, Putnam, Central Village, Norwich, to New London. Good roads, but heavy grades for a team.

\* LOCKE ETHERIDGE was born in Warren, New York, Dec. 11, 1837. He died in New York City, Nov. 5, 1865.

See Report V (1888), page 66.

\* SAMUEL EDWARDS EVANS was born in Fitchburg, Massachusetts, May 17, 1841. He died in Chelsea, Massachusetts, Nov. 16, 1891.

See Report VI (1893), page 22.

CHARLES STEBBINS FAIRCHILD lives at 35 Fifth Avenue, New York City, from January to May, and at Cazenovia, New York, from May to January. He calls his occupation that of a farmer, but says he is much occupied as Governor and Chairman of Building Committee of Harvard Club of New York.

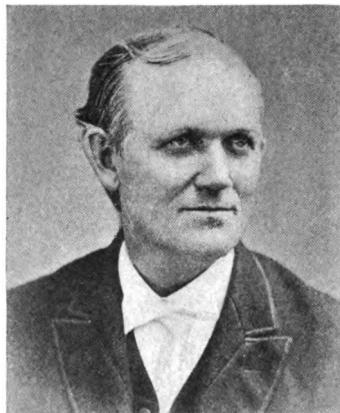
He has spent one winter since the last Class Report in Rome and Italy. In June, 1909, he went to Aix les Bains, and afterwards to Switzerland, Venice, St. Moritz, London, and Ireland, returning in November.

He has published nothing except a speech about Woman Suffrage, which was issued in pamphlet form in the summer of 1912.

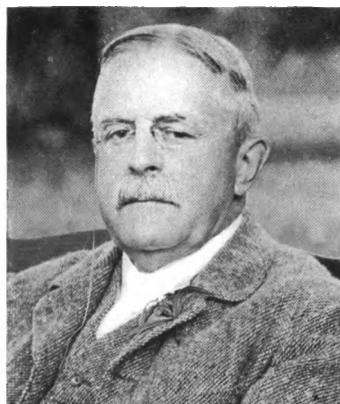
WILLIAM GIBSON FIELD continues practising law at 139 Enfield Street, Enfield, Hartford County, Connecticut. He saved the autonomy of Enfield and of the Enfield post office in 1904 by



\*LOCKE ETHERIDGE, \*1865

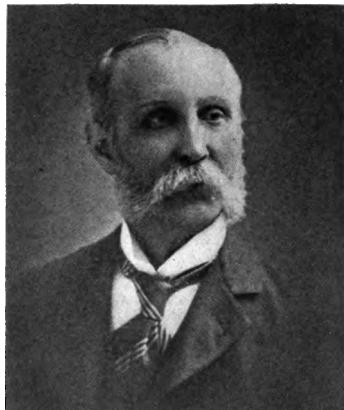


\*SAMUEL EDWARDS EVANS, \*1891



CHARLES STEBBINS FAIRCHILD

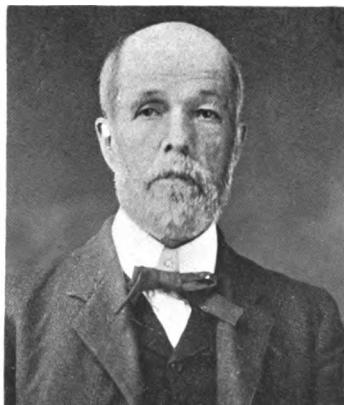




**WILLIAM GIBSON FIELD**



**\*JOHN FISKE, \*1901**



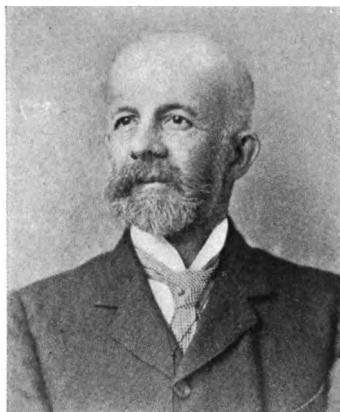
**CHARLES MARSH FOSTER**







**JOHN WILLIAM FREEMAN**



**\*JOHN DAVIS WILLIAMS FRENCH, \*1900**



**\*BENJAMIN THOMPSON FROTHINGHAM, \*1902**



petition, and by a direct appeal to President Roosevelt and to the Post Office Department at Washington, politicians in a neighboring place seeking to destroy it. He has complied with a number of requests to furnish biographical data, which have been elaborated by others, viz., in "Biographical Record of Hartford County, Connecticut," Chicago, J. H. Beers & Co., 1901; "Who's Who in New England," A. N. Marquis & Co., Chicago, 1909; "Men of Mark in Connecticut," 5 vols., William R. Goodspeed, Hartford, Connecticut, 1910; "Trolley Trips on Historic New England Coast — Trunk Trolley Line from Boston to New York," by Katharine M. Abbott, Lowell, Massachusetts, 1899. The last named contains a picture of the original Colonial "Field House," occupied by Field and his wife, which was built by his wife's ancestor, Captain Ephraim Pease, in 1769.

\* JOHN FISKE was born in Hartford, Connecticut, March 30, 1842. He died in Gloucester, Massachusetts, July 4, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 29.

CHARLES MARSH FOSTER had his home in Topeka, Kansas, until April 25, 1911, and has since then spent his time in pursuit of health, visiting his sister in Derry, New Hampshire, for a while. Afterwards he was in Newton and Dorchester, Massachusetts, and is now in Stamford, Connecticut.

JOHN WILLIAM FREEMAN is still in Canandaigua, New York, where he has been for many years, very much out of health.

\* JOHN DAVIS WILLIAMS FRENCH was born in Boston, Jan. 29, 1841. He died in Atlantic City, New Jersey, May 2, 1900.

See Report VII (1903) page 35.

\* BENJAMIN THOMPSON FROTHINGHAM was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, Feb. 2, 1843. He died at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, April 30, 1902.

See Report VII (1903), page 38.

\* WILLIAM FROTHINGHAM was born in Boston, Nov. 8, 1841. He died in Boston, Feb. 27, 1895.

See Report VII (1903), page 42.

\* PAYSON PERRIN FULLERTON was born in Boston, July 15, 1841. He died in New York City, Nov. 13, 1877.

See Report V (1888), page 86.

\*CHARLES ELIOT FURNESS, son of James Thwing and Elizabeth Margaret (Eliot) Furness, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1844. He died in Rochester, Minnesota (near St. Paul), Jan. 22, 1909.

His father was born in Boston, but at the age of sixteen years went to Philadelphia, where he afterwards resided. Charles's mother was born in Washington, D. C. His father was the third son of William Furness, a prominent merchant of Boston. William Henry Furness, D.D. (Harvard, 1820), the much respected Unitarian clergyman, was Charles's uncle, and Horace Howard Furness (Harvard, 1854), the well-known Shakespearian scholar, is his cousin. Charles's brother, William Eliot Furness (Harvard, 1860), is known to many of us, as he continued in Cambridge at the Law School after graduating, and was often seen at Charles's rooms. His brother, Dawes Eliot Furness (Harvard, 1868), now resides in Boston. In this class several other '63 men had brothers — Boit, Denny, Greenough, Shattuck—besides Furness. Furness roomed with his cousin, William Furness Jenks, all through college, the young doctor whose promising career was cut short by death in 1881. Charles writes of him to Lincoln in May, 1882:

"He was my very first and earliest companion and friend in childhood; we were educated together, and until we graduated from college I am safe in saying that we passed a large portion of most every day together. From my long and intimate acquaintance and friendship with him [Jenks] I can bear willing testimony [Furness writes] to the absolute purity of his character in every word, thought, and deed in life. Always cheerful, never depressed, he lived a happy life, and shed happiness around him."

I emphasize the friendship of these cousins, because of the pleasant memories I have of both of them in their college life; and



\*WILLIAM FROTHINGHAM, \*1895



\*PAYSON PERRIN FULLERTON, \*1877



\*CHARLES ELIOT FURNESS, \*1909



while they were absolutely different from each other in many tastes and ways, they had the same cheerful and happy disposition, and the faculty of shedding happiness around them.

Furness had no special ambition as a scholar, though bright enough at his studies, but he looked forward to a business career, when his books would be books of account, and his studies of men and affairs. After graduation he served as a private in the Pennsylvania Militia from June 18, 1863, to Aug. 12, 1863, when he was mustered out. He writes Lincoln, Dec. 10, 1863:

"Jenks and I were members during that horrible six weeks, upon which I never look back without marking them mentally with charcoal, of Co. D, 32d Regiment, Penn. Vol. Mil., familiarly known as the Gray Reserves, and held the distinguished and responsible posts of privates in the rear rank. . . . You will observe by the rank that we held that military distinction was not what we aimed at, in fact obscurity was rather what we courted, particularly when there was any prospect of an engagement."

He then went into business in Philadelphia with Horace H. Soule, and became a member of the firm of Horace H. Soule & Co., Jan. 1, 1869. This copartnership was dissolved in November, 1870. In December, 1870, he became Secretary and Treasurer of the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Co., and took up residence at St. Paul, Minnesota. For three or four years he was prominent in several railroad and land company enterprises, holding among other positions that of Land Commissioner. In February, 1874, he was appointed assistant to the General Freight Agent of the Empire Transportation Co., and resided in Philadelphia. He subsequently removed again to St. Paul, and was Land Commissioner of the Manitoba Railroad. But his health gave way, and since about 1883 he has been unable to attend to any business. It must have been very soon after his letter of appreciation of his cousin's life and character, written to Lincoln in May, 1882, and which may be found in full in our Reports, that his own life work came practically to an end. His overtaxed brain refused further active service, although he lived on for more than a quarter of a century longer.

He was married, March 29, 1875, to Marion Ramsey, daughter of

Alexander Ramsey, of St. Paul, Minnesota, who survives him. They had four children, one of whom died in infancy.

Read by Denny at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 30, 1909. And it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

\*JOSEPH ANTHONY GILLET, son of Jeremiah and Fanny Josina Gillet, was born in New Lebanon, New York, June 21, 1837. He died in New York City, Jan. 28, 1908.

His ancestors were farmers, and his early educational advantages were restricted to the meager opportunities furnished by the ordinary country district school; but when, somewhat late in life, the desire for a college training manifested itself, his father, who was fond of reading and a lover of nature, gave him such encouragement and assistance as was within his power. He fitted for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Massachusetts, and entered Harvard in 1859.

He was already older than the average age of the Class at graduation, and that fact, added to a resolute purpose to improve to the utmost the opportunities which opened before him, held him almost entirely aloof from the social life of the Class, and almost his only intimate friend was his room-mate, who now bears grateful and loving testimony to the sincerity and tenderness of his nature and to the inspiration of his influence and example.

He was a most diligent and conscientious student, thorough rather than brilliant, and graduated with high and well-merited honors.

After a year of post-graduate study, during which he married, he accepted the position of sub-master in the Cambridge High School, where he was associated with Dr. William J. Rolfe, with whom he collaborated in the preparation and publication of a series of "Text Books in Physics," which came into very general use in academies and public schools.

In 1870 he was offered and accepted the professorship of mathematics and physics in the Normal College of the City of New York, an institution then just established and designed primarily

for the pedagogic training of graduates of the public schools. Here he found a work, broad and far-reaching, for which he had a remarkable fitness and to which he gave literally his life. For thirty-six years he covered over and over again the same ground with classes of ever-increasing numbers, and always with the same freshness of enthusiasm and the same painstaking care. In the pressure of a daily routine which left scanty room for needed rest he yet found time and strength for strolls in the Park in the early morning with favored pupils, to whom he interpreted the songs of the birds and revealed the charms of nature. In all these years the relations between teacher and students were uniformly those of sincere affection founded upon respect and admiration, and even after the graduates were numbered by the thousand he retained a personal interest in each individual and counted as a pleasure any service which he could render in her behalf. After his death the Alumnæ Association of the Normal College arranged and carried out a Memorial Service at which fitting and dignified tribute was paid to his life and work.

In 1906, upon the resignation of Dr. Thomas Hunter, he was urged to accept the position of President of the College, but declined and applied for the retirement to which he was entitled, consenting, however, to assume the duties of Acting President *ad interim*. In the multifarious and complicated responsibilities of this office he exhibited remarkable and unexpected executive ability, and not until his death compelled such action did the Trustees seriously address themselves to the selection of his successor.

He died in New York City, Jan. 28, 1908, as the result of a serious operation, from the effects of which he was unable to rally.

His life, like that of most great teachers, was not conspicuous; it was not a broad or a varied life, but it was exceedingly rich and noble and fruitful. Our Class roll contains the names of not a few who have been more prominently and widely known, but it is doubtful if there are any who, in the final reckoning, will better deserve the encomium, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Written by Palmer and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 24, 1908. And it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

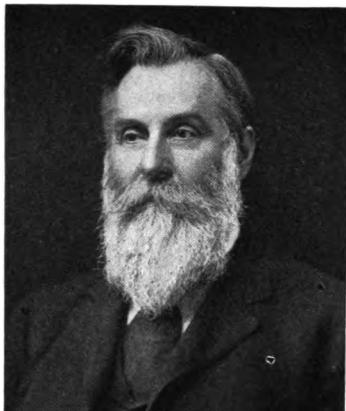
Gillet's daughter Fannie was married, Sept. 7, 1898, to James George, son of James and Mary (Adams) MacLean, and has children: James Bliss, born Nov. 4, 1899, and Mary Gillet, born Jan. 22, 1904.

\*FRANK GOODWIN, son of Ichabod and Sarah Parker (Rice) Goodwin, was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Nov. 11, 1841. He died in Portsmouth, June 7, 1912.

He fitted for college in the schools of Portsmouth. After graduation he began the study of the law at George P. Sanger's office, Boston, and afterwards spent a year at the Law School in Cambridge. He then returned to an office, Dehon & Bryant's, Boston, was subsequently admitted to the bar, and began practising, with his office at 4 Court Street, Boston. He rose to prominence, making a specialty of Real Property and Admiralty Law.

He began lectures upon Real Property in the Law School of Boston University in the autumn of 1886, and in December, 1891, he was appointed professor in the Boston University Law School, and continued to lecture on Real Property until 1903, when he retired on account of the failure of his eyesight, and was made Professor Emeritus. He prepared, and published in 1905, "Goodwin on Real Property," by aid of a secretary, and without using his own eyes. The book is still regarded as an authority on the subject. With the prospect of almost total blindness upon him he removed to Portsmouth in October, 1904, and there amid places familiar to him since childhood, and among people some of whom had been friends and cronies for many years, chewing the cud of sweet and bitter fancy, he passed the remainder of his days.

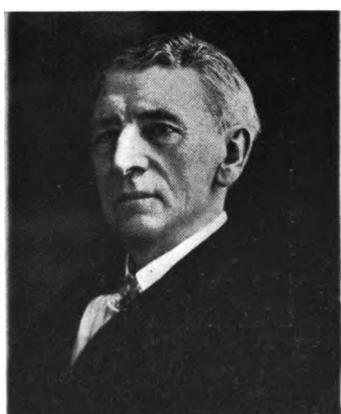
In early life he wrote a sketch of the life of his father, Ichabod Goodwin, the war governor of New Hampshire, which appeared first with a portrait of the subject of the sketch in the "Granite Monthly," and was afterwards republished in the collection entitled "Successful New Hampshire Men." He also wrote an



\*JOSEPH ANTHONY GILLET, \*1908



\*FRANK GOODWIN, \*1912



ADOLPHUS WILLIAMSON GREEN





article in the "American Law Review" of March, 1882, entitled "Some Features of Maritime Liens."

He was married, Sept. 27, 1866, to Mary Greenwood Buttrick, daughter of Ephraim Buttrick of Cambridge, who survives him. He also leaves two daughters, Sarah Storer, who lives with her mother at Concord, Massachusetts, and Eleanor Greenwood, who married in May, 1907, Howard Snelling and lives in Lincoln, Massachusetts, and one son, Robert E. Goodwin, who graduated at Harvard in 1901, Boston University Law School in 1903, and is now practising law in Boston.

Read by the Secretary at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 20, 1912, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

ADOLPHUS WILLIAMSON GREEN. His address is 409 West 15th Street, New York City. He lives at the Hotel Plaza in winter, and has a country place at Greenwich, Connecticut. At the time of the last Class Report he was Chairman of the Board of Directors of the National Biscuit Company. In 1905 he became President of the company and has remained so ever since.

Since 1903 he has made several trips to Europe, and in the last four years he has travelled over one hundred thousand miles in the United States, visiting every State in the Union excepting one. These have been, in the main, business trips, visiting various branches of his company, which are scattered all over the Union. It has, however, given him a great opportunity to become acquainted with the different parts of the country and with its people.

He writes: "I am in fairly good health and work as hard now as I did twenty-five years ago; in fact, hard work is the only thing that I do not get tired of."

His wife died Oct. 18, 1912.

His son, John Russell Green, is now at the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale, and will graduate this year.

His daughter, Jane Green, was married May 3, 1906, to Orville

Browning Carrott. They have three children; Arthur Williamson Carrott, born June 23, 1907, Esther Culbertson Carrott, born April 10, 1909, and John Carrott, born Sept. 1, 1910.

JOHN ORNE GREEN gives his address as 267 Newbury Street, Boston, and writes:

"I can add but little to my previous record for the Class History. In 1908, having resigned all the positions mentioned in previous reports, I retired after an active practice of my profession for forty years, and since then have passed the greater part of each year on my farm in southern New Brunswick, Canada, where I can freely indulge my tastes for botany and agriculture, and for animals tame and wild. The winters are passed at the above address, chiefly with books and some business affairs."

\* FREDERIC THOMAS GREENHALGE was born in Clitheroe, England, July 19, 1842. He died in Lowell, Massachusetts, March 5, 1896.

See Report VII (1903), page 46.

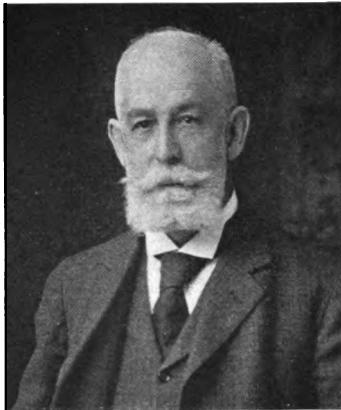
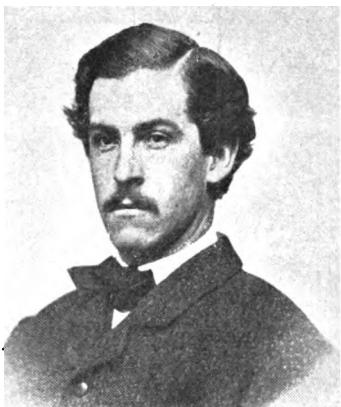
\* WILLIAM GREENOUGH was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, June 29, 1843. He died at Lake Placid, New York, July 8, 1902.

See Report VII (1903), page 54.

EDWARD STURGIS GREW. His address is 185 Marlborough Street, Boston. He has retired from business. His son Randolph Clark Grew (Harvard, 1895) is a member of the firm of Weld, Grew & Co., stockbrokers, 27 State Street, Boston.

His son Henry Sturgis Grew (Harvard, 1896) is President of the National Union Bank of Boston. He married, as noted in the last Class Report, Ethel Hooper, Nov. 17, 1897. They have children: Agnes Hoppin Grew, born Nov. 13, 1898; Henry Sturgis Grew, born March 31, 1901; James Hooper Grew, born Dec. 16, 1906; Ethel Hooper Grew, born Oct. 1, 1911.

His son Joseph Clark Grew (Harvard, 1902) is in the diplomatic service. He is now First Secretary of the Embassy at



**JOHN ORNE GREEN**



**\*FREDERIC THOMAS GREENHALGE, \*1896**



**\*WILLIAM GREENOUGH, \*1902**





Berlin. He married Alice de Vermandois Perry at Ponkapoag, Massachusetts, Oct. 7, 1905. They have children: Edith Agnes Grew, born Sept. 24, 1906; Lilla Cabot Grew, born Nov. 30, 1907; Anita Clark Grew, born May 27, 1909; Alice de Vermandois Grew, born April 25, 1912.

JOHN DEAN HALL. His present address is Columbus Barracks, Columbus, Ohio. Letters will always be forwarded to him if sent care of Estabrook & Co., 15 State Street, Boston, Mass.

Hall writes in February last: "In May, 1910, my wife and I sailed for Europe. We spent several weeks in London, and visited Oxford, Windsor Castle, Stratford, and other places of note, taking in the Derby Races over the Epsom Downs. We had a month in Paris, two months in Germany, spending most of our time at Baden Baden and Nauheim, where we lingered to take the celebrated baths. We spent several weeks in Switzerland, visiting Lucerne, Interlachen, Geneva, etc. Retracing our steps we returned to London through Brussels, where we took the never-to-be-forgotten ride to the field of Waterloo. Our journey covered about six months.

"The spring of 1911 we spent in Florida, visiting Miami, Palm Beach, and St. Augustine. We returned to Boston in April, and to New York in May. During the remainder of 1911 and all of 1912 we lived with our son, Lieutenant Dean Hall, U. S. Army, at Fort Hamilton, New York. This army station is beautifully located about an hour's ride from the city; has wonderful facilities for all kinds of outdoor life. Our residence there was one of continued charm. The first of this year, 1913, we moved to Columbus Barracks, Ohio; but this residence is only temporary on our part, as we are meditating the making of a permanent home in the well-loved precincts of Boston, New York, or Washington, whose claims we have always found it difficult to choose between. *O insiae mentes haruspicum*, how little we may read of the days that are before us!

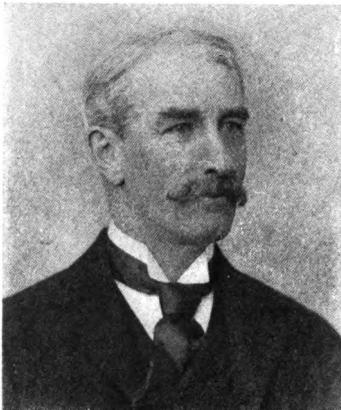
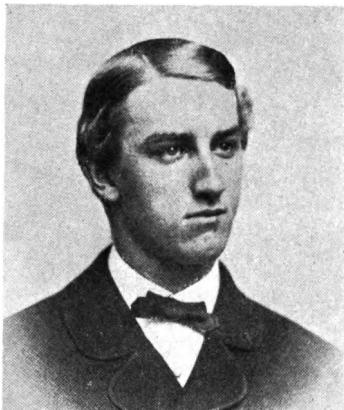
"Since retirement from active service (March 17, 1906) I have found plenty of occupation in gathering up the odds and ends of my belongings and attending to personal business affairs. These

matters had been long neglected, as might be supposed in the case of one who had led a soldier's life, migrating from station to station and following the flag for thirty-eight years. The great earthquake and fire of San Francisco, which happened soon after my retirement, caught me in a transition state and destroyed the most of my household goods. This event cost me five or six thousand dollars in money value, and far more in treasured articles. Among these latter were copies of papers and manuscripts which I had been keeping for years, waiting for a season of leisure to shape up and perfect, so as to fit them for publication or republication in collected form. In all but a very few instances these manuscript copies have disappeared, and their details have left only faint traces in my memory, where I had hoped at least for *disjecta membra poetae*.

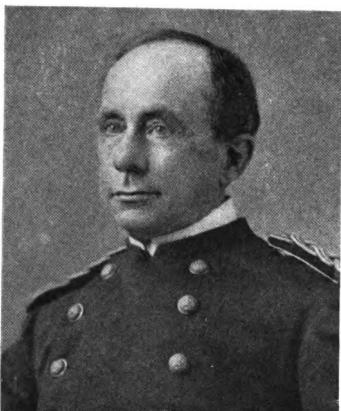
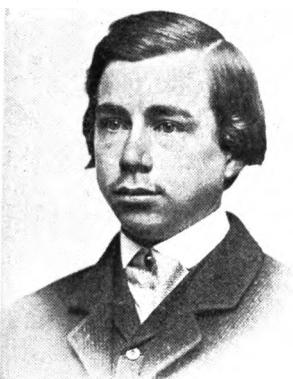
"As to work engaged in at present, I may say that resting from the ceaseless round of laborious duty has been my habit to a considerable extent in the past six years. 'To save life's taper by repose,' as our Classmate Richardson expressed it, has seemed to me a good plan to follow at our stage of existence. If one only could bear in mind such maxims at the moment of emergency!

"Dr. Holmes also has lined out a good caution which commends itself to our attention: 'Run if you will, but don't get out of breath.' Nevertheless, I must admit I am sometimes caught tripping with youthful steps over the crowded street-crossings; or striving to outdo a wayward auto car in artful dodging or in exceeding the speed limit.

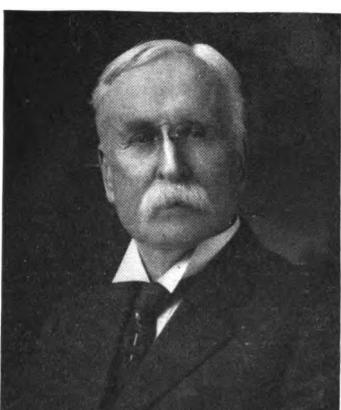
"Generally, however, I endeavor to spend my time at some distance from the madding crowd, say fifty or sixty minutes from Broadway, or in the country still further back. I calculate to spend several hours each day in walking or riding, or sauntering about the public roads. Riding horseback used to be a favorite exercise with me. I have had plenty of it in my army life, both on duty and for recreation. In my days of scouting in Nevada, Arizona, Texas, and Montana, also while hiking in the Philippines, I was one of the hard-riding boys, and could ride all day or all night, irrespective of weather or climate. At the present stage of my career, however, I find it more practicable to go astride of a



EDWARD STURGIS GREW



JOHN DEAN HALL



WALTER WHITNEY HAMMOND





bicycle instead of a horse. As an exercise, I find riding the wheel to be, as a rule, gentler and safer, not subject to such perils of scarring and stampeding, and at the same time about as pleasurable as our wild rides over the prairie used to be. Since I have heard that President Wilson is fond of the wheel, I do not feel quite out of plumb or out of fashion.

"I have been too much occupied with business affairs to think of applying myself either to professional or literary work. It seems that after one has passed the heyday of life he lacks the stimulus for a continued devotion to literary pursuits. Not that I believe in a relapse to mental or physical inertia. It may be well to slow our pace to a moderate gait, however, as all the doctors such precepts have laid down. Following the examples of such wise men as Socrates and Epaminondas, some amateur study of music and musical instruments may be a welcome solace to the philosophic mind in advancing years. I still sing and play Fair Harvard, Annie Laurie, etc., in family gatherings, and trust that my children (and possibly grandchildren) may allow me to join in with them in singing the hymns and the good old songs, and incidentally to assist in playing the accompaniments.

"Manifestly I had but little to start with, except certain advantages of education, and a desire to succeed, which latter was fairly constant. I have followed the flag; I have done my turn of unwelcome service; have had my share of undergoing danger; I have ridden hard at my gates (when there were any gates in sight) and have generally got over in some way, or at any rate have kept my seat in the saddle, and been ready for another tilt.

"To quote from Old Leatherstocking (whom I hold to be quite a model of frontier philosophy); 'Every man should go according to his gifts, and should be content if he can find room to bring out the best that is in him.' I believe that most of our Class have made the honest endeavor to develop their gifts, 'and all deserved, while some achieved, success.'

"Dear fellows, though often apart, we have in a measure travelled together; and I rejoice to have made the journey 'in a goodlie companie.'

"When the glass of life is broken,  
And its wine is spilled away,  
May good deeds be left as token  
That not all is turned to clay!"

Most of Hall's writings on professional subjects have been in the shape of regular or special reports to the headquarters of the army. Professional papers printed by the medical journals of the day were preserved for reference and safe-keeping for years, but have since been lost or destroyed. Articles in lighter vein, either prose or verse, that he had written in his spare moments snatched from an exacting public service, were published at the place where he happened to be serving, or in the various army journals and magazines.

The poem entitled "Elegy on Grant" was delivered by him before the troops at Port Townsend, Washington, drawn up in line, in honor of General Grant's funeral, in the year 1885. The commander of the Post, on receiving the order for this customary observance, requested Hall to make an address, which he did in this form. This poem was published by the local newspaper and by the Portland "Oregonian," and was the subject of a personal acknowledgment from Colonel Fred Grant, with the thanks of his mother and the rest of the family.

The poem entitled "Independence Day" was delivered at the Fourth of July celebration at Port Townsend, Washington, in 1886. The "National Hymn" was written at the same time, and was sung on the same occasion by a selected choir, practically the whole populace joining in. The poem entitled "Memorial Day" was delivered at Port Townsend, Washington, under invitation of the G. A. R. at their celebration of the day in 1887. Besides productions mentioned in previous Class Reports, there made their appearance in the "Oregonian" in 1887 or the following year: "Suave Mari Turbido," "A Ride on Horseback," and a number of others.

In the latter part of 1888 Hall was changed to an eastern station (Fort Niagara, New York). "The Farewell Taps," "Idyll of Fort Shaw," "Boys in Blue," "The Coming Younker," "The Letter to Blanche," and other articles were published in the

"Army and Navy Register" within the next two years. The "Letter to Blanche" and the "National Hymn," having been already favorably noticed by many officers of the army, were republished in 1908-09 by the "Army and Navy Life" and its successor "Uncle Sam's Magazine."

After thirty-eight years' experience as surgeon in the army, Hall was retired from active service, March 17, 1906, with the rank of Colonel. Having gone to San Francisco in 1898 to take charge of the medical supply depot, he remained there in that position until 1902, when he was ordered to the Philippines, as Chief Surgeon of the Department of the Visayas. In 1904 he was sent to Manila, as Chief Surgeon of the Department of Luzon, and in July of that year was appointed Chief Surgeon of the Philippines Division. On his return to San Francisco in 1905 he was assigned to duty as Chief Surgeon of the Department of California, which position he held until the day of his retirement.

His son, John De Camp Hall, went to Phillips Exeter Academy one year (1894-95); Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, two years (1895-97); graduated at Packard's Commercial College after attendance of one year (1897-98). Held position of clerk in Chase National Bank one year (1898-99). While in this position he received a civilian appointment in the regular army; on passing the required examination he entered the army as Second Lieutenant (January, 1900). He is now a Captain 4th U. S. Infantry, and is stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. In 1902 he married Miss Margaret Steers of Staten Island, New York. They have a daughter, Margaret Eleanor Hall, born Feb. 1, 1912.

His younger son, Dean Hall, went to Phillips Exeter Academy in September, 1901. He graduated from there after remaining two years, and entered Harvard in 1903, graduating from there in 1907. On leaving Harvard he was offered a civilian appointment in the U. S. army, subject to examination. On passing the required examination he entered the Coast Artillery as Second Lieutenant, January 4, 1908. He is now a First Lieutenant, C. A. C., and is stationed at Columbus Barracks, Columbus, Ohio.

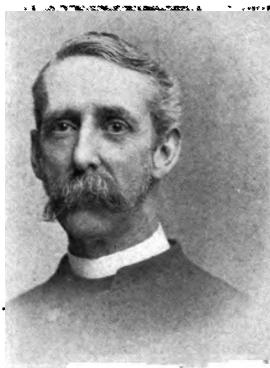
WALTER WHITNEY HAMMOND. His address is Morris Plains, New Jersey.

He has entered on his twelfth year as minister of the Morris Plains Presbyterian church. There was completed this spring a building enterprise in connection with the removal of the house of worship and the parsonage to a central location along the trolley line, thus securing an improved appearance of the buildings and added facilities and conveniences. The thirtieth anniversary of the church's erection was commemorated in December, 1906, by the preaching of an historical sermon and appropriate addresses. He has been a member of the Morris County, New Jersey, Christian Endeavor Union since 1902, having served as Vice-President and President, and also held the office of Superintendent of Missionary Department for ten years. Was Moderator of Presbytery of Morris and Orange in 1907 for the usual term of six months, and was sent as Commissioner to General Assembly meeting in Des Moines, Iowa, in May, 1906. He was Commander of a Post in Morristown of the Grand Army of the Republic from January, 1910, to January, 1911, and Chaplain of the same in 1908, 1909, and 1911.

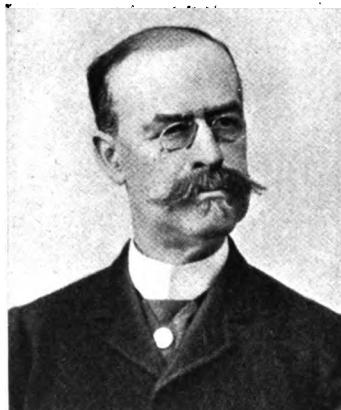
He holds membership in other societies: Harvard Club of New York since 1906; Presbyterian Social Union, New York, from 1912; Presbyterian Ministerial Union, New York, from 1912; Clerical Conference, New York Federation of Churches, since April, 1912; Morris Ministerial Association — a clerical club for literary and social culture — since April, 1902.

His son, Walter Edward Hammond, was prepared for college at the Kingsley School, Essex Fells, New Jersey, and entered Princeton University in 1910.

\*THOMAS ROBINSON HARRIS, son of Thaddeus W. and Catherine H. Harris, was born in Cambridge, Massachusetts, June 15, 1842. He died in Bronxville, New York, Jan. 24, 1909. He fitted for college at the Private Latin School of the late Epes S. Dixwell, Boston, and entered Harvard in the summer of 1859, one of a class of fourteen members from that school which had the rather unusual distinction of entering without the imposition of a condition upon a single one of its number.



\*THOMAS ROBINSON HARRIS, \*1909



\*ALBERT CHEVALIER HASELTINE, \*1898



\*JOHN TYLER HASSAM, \*1903





He was a diligent student and maintained a high standard of scholarship. His devotion to study and to his life at home took precedence over the sports and diversions of the average student; and while highly respected for his character and abilities, he took no very active part in the social and lighter side of college life. When the Civil War broke out he responded to its call, and leaving college at the end of his Junior year he enlisted as a private in the Forty-fourth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and after serving the full time of nine months was mustered out on the 18th of June, 1863, the day before our Class Day. He served afterwards in the Sanitary Commission. Owing to this interruption in his course his graduation was deferred, and he did not receive his degree of A.B. until 1867.

His convictions having led him to the choice of the ministry as his vocation, he entered the General Theological Seminary of New York, and after three years of study was ordained by Bishop Horatio Potter to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He had for a time charge of St. Mark's Chapel, New York, and later became Rector of St. John's Church, Framingham, Massachusetts, remaining in that position until April, 1868. For a time he was acting assistant in Trinity Church, New York City, and in 1869 became Rector of St. John's Church, Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island.

From 1870 to 1895, twenty-five years, he was Rector of St. Paul's Church, Morrisania, New York. Then for eight years Rector of St. Mary's, Scarboro', New York, and for four years warden of Annandale College, New York, which institution conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

But the ordinary routine of parochial life engrossed but a small part of his energies and activities. He was for twenty-two years Secretary of the Diocese of New York, an office calling for an immense deal of labor. He was for twelve years Secretary of the Standing Committee of the Diocese and of the Board of Trustees of the General Seminary, a member of the Executive Committee of the same, and for a number of years Secretary of the Church Congress and of the Parochial Mission Society.

He was also the writer of many articles of a theological and historical character. Only habits of pre-eminent industry and laboriousness could have enabled him to accomplish the work which he did.

He married in 1867 Miss Margaret Schenck Van Kleeck. Eight children were born to them, of whom five survive. The eldest, a son, followed his father's steps into the ministry, and there are three daughters and another son living, and several grandchildren.

Harris was a man of clear intellect and strong and pure character. He studied a subject deeply, and wherever his conviction led he fearlessly followed. He had marked moral and physical courage. The latter was amusingly shown during his rectorship at Morrisania.

A burglar one night broke into his rectory, probably in the hope of stealing a sum of money belonging to the church which had been deposited there the day before. Harris heard the noise of his entrance, rushed out of his bedroom into the entry, flung a book at the burglar's retreating figure, and grappled with him in the kitchen. The burglar broke away, but Harris followed him, caught and held him up against the fence across the street until help came. All this time he was in his night clothes. While the burglar was in his cell at the prison at White Plains awaiting trial, some one asked him, "Where did you get that dreadful black eye?" "Oh," he said, "that fighting parson gave it to me."

That is just what Harris was. He was ever a fearless fighter for what he believed to be the right.

He leaves behind him a beloved and honored name.

At the funeral his bishop summed up his life and record in these words:

"Priest, pastor, scribe, hero, Christian."

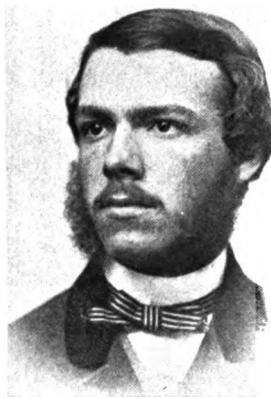
They might well be carved as his epitaph upon his tomb.

Written by Arthur Lawrence and read at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 30, 1909. And it was

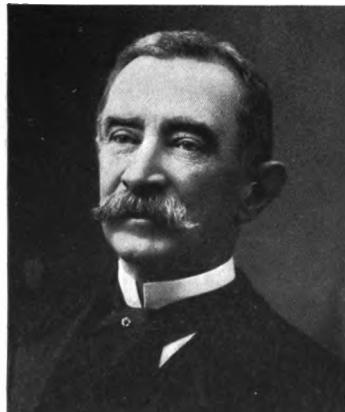
*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.



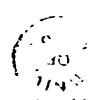
\*ALEXANDER LADD HAYES, \*1899



\*CHARLES WILLIAM HEATON, \*1869



FRANCIS LEE HIGGINSON



Digitized by Google



\* ALBERT CHEVALIER HASELTINE was born in Philadelphia, Jan. 16, 1843. He died at Pierres-Maintenon, near Paris, France, July 14, 1898, and was buried in the Bagneux Cemetery in Paris.

See Report VII (1903), page 61.

\* JOHN TYLER HASSAM was born in Boston, Sept. 20, 1841, and died in Boston, April 22, 1903.

See Report VII (1903), page 66.

\* ALEXANDER LADD HAYES was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Sept. 20, 1841. He died in Cambridge, April 14, 1899.

See Report VII (1903), page 69.

\* CHARLES WILLIAM HEATON was born in Alton, Illinois, Dec. 11, 1840. He died in Boston, Sept. 9, 1869.

See Report V (1888), page 107.

FRANCIS LEE HIGGINSON lives at 274 Beacon Street, Boston. He was in England in March, April, May, and part of June, 1904, being laid up with a severe illness. He was again in England in May and June, 1906, for about sixty days. Besides being director in various companies, he is President of the Suffolk Savings Bank for Seamen and Others, President of the Boston & Lowell Railroad Corporation, Overseer of Harvard College, Trustee of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, of the Massachusetts General Hospital, and of the Massachusetts Humane Society.

He has a son, George Higginson, 2d, born Dec. 21, 1904.

His eldest son, Francis Lee Higginson, Jr., married June 7, 1905, Hetty Coolidge Sargent, daughter of Lucius M. and Mary A. (Coolidge) Sargent of Boston.

They have children: Francis Lee Higginson, 3d, born June 5, 1906; Joan Higginson, born March 7, 1908.

His daughter, Barbara, married June 18, 1910, Barrett Wendell,

Jr., son of Professor Barrett and Edith (Greenough) Wendell of Boston.

They have a daughter, Barbara Wendell, born April 13, 1911.

\*SAMUEL STORROW HIGGINSON, son of Stephen and Agnes Gordon (Cochran) Higginson, was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts, March 22, 1842. He died in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, April 9, 1907.

In the Class Book in which we wrote our lives on leaving College the page devoted to Storrow Higginson has in his handwriting:

Born March 22d 1842  
S. H.

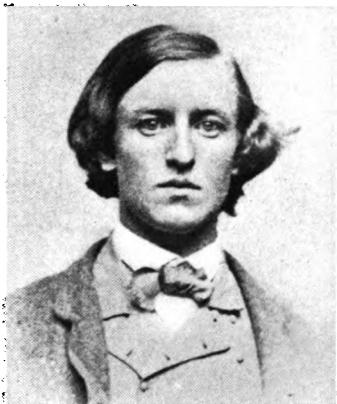
Beneath this our Secretary, Arthur Lincoln, had written in pencil: "Above is all the autobiography that Storrow Higginson wrote."

In 1864 Higginson writes to Arthur Lincoln:

"You have been troubled to get my life. Simply because I have none to write. I can look back upon but one thing that pleases me, my endeavor to be faithful to the cause of emancipation in our country. My life had been worthless save for this, and if it please you let me write simply that from my earliest youth I have yearned toward a race in bondage and degradation, nor ever feared to be called an abolitionist."

He fitted for college with Mr. F. B. Sanborn (Harvard, 1855) in Concord, Massachusetts. He came to college with a poetic temperament, and a fondness for studying nature, languages, music, artistic and philosophic subjects, sublimated by the Concord ideals, the spirit of which he was eagerly alive to. By inheritance as well as by education he inclined to concern himself with the noblest and highest things. He was of a sunny disposition and enjoyed whatever was pure and of good report.

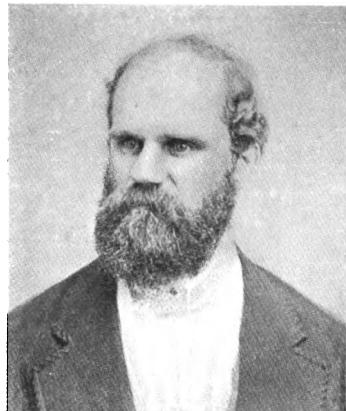
He was a member of the Harvard Glee Club, Recording Secretary of the Harvard Natural History Society, Secretary and Poet of the Hasty Pudding Club. With John Fiske and Comte he was one of the editors of the "Harvard Magazine" during Senior year.



\*SAMUEL STORROW HIGGINSON, \*1907



JOHN MARVIN HORTON



\*WILLIAM MONFELDT HOWLAND, \*1894



THE DIAHOL

John C. Burroughs letter to Miss Anna Wardell of  
Boston.

Dear Miss Wardell, April 13, 1891.

John C. Burroughs to his wife, Anna Wardell, of Boston, Mass., from his home in Roxbury, Massachusetts, April 13, 1891. He died at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, April 19, 1921.

In the last letter where we spoke of our son-on-leaving College he gave a sketch of himself. This is his concluding sentence:

John C. Burroughs

This is a sketch of myself, just written in  
yesterday. I am now 62 years old, and have been living in  
Milwaukee since 1886.

#### A few Extracts from a Letter Home

"I am not writing to you by the ~~way~~ ~~now~~ I have none  
to tell. All we can do is to let each other know my ex-  
tent of & quality of my work & ~~what~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~best~~ ~~part~~ ~~of~~ ~~my~~ ~~work~~. My  
old age forbids me to do all the ~~work~~ ~~I~~ ~~want~~ ~~to~~ ~~do~~ ~~now~~ but the wife  
and the children have to be fed, so I ~~have~~ ~~to~~ ~~do~~ ~~some~~ ~~work~~ ~~in~~ ~~order~~ ~~to~~ ~~keep~~ ~~the~~ ~~house~~ ~~up~~ ~~as~~ ~~it~~ ~~is~~ ~~now~~."

He took his degree at the U. S. Seminary, Harvard, 1860  
at Concord, Massachusetts. He used to ~~read~~ ~~with~~ ~~a~~ ~~poetic~~  
~~temperament~~, and a fondness for studying nature, languages,  
music, scientific and philosophical subjects, sublimated by the  
poetical ideals, the spirit of which he was eagerly alive to. By  
inheritance as well as by education he inclined to concern him-  
self with the noblest and highest things. He was of a sunny disposi-  
tion and enjoyed whatever was pure and of good report.

He was a member of the Hasty Pudding Club, Secy.  
of the Harvard Natural History Socy.,  
of the Hasty Pudding Club. With  
one of the editors of the "Har-



\*SAMUEL STORROW HIGGINSON.



JOHN MARTINEAU



open  
voted  
large  
N  
d send  
education  
his rectors.



He wrote the Baccalaureate Hymn for our last Sunday services in the Chapel.

Of the Mock Parts, read according to custom near the beginning of our Junior year from a window of Hollis, two fell to the lot of Storrow Higginson. While, as we know, these were mere boyish skits and hits at each other's peculiarities, physical, mental, or moral, often dictated by no very great depth or delicacy of observation, sometimes they help us to bring back the impression that we were making on one another. So when somebody sent in "The Cricket on the (H)earth" as a fit subject for Storrow, I take it to have been a tribute to his "chirpy" disposition, and the domesticity, so to speak, of his habits of life, and when somebody else awarded him a "Poem — I'd be a Butterfly, born in a bower, Roaming forever from flower to flower," it gave no mean idea of his aspirations, as we saw them, his soul yearning towards the consummate flowers of beautiful things, deeds and thoughts.

But there was a certain vagueness about his ideas, as if his head were in the clouds, and an incapacity for caring much for, or appreciating the importance of, the practical things of life, which, however delightful at the time, was to make for trouble and discouragement and failure in this work-a-day world, more and more as time went on.

Not long after graduation he was in the office of the Supervisory Committee for recruiting Colored Regiments in Philadelphia, but was afterwards regularly ordained as a minister, and became chaplain of the Ninth United States Colored Troops, Twenty-fifth Corps, stationed at one time at Brownsville, Texas. In this work, which, judging from the spirit of the letter from him quoted above, must have been congenial to him, he continued until near the close of the year 1866.

In May, 1867, he sailed from Boston for Buenos Ayres to open a school in that capital. About March 1, 1868, he was appointed by the Argentine Government Rector of the National College at Conception Del Uruguay.

President Sarmiento wrote that he had sent for Storrow with the idea of offering him a more central educational position, but that finding him disposed to retain his rectorship, and adminis-

tering affairs satisfactorily, he allowed him to return to Conception. However, a revolution broke out, and his college was burned and sacked, and he returned to the city of Buenos Ayres.

At a later period we find him back in this country: at one time in the editorial department of the Graphic Company, New York City; at another time he is teaching in the public schools of Greenfield, Massachusetts. In Boston, later, he is with John H. Bufford's Sons, art publishers and lithographers; with J. R. Osgood & Co., book publishers; and after that in the editor's room of the "Boston Herald."

He led a retired life while in Boston, and never could be induced to come to Class meetings, though Lincoln did his best to draw him from his shell, and Storrow replied to his letters and protested that no disloyalty to the Class must be inferred from his refusals. In one letter, in 1882, he writes:

"I have been the shuttlecock of fortune for several years until the feathers are well nigh knocked out of me."

In 1888, having received, apparently, the Class Group taken on our Twenty-fifth Anniversary, he writes:

"I am perplexed by these faces, at least many of them, not recognizing the youthful features once so familiar. I take it no parvenus have crept in among you, or birthmarks been counterfeited, to share the honors of the occasion. So old we all are growing, and that uncomfortable trench awaiting us — and yet I rather cleave to Spinoza: 'Homo liber de nulla re minus quam de morte cogitat.'"

Storrow's work in the "Herald" office continued for about five years. After that he was Superintendent of Archives in the Secretary of State's office at the State House, Boston. This position he appeared for a time to enjoy and to be very happy in his home life, and the really beautiful and noble qualities of his nature seemed to have conquered morbidness, and to have come out supreme. But in 1893 he made another change and was living in Chicago, and was employed as writer in the publishing house of Rand, McNally & Co.

The last years of Storrow's life were spent, mostly, in Milwaukee,

where for a time at least he was at the Soldiers' Home. He died in Milwaukee, April 9, 1907. A funeral service was held at Mt. Auburn Chapel, Cambridge, nine days later, at which our classmates Bishop and Drew were present.

Our classmate Comte writes from San Francisco in a recent letter:

"I like to think of Storrow Higginson, and to remember him as I knew him during the last three years of our college life, when he was my room-mate and chum. We first had our room in Stoughton Hall, and afterwards in Massachusetts. He had high ideals. While he made no effort to stand high in his class, he was a lover of good books, and was always fond of music. I looked upon him always as an ideal young man, a model as to deportment, integrity, and every quality that makes a good man. After graduating, the first letter I received from him was when he was Chaplain in the Army stationed in Texas, and the last one was when he was employed in a store in Boston, in which letter he said that he lived to a 'sweet purpose,' but he did not mention the purpose. I cannot realize that Storrow has passed away. His bright, cheerful, and sincere face is before me now as I write

" 'Requiescat in pace.' "

Storrow Higginson was married Oct. 6, 1869, to Juanita Chiliteguy of Conception, Argentine Republic. He was again married Oct. 6, 1886, to Nora Ternan of Boston, who survives him, and by whom he had a son, Gordon Storrow, born June 16, 1889, who died July 28, 1897.

Written by Denny and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 26, 1907, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

#### BACCALAUREATE HYMN

##### CLASS OF 1863

GREAT REDEEMER, hear us now,  
As before thy throne we bow;  
Lowly hearts we lift to Thee,  
Filled with sweet humility.

Thou who hold'st the silver cord  
That doth bind us to thy Word,  
Purge us, Father, of each stain,  
Ere the bond be snapped in twain.

Purer lives before us wait,  
Ere we reach the Golden Gate:  
Grateful hearts to Thee we bring, —  
Bless our feeble offering.

Lead thy children by the hand  
Through the shadow o'er our land;  
Hear the prayer we pour to Thee,  
Wonderful Infinity!

HARVARD COLLEGE, June 14, 1863.

JOHN MARVIN HORTON is now living at Wellesley, Massachusetts.

He writes that he has no business occupation, and that the decade may be pretty well summed up in the statement that he finds himself ten years older and very little wiser.

His daughter Marion died Feb. 10, 1913.

\* WILLIAM MONEFELDT HOWLAND was born in Charleston, South Carolina, Feb. 19, 1841. He died in Bloomfield, New Jersey, April 1, 1894.

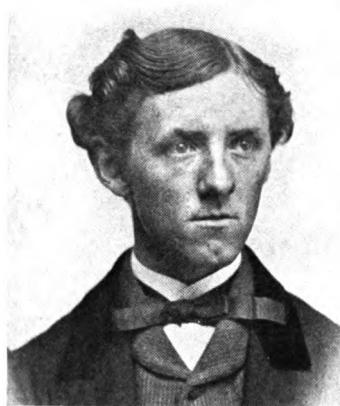
See Report VII (1903), page 72.

\* WILLIAM GUPTILL HUBBARD was born in Acton, Maine, March 18, 1841. He died in Somerville, Massachusetts, May 23, 1865.

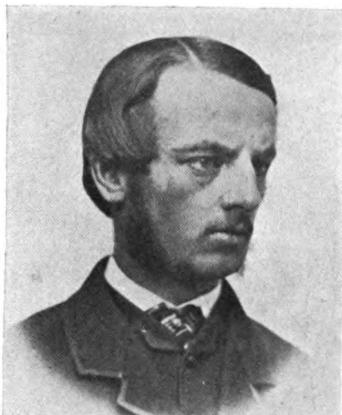
See Report V (1888), page 111.

\* EDWARD REYNOLDS HUN was born in Albany, New York, April 17, 1842. He died in Stamford, Connecticut, March 14, 1880.

See Report V (1888), page 112.



\*WILLIAM GUPTILL HUBBARD, \*1865

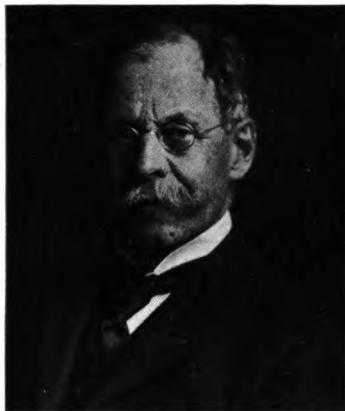


\*EDWARD REYNOLDS HUN, \*1880



EDGAR ADELBERT HUTCHINS





CHARLES CABOT JACKSON



HENRY FITCH JENKS



\*WILLIAM FURNESS JENKS, \*1881





CHARLES ELBERT JACKSON



ROBERT EDWARD JACKSON



FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

John  
Dwight  
Dwight  
Dr.  
Cormier  
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**EDGAR ADELBERT HUTCHINS.** His address is 18 Bowdoin Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts. He has retired from business and has been out of health for the past three years.

His son Alexander is with Sampson & Murdock Co., Boston, Massachusetts. His daughter Lucy Camilla was at Radcliffe 1900-04, prepared at Packer Institute, Brooklyn, New York, and at the Cambridge Latin School, and is now Assistant Probation Officer, Cambridge, Massachusetts. His son De Witt studied at Bryant & Stratton's Business College, and is now cashier in the Mobile Electric Co., Mobile, Alabama.

His son Alexander married Jan. 20, 1909, Elizabeth Greenwood Brown, daughter of John Greenwood and Laura W. (Anthony) Brown of Cambridge, Massachusetts.

They have a son, John Greenwood Brown Hutchins, born Oct. 15, 1909.

His daughter Amy, who married Dec. 26, 1900, Le Baron Russell Barker (Harvard, 1898), son of George Gardner and Anna Ware (Briggs) Barker of Plymouth, Massachusetts, has now three children: Anna Ware Barker, born Dec. 6, 1901; Le Baron Barker, born Jan. 11, 1904; George Gardner Barker, born Nov. 18, 1908.

**CHARLES CABOT JACKSON** lives at 462 Beacon Street, Boston. He remains a member of the firm of Jackson & Curtis, but has withdrawn from activity in the business.

His daughter Susan was married to Ralph B. Williams of Boston, Sept. 6, 1906. They have children: Ralph Blake Williams, born Sept. 10, 1907; Thomas Blake Williams, born Dec. 6, 1910; Frances Jackson Williams, born March 25, 1912.

His son Charles was married March 31, 1909, to Elizabeth Bethune Higginson, daughter of James Jackson and Margaret (Gracie) Higginson of New York.

They have children: Charles Jackson, Jr., born Jan. 5, 1910; Elizabeth Jackson, born Oct. 3, 1911.

His daughter Frances Appleton Jackson died Sept. 29, 1909.

**HENRY FITCH JENKS.** His address is Canton Corner, Massachusetts. He has retired from active work in the ministry

on account of ill health, but he was made pastor emeritus of the First Congregational Parish of Canton, Massachusetts (Unitarian). After the death of Arthur Lincoln, our Class Secretary, in December, 1902, Jenks, then on the Class Committee, and the only member of the Class Committee living in this part of the world, sprang nobly into the breach, and did good work in getting out the Class Report and in making the arrangements for our fortieth anniversary in June, 1903. A few months later his health gave out, and he has been practically incapacitated for work ever since. At the meeting of the Class, June 20, 1912, his resignation from the office of Class Secretary was accepted, and it was voted that the Secretary should write expressing the thanks of the Class for all that Jenks had done for them as long as his health permitted, and their grateful appreciation of the deep interest he took in Class matters. This was done, and the receipt of the letter was acknowledged in a very kind note from Mrs. Jenks. Of Jenks' three sons, the oldest, Henry Angier, did not go to college. He is now an accountant. Charles Fitch, the second son, prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School and graduated at Bowdoin College in 1906. He is now in the wool business. Frederic Angier, the youngest son, prepared for college at the Roxbury Latin School, and graduated at Harvard in 1907, and is now in the third year at the Harvard Law School.

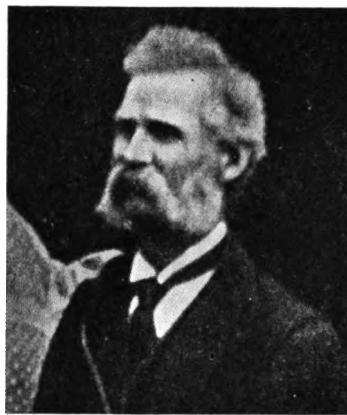
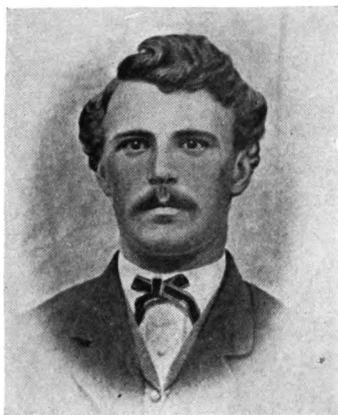
\* WILLIAM FURNESS JENKS was born in Louisiana, Missouri, May 21, 1842. He died near Philadelphia, Oct. 31, 1881.

See Report V (1888), page 120.

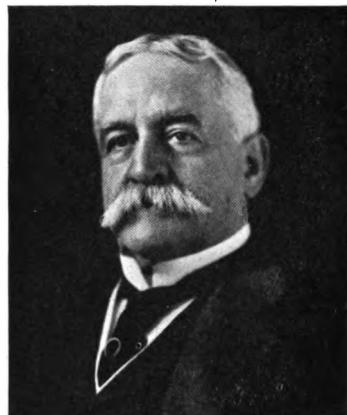
\* GEORGE SENECA JONES was born in Newton, Massachusetts, June 13, 1840. He died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 14, 1903.

See Report VII (1903), page 76; also Report V (1888), page 127.

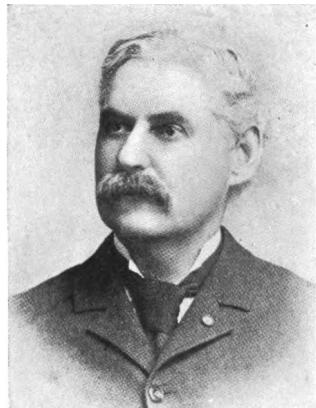
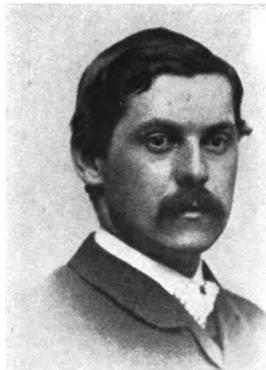
EDWARD HARTWELL KIDDER. His address is 17 Battery Place, New York City. He retired from business several years ago. He passed the winter of 1904-05 in Rome. Made another journey to Europe in 1906.



\*GEORGE SENECA JONES, \*1903



EDWARD HARTWELL KIDDER



\*JAMES TRUESDELL KILBRETH, \*1897

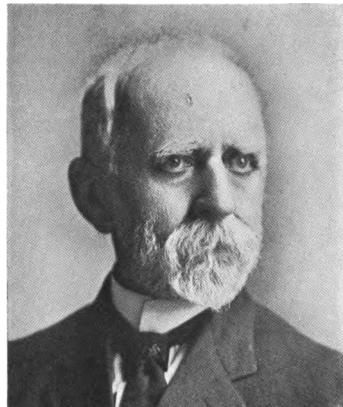




\*ARTHUR MASON KNAPP, \*1898



\*FRANCIS EUSTIS LANGDON, \*1890



WILLIAM HENRY LATHROP



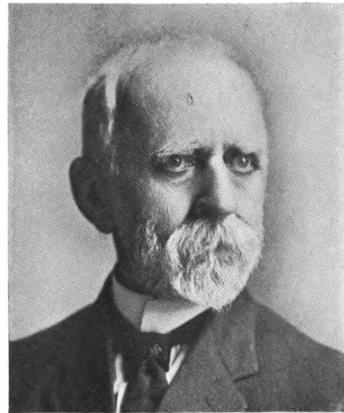




\*ARTHUR MASON KNAPP, \*1898



\*FRANCIS EUSTIS LANGDON, \*1890



WILLIAM HENRY LATHROP





His son James Hathaway (Harvard, 1892) was married to May Clark Avery in May, 1909.

His daughter Grace, whose husband Paul L. Ford died May 8, 1902, was married to Dr. Linsly R. Williams, Jan. 18, 1908. They have children: Virginia Williams, born Nov. 24, 1908; Mary Hathaway Williams, born Oct. 7, 1910; Linsly R. Williams, born Oct. 7, 1910.

\* JAMES TRUESDELL KILBRETH was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, March 12, 1841. He died in Southampton, Long Island, June 27, 1897.

See Report VII (1903), page 77.

\* ARTHUR MASON KNAPP was born in St. Johnsbury, Vermont, August 8, 1839. He died in Boston, Dec. 27, 1898.

See Report VII (1903), page 79.

\* FRANCIS EUSTIS LANGDON was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Nov. 10, 1842. He died in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Feb. 4, 1890.

See Report VI (1893), page 39.

WILLIAM HENRY LATHROP lives at 21 First Street, Lowell, Massachusetts, having had the same residence for thirty years, and he continues to practise as a physician. Further than that deponent saith not, except that he really can think of nothing notable, and quotes, "Happy is that People whose annals are tiresome," or words to that effect.

\*ARTHUR LAWRENCE, son of William Richards (M.D. Harvard, 1845) and Susan C. (Dana) Lawrence, was born in Brookline, Massachusetts, Aug. 22, 1842. He died in Ipswich, Massachusetts, Sept. 20, 1909. At the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1910, the following memorial, prepared by Mason, was read:

ARTHUR LAWRENCE was born in Brookline, Aug. 22, 1842. While a boy he lived for some time in France, and thus acquired an early knowl-

edge of the French language and a fondness for foreign travel that, in later years, often took him across the seas. After a time passed at the Norwich Military Academy in Vermont he entered the Boston Latin School, from which, in a year or two, he passed on to the noted school of Mr. Dixwell, where he fitted for college. He entered Harvard in 1859 before he was seventeen years old.

As a boy he was fond of all outdoor sports on land and water, a good skater and swimmer. He liked cricket, and, as a member of the Beacon Cricket Club, he played in many matches with the youthful suburban clubs of that day. He became an adept at boxing under the skilled guidance of "Professor" Bailey, who taught his pupils the mysteries of the "cross-counter" and "upper cut" in preparation for the strenuous game of football, which loomed up at the beginning of our Freshman year. We all remember that noted contest, in which our Class gained such lasting glory that we were compelled by the Faculty to bury the football, with appropriate dirges, for fear of the effects of another such sanguinary battle. After the game our teacher, Dixwell, who had been an interested spectator on the side lines, proudly returned with his battered pupils to the "Bakery" on North Avenue. In this pleasant house, conducted by Mrs. C. C. Baker, Lawrence and the writer, with a number of congenial classmates, passed their Freshman year.

Lawrence was then a sturdy youth of fine figure and good muscular development, and he was soon selected as a member of the Freshman Crew, which defeated Yale on Lake Quinsigamond, July 24, 1860.\*

Harvard made a clean sweep that year, winning easily the three boat races, the chess tournament, and two billiard matches. Pandemonium naturally reigned.

Afterwards we lived for two years in Hollis 28 and, in our Senior year, at Holworthy 4, opposite the eccentric Professor Sophocles, whom we bored with a semi-annual visit.

Lawrence thoroughly enjoyed his college life. He was fond of amusements and eminently social. Possessed of a fine voice and a love for music, he always did his share in entertaining the company. His friendships were strong and deep, and perhaps no one left Cambridge in that day who was more beloved and respected. He was our Chief Marshal on Class Day, a mark of esteem which gave him true pleasure.

In his junior year, through strong religious influences, he became more serious and took up the Christian life, from which he never swerved, but there was nothing censorious in his kindly nature.

He did not decide to follow the ministry, however, until some time after graduation, and at first entered upon a business career with every prospect of success. This he abandoned in 1864 to join the Christian Com-

\* See frontispiece.

mission for work among the soldiers at the front. His duties took him to General Sherman's Army, and with them he marched from Atlanta to the sea, as volunteer aid on the Staff of General O. O. Howard, commander of the right wing.

His theological studies began in 1865 in the Seminary at Gambier, Ohio, but were interrupted by a weakness of the throat that gave him considerable anxiety, so that, in 1867, he joined the writer and other friends in a trip to the East. We passed three months on a Nile dahabah, named "Thetis" after our Class boat, and went through Nubia to the second cataract at Wady Halfa, a considerable journey in those days.

Lawrence was deeply interested in the antiquities, especially with reference to the interpretation of the Scriptures, and in the spring he made a long journey in the saddle through the Holy Land, by Joppa, Jerusalem, and Galilee to Damascus.

In the following autumn, 1868, he entered the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, where he was ordained in 1869, and at the time of his death he was the oldest graduate of that school.

His first call was as a missionary among the silver miners of Nevada, and after this he served for nearly two years as assistant in Calvary Church, New York. But his throat and voice still troubled him, and in May, 1872, he decided to accept a call to St. Paul's Church, Stockbridge, in the Berkshire Hills, and there he remained to the end, a period of thirty-seven years.

During his rectorate a beautiful new church of stone was built from the designs of Charles F. McKim, architect, and also a handsome mission chapel at South Lee which was under his charge. He was Dean, Archdeacon, President of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Western Massachusetts, and for seventeen years a Delegate to the General Convention.

Williams College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1893.

He gave lectures at the Cambridge Theological School, and, among other wider fields that offered themselves, was the Professorship of Ecclesiastical History at the Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Connecticut. But he was always unwilling to leave his chosen parish and home among the hills.

On the day of his death the Wardens and Vestry of St. Paul's Church, Stockbridge, met and in the course of a series of resolutions recorded:

"It is not too much to say that during all that time, by what he did here and by what he was, he has impressed a unique character upon both church and town. The whole community has been enriched by his manly life and his inspiring example. Patriotic and public-spirited to a very high degree, he was outspoken on the right side in everything that concerned the honor and welfare of the town, the State, and the nation.

"In the happiest sense of the word he was a broad churchman, never troubling himself or his congregation with dogmatic problems, but always living and doing and preaching as if he believed that the chief object of religion was to make men and women and children better and wiser and happier. The Wardens and Vestry of St. Paul's and the whole congregation, and the town of Stockbridge and the Diocese and people of Western Massachusetts, heard of his death, with profound sorrow, and will ever cherish his memory with reverence and affection."

At a Memorial Meeting in St. Paul's Church, Oct. 3, 1909, Bishop Vinton, of the Diocese of Western Massachusetts, said in his address:

"The richest gift to this diocese has been the ministry of Arthur Lawrence, who, for nearly twoscore years, has exercised his sacred calling not in St. Paul's alone, but in Berkshire, in the adjacent counties, and the diocese at large. All who have known him have revered, admired, loved him; he stood for the best things; he was a good citizen, a tender-hearted, considerate friend, a wise counsellor, a generous benefactor. He believed in and put in practice the Christian ideals."

Bishop Lawrence, speaking at the same meeting, said that, on asking a friend of Arthur Lawrence to describe his chief characteristic, he answered, "As I recall him, I remember a perfect gentleman."

At the General Convention, April 13, 1910, Bishop Lawrence further said: "I cannot refrain from naming two others who fell asleep whose lives and ministry had been intimately associated with this diocese in years past — William Reed Huntington and Arthur Lawrence — intimate friends of each other and myself. Soldiers of Christ true and brave, gentle knights, faithful priests, we lay our wreath of love upon the graves yonder where their bodies rest."

In paying our last tribute to his memory there is a sad gratification to us, his classmates, in reading the words of affection and high approval which came from far and wide at the time of Lawrence's death.

In regard to the friendship between these two distinguished ministers, Huntington and Lawrence, and their recent deaths, the following paragraphs from "The Church Militant" of last October are quoted:

"Both began life in Harvard, just before the war, but not as contemporaries; their paths frequently crossed during their long ministries; both died away from home during their summer vacations in Massachusetts; the funerals of both were held in Boston — the last act of Dr. Lawrence, while in health, was to attend Dr. Huntington's funeral in Emmanuel Church — and the bodies of both were taken back to Cambridge from whence they started fifty years ago, and are resting peacefully beneath the elms in Mount Auburn.

"A professor in Harvard in the last of the fifties who might have ventured to forecast the future of these two students would in all probability have predicted for them the very reverse of their actual careers. Hunting-

ton was a close student, was well known by only a small circle of his classmates, with a poetic temperament, and a real gift of poetical expression, which was so far recognized that he was chosen Class Poet. Lawrence was quite another type. While he had refined, scholarly tastes, he was one of the best known men in college. This was shown by the fact that he was chosen Chief Marshal on Class Day. It has been said that it is unsafe to prophesy unless you know; and a prophet of those days would have said that Lawrence's gifts were suited to the arena of the great metropolis, while Huntington would find his sphere in the seclusion of the quiet country town. The familiar facts are, however, Huntington plunged immediately into the strenuous life of the city — served his entire ministry of fifty years in the congested centers of population, Boston, Worcester, New York; while Arthur Lawrence was for thirty-seven years the beloved pastor of all the people of the beautiful little village of Stockbridge in the Berkshire hills.

"As the years passed the busy rector of the city became the close friend of the country parson. Each was the complement of the other. Both had deep and similar domestic sorrows. Both had the New England reserve. Each felt the sympathy of the other. They were close friends drawn by the things in which they were different, and even more by the deeper things in which they were greatly alike. Two characters with more refinement and chivalry are rarely to be found. They were perfect gentlemen both; both were deeply religious; and they have added dignity to the Christian ministry and beauty to the service of men. Huntington, the leader, the parliamentarian, the great rector, one of the first citizens of a great city; Lawrence, beloved by every man, woman, and child in the village among the hills, by common consent the chief person in the community, like but most unlike the pastor of New England's elder day. The memory of these two spirits — different and rare — is a rich and beneficent heritage to the ministry of the Church."

An appreciative friend in giving an estimate of Lawrence's life and character wrote in the "Boston Transcript":

"The record of the outward events in the life and career of this distinguished clergyman and citizen of Massachusetts carries but a feeble impression of a rare personality that has just been removed from our midst.

"Young men in his own profession looked upon him as a bright example of a man who never lowered the standard of his high conception of the Christian ministry. A greater reputation might have come to him in the world of affairs had he been less single-minded and unselfishly loyal to his principles. He was not self-assertive; he would not seek for the advancement of his own interests; his ministry in some ways reminds us of Dean Church in the quiet retirement of his Somerset parish, although the New England village had far more cultivation among its people and a

wider outlook upon life. But in the older England he would have been compelled, as Dean Church was, to assume a position of leadership in the great centers of ecclesiastical and civic life. His social gifts were many and all felt the charm of his talk. He had leisure for his friends.

"His gallant fight is ended. The brave, chivalric soul has passed into its new kingdom to love and serve with increased force and devotion. Of few men could the oft-repeated assertion he made with such real significance and truth, as was said of that knight of olden days, for Arthur Lawrence was 'without fear and without reproach.' One could wish that he might have died in the beautiful old house in Stockbridge, with its noble outlook over the garden and meadows leading across the valley of the Housatonic, up to the encircling hills from whence had come so much of strength and purpose. For his home was the center of his life. There he loved to welcome his friends with a simple and gracious hospitality. Yet it was not unfitting that the end should have come in the old town by the sea. With Ipswich his mother's family had been identified and here by the Essex marshes, amid his kindred in the early morning light of September twentieth, his radiant spirit entered with joy into the presence of his King.

"This world for many who loved and honored him will be henceforth more vacant and more sorrowful. What was said of Dean Stanley, whose friend he was, and whose spirit was so nigh to his own, may well be said of him:

"Even heaven must be a little brighter for his presence."

Pratt wrote the following letter in response to a request for informal recollections of Lawrence, which was also read at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1910, and it was

*Voted*, that Mason's memorial and Pratt's letter be entered on our Records.

. . . Let me say beforehand that what I write will not be at all of the nature of an obituary notice, but rather lively memories of him in his vacations when he was full of vigor and enthusiasm for whatever came. The occasional hardships of our primitive way of travel, primitive by choice, provided they were interesting hardships, "local color," were always in order. "They keep us young!" he used to say. "Travel nowadays is not genuine any more. It is too soft." And that was the way we started forth on journey after journey.

Lawrence's chief desire, and what was a real inside part of him, was always Spain, although we never managed to get there. That country he looked forward to as more genuine than any other; for he was as fond

of that word "genuine" as we apparently are to-day of "strenuous." Dust, saints, and cobwebs undisturbed was what we should find there, and that was precisely what he wanted.

I have still one of his old letters with a postscript which says, "Whatever else we do, about Spain I am in dead earnest, and we must keep at it until we get there." I myself had been there and knew the way, and this journey of ours together was to be the perfect thing with which nothing was the matter. Yet it never came off. Ignoring the proverb that half a loaf is better than not any at all, we wanted it all; and Lawrence never had that amount of time in the right season at his disposal.

I speak of this projected journey with a certain emphasis because it played for years a prominent part in our plans and thoughts. Although grown men, it was our young dream, and what we liked best to talk about. Many an evening have we sat from dinner until bedtime smoking and discussing what we should find between Madrid, for instance, and the Portuguese frontier; and this, that, and the other; and how much old-fashioned stage-coach would be still left there; or perhaps how much horse, or even foot. At any rate, the intention was long and delightful; and at any rate, too, we found in other countries an abundance without it.

As my early associations with Lawrence were entirely spiritual, more so than with any man I ever knew, I was astonished as time went on at his extreme liking for travel of this Bohemian kind, more as if he were a German student or an artist. His spiritual nature, singularly lofty and sustained, was always there and always felt alongside, and I was glad of it, for I could not imagine him, even in vacation time, otherwise than the same man. But it never prevented his large appreciation of useless old things, if I may say so, or, as we ourselves had it, of the cobweb unabashed. I had found that article nutritious, he said, and now he proposed to find it nutritious, too.

Meanwhile, leaving Spain to itself, what we did instead was travel in Italy, Germany, and Algeria, and in our own country in Arizona.

In Central Italy we knew all the old hill towns which are such a marked feature there; and in another journey we wandered in the same easy-going way through Northern Italy; and always in hot weather when the land was at its best.

In Northern Italy Ravenna was an especially strong point with Lawrence on account of the early churches for which it is almost unique. That city, after Spain, was the first name on his list, and the main goal once of a voyage across the Atlantic. On these Italian tours people moved out, and things, assuch, took their place; things, and, personally speaking, our own dusty clothes. We put up at inns. Lawrence's felt hat, once white, which he had brought from America — without the knowledge of his family and friends, I declared — was one he had worn four or five

years at home, fishing; and it showed it all over. But all the same it was in strict accordance with our Italian state of mind; for, as I say, it was hot, careless weather, and we had the land mostly to ourselves. Yet that hat was ever a question. To pass rapidly from one country to another—for we never travelled in more than one the same year—Northern Germany we found without flavor. It was too prosperous. What we wanted was something else. But our tour through Southern Germany, by which I mean Bavaria, was one of our best. Lawrence came to Europe to celebrate both his fiftieth birthday and his sixtieth, and chose Southern Germany for each. I, being a year older than he, inducted him, as I said, into the wisdom of the fifties and the sixties, and I made the most of my chance.

He was exceedingly interested in the German people as we saw them from day to day, and their way of combining gayety with sobriety; particularly Sunday afternoon gayety with beer and the dance, and grandfather and grandmother fetched along. Sunday breaking seemed to have become Sunday keeping. I remember, too, his going to church once in a small German town and saying when he came back that the sermon was one of the most interesting he had ever heard; for although he had n't understood a word of it, he saw it in the people's faces.

Another year, to pass again rapidly, we crossed the Mediterranean to Algeria. That was our country for long walks over hills in sunny winter weather, until we overdid it, and were laid up for a while with blistered feet; walks in the country, and in the evening talks in our particular home corner in a café. We discussed again the possibility of Spain, it was so near at hand; but the Spanish consul said it was too soon after the Cuban war for Americans to travel unmolested there in the interior. So again we gave it up.

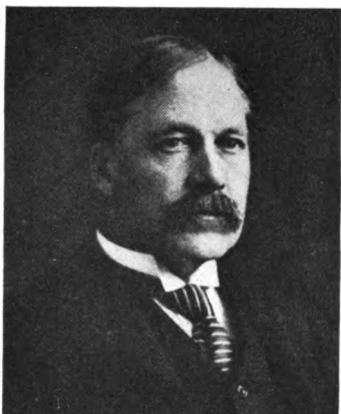
Finally, though not finally in the order of time, our grandest journey of all was to Arizona to visit the Grand Canyon. That we ranked ahead of everything, so much so—it was in October, '86—we never let the date pass in after years without a memorial letter.

There was no hotel there in those days, nothing but a two-roomed shanty belonging to a man who lived twenty-five miles away. He took us there, or rather down there, for it was at the bottom of the canyon, gave us enough canned food for several days, and then left us there alone in what was for us then, and ever remained so, the most extraordinary scene in the world entire. That was our climax and what we shook hands over hardest.

I might go on further with these short notes, but I have written enough to show what a robust enthusiasm Lawrence had for the wanderer's pack and staff, and also what a perfect comrade he was along the way. "True gold holds good in every land." The friction of travel, often dangerous for even the best of friends, with us but strengthened the bond.



\*ARTHUR LAWRENCE, \*1909



\*ARTHUR LINCOLN, \*1902



\*WILLIAM LINDER, \*1872



Neither did we consider our chapter of the highway closed. But now everything is suddenly ended, and he has gone to sleep.

In all love and reverence may the earth rest light upon him.

Good-bye, . . . and with my sincerest greeting to my classmates this day assembled,

Ever yours truly,

HERBERT JAMES PRATT.

PISTOIA, ITALY.

\* ARTHUR LINCOLN was born in Hingham, Massachusetts, Feb. 16, 1842. He died in Boston, Dec. 11, 1902.

See Report VII (1903), page 85.

His daughter Serita was married to Matthew Bartlett of Boston (Harvard, 1901), Oct. 4, 1911.

\* WILLIAM LINDER was born in Brooklyn, New York, Sept. 23, 1842. He died in Newton, Massachusetts, Jan. 18, 1872.

See Report V (1888), page 137.

\*JOSIAH LOMBARD, son of Josiah and Sallie (Ayres) Lombard, was born in Griggsville, Illinois, July 29, 1842. He died in Bronxville, New York, Dec. 10, 1908. After graduating he was for some time in the Fifth National Bank of Chicago, of which his father was president. He afterwards went to New York City and became a member of the firm of Lombard, Stevens & Co., Commission Merchants. Later he formed the firm of Lombard, Ayres & Co., with his classmate, cousin, and chum, Marshall Ayres, with whom he was always intimately connected as long as Ayres lived. This firm was engaged in refining petroleum, and was afterwards merged with the Tidewater Oil Co. Besides being a Director of this company, Lombard was a Director of the Platt and Washburn Refining Co., the East Jersey Railroad Terminal Co., the Elwell Mercantile Co., Wallace Muller & Co., and Vice-president and Director of the Indian Creek and Pound River Railroad Co. He was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society. He was married June 7, 1877, to Alice N. Rathburn of Verona Springs, New York. His widow and four daughters survived him.

The following memorial was written by Drew, and was read at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 30, 1909:

On Commencement Day, 1907, a brief two years ago, in this very place, we listened to an affectionate and just appreciation of the life and character of our classmate Ayres from the lips of his cousin and lifelong friend, Lombard. Now Lombard himself has passed away, and it is for us to offer, as best we may, a fitting tribute to his memory.

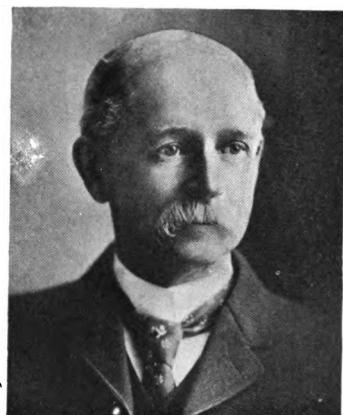
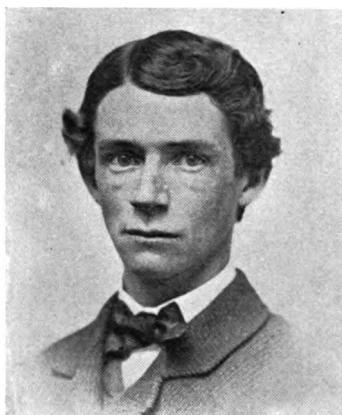
In college days, and afterwards, Lombard was of a reserved and quiet disposition, if not exactly shy; and yet he did not lack confidence in himself. He made acquaintances slowly, so that among his classmates *generally* he was never very well nor widely known. But among the men of his own social group (in student days twenty or thirty in number) who knew him intimately he was beyond question most respected, esteemed, beloved,— and this he continued to be for nearly fifty years, to the end.

Lombard was born at Griggsville, Illinois, 29th July, 1842. He prepared for Harvard with Ayres under Mr. Henry Tupper, a graduate of Yale. The two boys, who grew up together like brothers, received from their parents by example and instruction firm moral principles and the “orthodox” religious beliefs; by these their actions in youth were guided; nor did they ever abandon their early ideals, though with years and experience of the world their judgments became more liberal. Lombard was broad-minded in all things, and tolerant of the opinions of others.

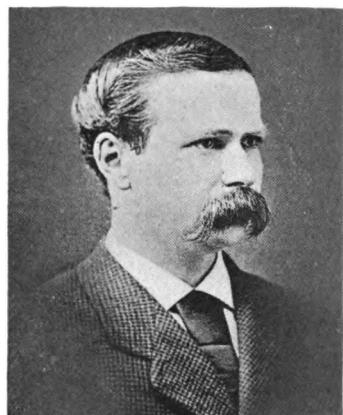
At college Lombard was a sufficiently diligent student; and as he possessed a clear understanding together with great power of concentration, he learned with exceptional ease. What is more, he had an unusually retentive memory. Thus the required college tasks were easily and quickly done, leaving him ample leisure for general reading,— of which he did a great deal. He graduated with honor, and was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa, achieving these distinctions without special exertion. He found ample time at college both for social intercourse and for sport. His companionship was eagerly sought by those who knew him well; and he used to row, play cricket, and exercise frequently in the gymnasium; so that in most games and sports he was more clever and skilful than his fellows. He never lost his enjoyment of outdoor life and outdoor recreations; even last summer, though his health was failing, being only less keen than in youth at sailing and fishing.

To his business career in Chicago and in New York, in which latter place most of his life was spent, others can refer more fittingly than the present writer,— who was able to see Lombard only during periodical vacation-intervals of sojourn in America.

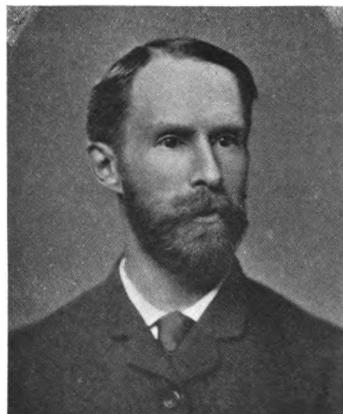
Lombard's married life was an exceedingly happy and delightful one; his



\*JOSIAH LOMBARD, \*1908



\*FRANCIS CALEB LORING, \*1888



\*HENRY LUNT, \*1887



home at Bronxville was ideal. He was honored as their idol by a lovely wife and devoted daughters; and, fortunately, when the end came they were round about him. Last summer his ill health gave them much solicitude; still he was able in the autumn to attend his office in New York daily and to do his work. The last evening of his life was passed serenely at the fireside; he felt well and played cards with his family. Early next morning came a sudden attack of heart disease, like what he had experienced a few times before; but at last he succumbed, and at dawn he was no more.

What Lombard's friends saw in his character most to be loved and revered cannot be told in a single phrase. Some would say it was the depth of his nature; there was about him nothing shallow or superficial or sham. He was pure, sincere, and sound,—throughout. One was never disappointed in him. In all relations, in all crises, he rang true. His friendship was never to be doubted,—it was a constant quality, an unfailing, refreshing well. While never demonstrative in manner, his sympathy even to the degree of tenderness somehow made itself felt; and to some of us there was always present in him a rare warmth, calmness, genuineness, silent strength.

Lombard was very modest, seldom talking about himself. But many depended on the value of his judgment, which was only expressed after reflection; and then his words came in a brief and definite way, not easily described, which carried conviction. With intimates his talk was rapid, well-informed, convincing, shot through with quiet mirth and humor,—yet never free of the restraint imposed by a kind and generous heart. In his company one always desired to be at his best,—because he himself was so true and so wise. Possessed of much tact, he was without acrimony or bitterness; yet in conversation one always got from him frankly exactly what he thought, just where he stood. Like most healthy men, he had a fund of hopefulness at all times; and in political matters he displayed a temperate optimism for the most part.

In his business, in his family, among his friends, he gave the impression of a man of positive decisions and of much reserved force and moral strength. And so in the moral relationships of life he enjoyed influence and love, and in the actual world of affairs he never failed to command the confidence of men.

It was

*Voted*, that the above memorial be entered on our Records.

\* FRANCIS CALEB LORING was born in Boston, Nov. 13, 1841. He died Oct. 30, 1888.

See Report VI (1893), page 43.

\* HENRY LUNT was born in Quincy, Massachusetts, March 28, 1842. He died in Quincy, Massachusetts, April 7, 1887.

See Report V (1888), page 140.

\* FRANCIS ALEXANDER MARDEN was born in West Windham, New Hampshire, June 19, 1840. He died in New York City, Jan. 31, 1893.

See Report VI (1893), page 44.

FRANCIS MARSH is still manager for Eastern Massachusetts of the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, at Boston, with his office in the John Hancock Building, 49 Federal Street. He lives at Dedham.

ELIAS HUTCHINS MARSTON has been a public school teacher since Nov. 28, 1864. He still holds his position as Principal of the Phillips Grammar School in Boston, and lives in Somerville, at 27 Maple Avenue. As a reason for not furnishing other subjects for record, he remarks that "The life of a public school teacher does not ordinarily exhibit startling vicissitudes."

\* EDWARD CHARLES MARVINE was born in Auburn, New York, Aug. 5, 1840. He died in Buffalo, New York, Nov. 26, 1878.

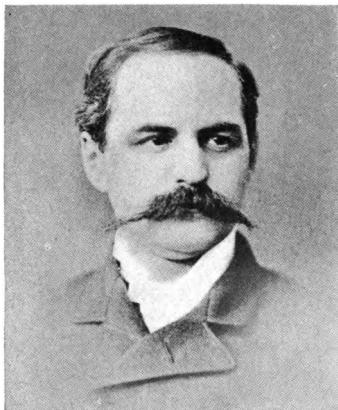
See Report V (1888), page 146.

AMOS LAWRENCE MASON. His address is 265 Clarendon Street, Boston. For several years he has made his home in winter with his daughter and her family at Palmetto Bluff, South Carolina. His summer home since 1897 has been at York Harbor, Maine. He calls himself a retired physician, but has been Consulting Physician to the Boston City Hospital since 1908.

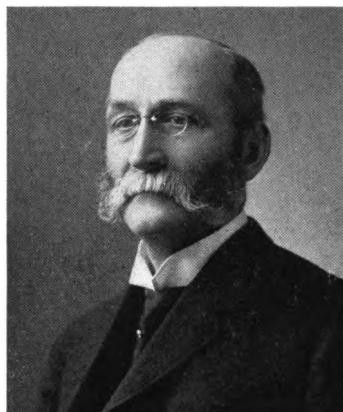
He has written: "Memoir and Correspondence of Charles Steedman, Rear Admiral, United States Navy, 1811-1890." Riverside Press, August, 1912.

His wife died Aug. 3, 1908.

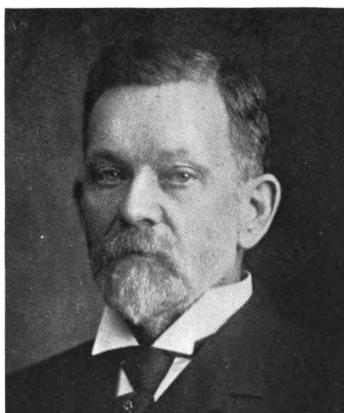
His only daughter, Marion Steedman Mason, was married



\*FRANCIS ALEXANDER MARDEN, \*1893



FRANCIS MARSH



ELIAS HUTCHINS MARSTON



March 11, 1902, to Richard Thornton Wilson, Jr. They have children: Louisa Steedman Wilson, born April 26, 1904; Marion Mason Wilson, born April 21, 1906.

\*GEORGE MIXTER, son of William and Mary (Ruggles) Mixter, was born in Hardwick, Massachusetts, Sept. 10, 1842. He died in Hardwick, Aug. 26, 1910. He fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy. After graduating he spent a few months in Boston, studying at Comer's Commercial College, and then returned to Hardwick and entered the woolen mill of George H. Gilbert & Co., and was afterwards in another mill of the same firm at Ware. Then he was for a while in a mill owned by H. H. Chamberlin & Co., at Millbury. In August, 1866, he formed a co-partnership with Edward Denny, at Barre Plains, for the manufacture of woolen goods, but they soon after closed their mill. After a brief connection with a woolen mill at Danville, Vermont, he went to Boston, Jan. 1, 1868, and attended the Institute of Technology for three months, studying mechanical drawing and physics. In May, 1869, he was appointed Agent of the Derry Mills at Goff's Falls, Manchester, New Hampshire, where he remained until November, 1873. In 1875 he joined with George S. Bullens as bankers and dealers in mercantile paper in Boston. This partnership was dissolved in 1878, and after that time, for the rest of his life, he continued the business by himself at 28 State Street. He had strong bucolic tastes, which he gratified by farming his ancestral acres in Hardwick, and made of them one of the finest farms in Worcester County. Mixter was very fond of shooting and fishing, and belonged to many clubs in different parts of the country, where he could enjoy his favorite sports.

The Barre "Gazette" of Sept. 2, 1910, says:

The Mixter Homestead of about sixty acres came into the possession of George Mixter and his sister Mary upon the settling of their father's estate about 1884. To this was added, after a little time, the Trow farm, near by, and then the Cutler Wesson farm, which partly separated the two. From 1894 to 1897 the foundation of the present large herd of pure-bred Guernseys was laid by the purchase of a number of choice animals from the herds of Mr. Francis Shaw of Wayland, Mr. H. H. Fay of

Woods Hole, and Mr. James B. Case of Boston. With the exception of a few animals the present herd has been bred and raised on the farm. As the number of cattle increased and opportunity offered, other farms have been added, until some thirteen hundred acres are now included in the farm. The growing of grass forage crops and roots for the feeding of the herd of about three hundred and fifty head of cattle requires the use of most of the cultivated land. A few acres are given to the growing of fruit, especially peaches and plums, of which a portion of the orchard is just producing a full crop. Mr. Mixter has been greatly interested for ten years past in the growing of alfalfa, and lived to see the time when, by following the proper course in preparing the land, seeding, etc., success is fairly well assured in many places in New England.

The large meadows upon the banks of "Big Meadow Brook," which gave the stream its name, were until recent years practically waste lands to a considerable extent. By deepening the brook, straightening the channel, and lowering the water level, the ponds have been made much dryer, and in the winter when frozen a thin coating of gravel has been applied, so that many acres which formerly only produced marsh grass and weeds, which had to be "poled" to the upland by hand in haying time, now cut heavy crops of first quality hay which can be carted directly from the meadow.

In 1908 the increase in the production of milk and cream for private custom in Boston made a new dairy building a necessity, and a commodious building of concrete and rustic stone was erected and equipped with the best dairy apparatus.

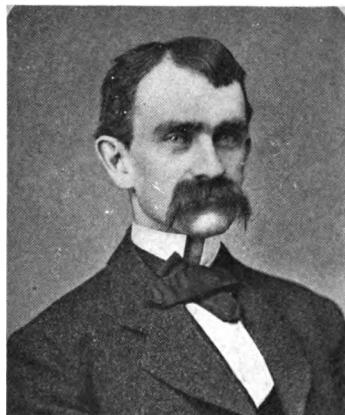
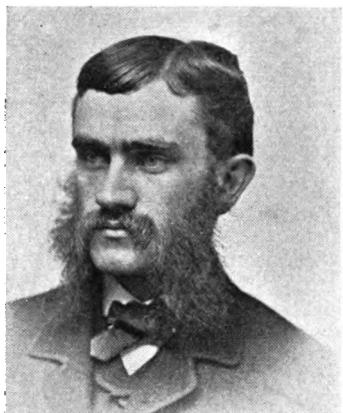
The best quality of vegetables always had a place in his garden, and new varieties with desirable characteristics were tested that any improvement might be taken advantage of.

Mr. Mixter cared nothing for display, but was always interested in the everyday things which helped to improve that which had been before. He was a man of unostentatious life. Though in intimate touch with the largest business interests, he always had a kindly greeting for the lowliest worker in his employ. A favorite maxim of his was this: "There are two things about which we should never worry — the things one *can* help and the things one *cannot* help, and other things than these should never worry anyone."

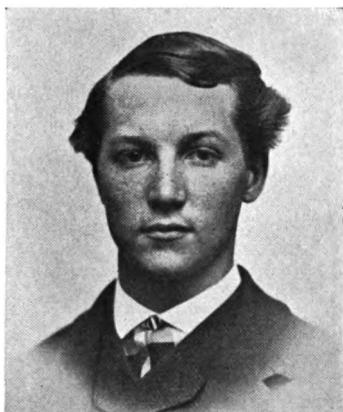
Mixer was never married. His sister, who resided with him, survives him, also his brother, Dr. S. J. Mixter, of Marlborough Street, Boston.

The following sketch was written by Mason:

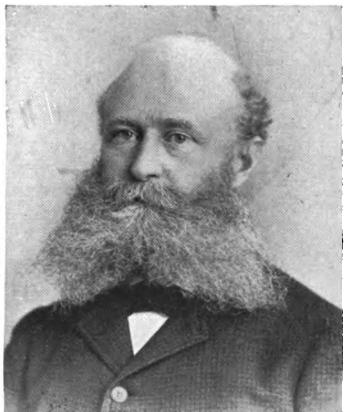
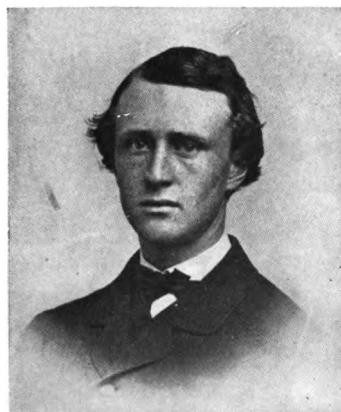
GEORGE MIXTER joined our class at the beginning of Freshman year, having received his final training for college at Phillips Andover Academy.



\*EDWARD CHARLES MARVINE, \*1878



AMOS LAWRENCE MASON



\*GEORGE MIXTER, \*1910



The writer, from a close association during over four years, remembers that he had good abilities, and, though not over-studious, was an intelligent student, especially in everything relating to natural history and agriculture, for which in those days there were scanty facilities. After graduation he entered into business and accumulated a comfortable fortune in the money exchanges. But he spent much of his time on the family estate at Hardwick, where he identified himself with the agricultural interests of Massachusetts, and his herd of Guernsey cattle was considered the finest in the land. He was interested in the "pure milk" question, and from his farm supplied a select clientele in the city. As a sportsman he was noted from his early days, both in pursuit of large game and with the dog and gun as a field shot. He followed the prairie chickens from the time when they were so plenty in the West that the young could be knocked down with a stick, until in later years they were almost exterminated. He was also an expert fly-fisherman for trout and salmon, and enjoyed the outdoor life. Though quiet and unassuming, he had a very social disposition and a sense of humor that made him always an agreeable companion.

He died at his home in Hardwick on Aug. 26, 1910, from a congestion of the brain, with indications of "heat stroke" superinduced by the extreme hot weather in the early autumn.

\* JOSEPH MOSELY MORIARTY was born in Boston, Aug. 16, 1842. He died in Chicago, March 6, 1888.

See Report VI (1893), page 46.

\*GEORGE SHATTUCK MORISON, son of John Hopkins (Harvard, 1831) and Emily Hurd (Rogers) Morison, was born in New Bedford, Massachusetts, Dec. 19, 1842. He died in New York City, July 1, 1903. We all know that he passed a very active life, and a detailed list of his achievements is too long to repeat and of a quite technical character. To understand the rank which he took in his profession one should read what was said of him by the Institute of Civil Engineers of London, the oldest engineering society in the world, and by the American Society of Civil Engineers, of which he was at one time President; and in a memoir prepared by a group of leading engineers with whom he came into close contact. It is probably fair to say that he stood at the head of the engineers of bridges in this country; and, as he was appointed by government to serve on the board which reported

on the feasibility of a bridge between New York and New Jersey, and on other boards which reported in regard to the harbors at different points — since he also was one of the leading, if not the most important, member of the Isthmian Canal Commission — it is obvious that his talents were by no means confined to the building of bridges. To quote from the memoir prepared by his intimate engineering friends:

He is the only engineer ever asked to deliver the Phi Beta Kappa oration at Harvard, which he did in 1896, with marked success. The substance of this address, and of several others bearing on the same subject, has been published since his death under the title of "The New Epoch as Developed in the Manufacture of Power," in which the important influence of the profession of engineers upon the civilization and industry of the world is portrayed by a master hand. Besides his professional work as an engineer, he interested himself in many matters of public interest.

He was for fifteen years a Trustee of the Phillips Exeter Academy and five years President of the board, resigning as such in June, 1903. To testify to his belief as a man of science, in the value of classical study, he began the endowment there of the Morison Professorship of Latin.

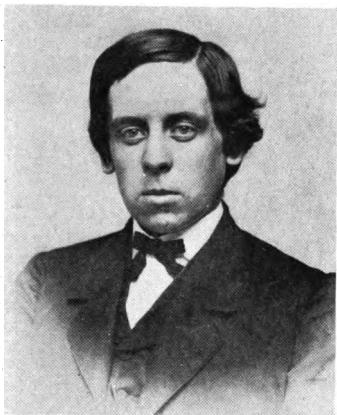
He planned and directed, as Chairman of the Building Committee, the construction of Soule Hall — a dormitory — and planned the interior arrangement of Peabody Hall — a second dormitory. A third, Hoyt Hall, was designed and built entirely by Mr. Morison. He shared equally with Professor Wentworth the cost of this building, the amount of money he put into it being considered a part of the endowment of the Morison Professorship in Latin. These three buildings are the most serviceable buildings of the Academy. Mr. Morison was also a member of the Building Committee in charge of the construction of the beautiful Alumni Hall recently completed. It was designed under his direction by Architect Casey, of New York.

Mr. Morison was a member of the Finance Committee throughout the greater part of his trusteeship of fifteen years, and its Chairman many years. Many of the funds were reinvested under his direction, and the Academy received the benefit of his services in many ways not commonly known.

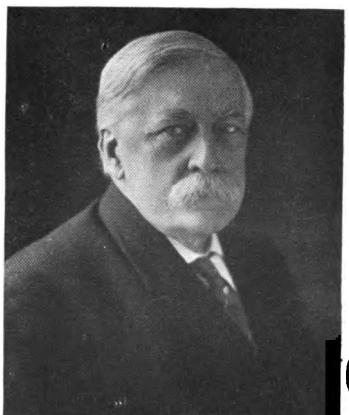
With all his varied interests he found time to aid others in a quiet way by suggestions, advice, and financially if the case warranted it. Notwithstanding the vast amount of work he had accomplished, there was a greater future before him, and we may well mourn the loss of a man so useful to the whole world as was Mr. Morison.



\*JOSEPH MOSELY MORIARTY, \*1888



\*GEORGE SHATTUCK MORISON, \*1903



JAMES HERBERT MORSE



To see how he was looked upon from another point of view, read the resolutions of the Board of Trustees of Phillips Exeter Academy at the time of his death. I have only room for a few extracts:

Professing that he was no educator, his earnest, intelligent work for the interests of the school has greatly increased its educational efficiency.

Great in counsel, with a power of analysis and a genius for detail seldom equalled, he looked far into the future, and in his death the Academy has lost one of its stanchest and most helpful friends, and the world at large an intellect which can ill be spared.

At a memorial service held in Peterborough, New Hampshire, July 12, Professor Fenn of the Harvard Divinity School spoke of him most justly as follows:

With most of us the boundary line between knowledge and ignorance is more or less dim; but here was one whose knowledge did not fade off into ignorance. Hence he spoke authoritatively, dogmatically, and any airy pretender to knowledge fared ill at his hands.

He certainly had a profound confidence in the value of accurate knowledge, and regarded it as especially important for a civil engineer. He said: "His business (that of a civil engineer) is to design the works by which the great sources of power in nature are directed." He speaks of him in his book, "The New Epoch," as one who "manufactures power." In his Phi Beta Kappa address he said: "The man engaged in the manufacture of power or utilization of its sources in nature can find no refuge in unproved theories or questionable practices."

Though he was led by his natural bent and by the necessity of his avocation to make the qualities of matter his chief study, to the neglect of the study of human nature, he was a keen critic of men, and nobody felt the importance of character more than he. I am sure that most of his classmates would have been astonished to know how well he kept the run of the different members of the Class. I should say that nobody except our Secretary knew as much about the careers of as many members of the Class as Morison did. He was undoubtedly a man of great value,

of the highest mental equipment and the highest moral standing, and a classmate of whom we cannot but feel very proud.

Written by Jackson and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1904, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

JAMES HERBERT MORSE lives at 126 Claremont Avenue, New York City. His summer home is at Cotuit, Massachusetts.

He writes under date of March 3, 1913: "My copy of the 'Report of the Class of 1863,' as last issued, is unfortunately in Cotuit. In that I believe the record of the 'boys' is brought up to 1902. At any rate, I shall begin at that date, and, so far as my record is concerned,

"‘Glean up the scattered ashes into History’s golden urn.’

"At the end of 1902 I left my school in New York simmering in the hands of my two partners for the winter and took my wife to Europe. The record of that winter you have. Returning in July of 1903, my school work went on until the spring of 1904, when the school was discontinued. After that, my chief travels were in the nature of a shuttlecock, shifting between New York and my summer home at Cotuit. My chief work since then has been writing for the weekly magazines and papers, — reviews of books, essays in criticism, and the like, a number of signed and unsigned articles, not important enough to be specified by title. That work I am still doing, and I belong, therefore, properly under the head of the tribe of 'Author.' In the autumn of 1910 (Nov. 15) my wife and I again started for Italy by way of London, where I had a midnight view of the interior of Westminster Abbey and spent an hour — a profitable hour — in the Chapel of John Harvard in Southwark Cathedral. Thence to Paris for a week, and to Rapallo on the Italian Riviera for two weeks. Thence to Rome for two months; to Florence for three weeks; to Venice for a month; and thereafter, by brief relays, north to Milan, Lucerne, Munich, Dresden, Amsterdam, and Antwerp, and so home by May 14. In Lucerne we had a glorious day on top of the Rigi,

after a three days' snowstorm in April. My wife couldn't keep out of the picture galleries, while I love big mountains and wide rivers; so we crossed the Thames, Seine, Rhone, Tiber, Arno, Rhine, the 'Iser rolling rapidly,' the Elbe, Danube, and so on; also sat by the hour in all the galleries on our line, six hours at least before the Dresden Madonna of Raphael. No office of profit has come to me from any quarter since 1902, and none of 'honor,' except that of 'President,' for the year 1907-08, of 'The Phi Beta Kappa Alumni Association of New York.' I am still a member of that Association, and of the Authors' Club and Century Association."

His son, James Herbert Morse, Jr. (Harvard, 1896), has a private school under his own name at Englewood, New Jersey.

His son, William Gibbons Morse (Harvard, 1899), was married Oct. 11, 1902, to Marjorie Dewey, daughter of Daniel and Mary A. (Adams) Dewey. He is engaged in the manufacture of cotton yarns in Germantown, Pennsylvania. Marjorie Dewey was a graduate of Radcliffe College in the Class of 1900.

They have children: Lucy Gibbons Morse, 2d, born Aug. 20, 1903; Marjorie Dewey Morse, born Dec. 5, 1904; William Gibbons Morse, Jr., born April 19, 1906; Mary Morse, born Sept. 14, 1908, died March 10, 1910; Barbara Morse, born Dec. 31, 1911.

His two sons were prepared for college in the J. H. Morse School for Boys.

His daughter, Rose Morse, prepared for college in the "Miss Gibbons School for Girls," New York; took the Harvard examinations at sixteen, passed without condition, having won four honors, and has the certificate of President Eliot to that effect. She was married, Dec. 26, 1903, to William Bailey Dunning, son of Edwin James and Frances Gore (Lang) Dunning. They live at 118 East 80th Street, New York.

They have children: James Morse Dunning, born Oct. 16, 1904; Frances Dunning, born Jan. 27, 1906; Sarah Dunning, born Oct. 29, 1910.

\***WILLIAM NICHOLS**, son of William and Lucinda (Stowell) Nichols, was born in Boston, Sept. 26, 1842. He died in Buffalo, New York, June 4, 1907. He received his early education in the

public schools of Boston and was fitted for college at the Boston Latin School. His career in college was marked by faithful devotion to his studies, and he graduated with high rank as a scholar. After receiving his bachelor's degree he immediately took up his life work as a teacher, first as Master of a Grammar school in Fall River, then as a teacher in the Quincy Grammar School in Boston, and subsequently in the Boston English High School. His leisure moments he devoted to legal studies, and having been admitted to the Suffolk bar in December, 1869, he began the practice of law with Classmates Bailey and Owen.

While waiting for clients he gave much time to private tuition in preparing boys for college, and for several years (from 1869 to 1876) he was connected with the Boston Evening High School, first as a teacher and later as Head Master.

In 1876, having been elected a member of the Board of Supervisors of the Boston public schools, he abandoned the law, and thenceforward devoted his attention exclusively to the profession of teaching, for which he had a natural and most remarkable aptitude. At the expiration of his two years' term of office as Supervisor he opened a Private Latin School for boys in Boston, and conducted it successfully until his removal to Buffalo in 1892. In that year, at the solicitation of its leading citizens he opened a school in that city for the fitting of boys for college. It is called "The Nichols School," and has been from the start the most prominent and successful school of its kind in Buffalo. Some years later he added to his labors and his influence by becoming the Treasurer and Head Master of an incorporated school for boys and girls known as the Franklin School.

In reference to Nichols's life in Buffalo, Classmate Wheeler writes as follows:

On my return from Europe in the fall of 1892 I learned that Nichols had opened a preparatory school in Buffalo. The gentleman who informed me said, "A number of us who had boys ready to be fitted for college had decided that a new up-to-date school was needed in Buffalo, and wrote to President Eliot asking him to recommend a man to take charge of such a school. He replied, 'If you can secure Mr. William Nichols, you will have the man you want.'"

I soon met Nichols, and after a separation of twenty-nine years had the pleasure of renewing a friendship which began with our Freshman year in College House.

In 1893 I placed at his school my two sons, the younger remaining until he entered Harvard in 1901. From 1895 to 1902 Nichols and I were neighbors, and I saw him both in his home life and outside of that privacy and of his schoolroom. It was indeed a privilege to have his friendship and intimacy, and this relation continued up to his death.

Very soon after Nichols established himself in Buffalo his worth was recognized by the best men and women in the city, and this high position he maintained to the very last. Though Nichols was fond of the right sort of social life, he has been too devoted to his school work to participate very largely in it, but he was always appreciated by those whose opinion was valuable.

In the councils of the University Club he has given important service, but his high standard of what was required of a teacher kept him too much a student to permit him to enter very largely into club life.

The Buffalo "Express" in its issue of June 5, 1907, said:

William Nichols will best be remembered for his success as an educator. In the fifteen years he worked in Buffalo he prepared hundreds of boys for Yale, Harvard, Princeton, and other colleges. Many Buffalo boys went to the big preparatory schools from Mr. Nichols's school. A man of high ideals himself, he impressed on his pupils those same high ideals of character and right living. He emphasized this side of teaching as well as scholarship. In Buffalo Mr. Nichols had a host of friends among old men and young. He was a prominent member of the University Club and, until recently, of the Saturn Club.

The Buffalo "Commercial," in an editorial article under the heading "A Born Educator," says:

The late William Nichols was one of those exceptionally gifted men who are commonly called "born teachers." He had, besides all the technical qualifications of the high-class teacher, a sympathetic insight into the boy-nature that enabled him to get each pupil's point of view, and to command each one's confidence and goodwill. He studied and respected the individuality and natural bent of every boy's character and capacity. Few teachers have lived in Buffalo who left so deep and permanent an impression on the character of the youths trained for college and life. His death is a public misfortune in an educational sense, and it will be sincerely lamented by a widely scattered body of youths and men who have been inspired by his wise and manly guidance.

A committee of the Council of the University Club of Buffalo designated to express to Mrs. Nichols the sincere sympathy of the members of the Club say:

Mr. Nichols has been a loved member of the Club; one who contributed largely to its usefulness; who has held positions of great responsibility and gave freely of his time and means to its upbuilding. To his intelligent effort and devotion the Club owes chiefly its library. His high ideals and scholarly attainments exerted a marked influence in the life of the Club; while his general disposition and uniform courtesy drew all to him with a strong and peculiarly endearing attachment, and his death has left a vacancy, a sense of loss, which time will not efface.

There might be quoted many other tributes, public and private, to the personal and professional worth of our deceased classmate, as tokens of the high esteem in which he was held in the city of his adoption. He had the patience, tact, and persistent devotion to duty which go to the making of a great teacher, and he lived to see his work appreciated and admired.

In his private life he was a generous, warm-hearted friend, a fond and devoted husband and father, and a high-minded, conscientious citizen. To the writer of this inadequate memorial, after an intimacy of the closest character for nearly fifty years, the death of William Nichols brings a deep sense of personal loss and a peculiar sorrow. At any time of life, even in advanced age, new acquaintanceships may be formed, but the intimate friendships of youth and early manhood can never be replaced.

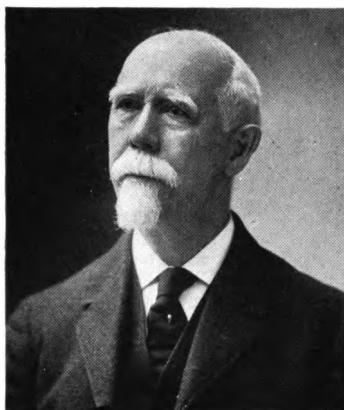
Written by Owen and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 26, 1907, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

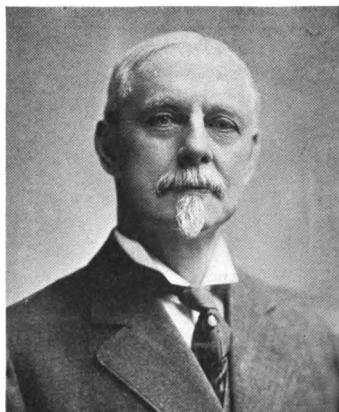
ROSCOE PALMER OWEN has his office at 730 Tremont Building, Boston, and lives at 65 Mt. Vernon Street. He is City Conveyancer in Law Department of City of Boston, which office he has held since July 4, 1881. Has been Justice of the Peace from 1868 to the present time. A member of the Bar Association of the City of Boston from 1894, of the University



\*WILLIAM NICHOLS, \*1907



ROSCOE PALMER OWEN



WILLIAM HENRY PALMER





Club from 1894 to December, 1911, of the Curtis Club from March 15, 1907, of the Abstract Club for many years.

He was married Sept. 25, 1909, to Mrs. Julia A. Nichols, widow of classmate William Nichols.

**WILLIAM HENRY PALMER** lives at 605 West 181st Street, New York City.

He still continues in business as an Insurance Broker at 141 Broadway, and has recently taken on a municipal office connected with the Department of Parks as a "side line," finding the work congenial and not unduly burdensome.

On Dec. 31, 1911, he finished a service of more than thirty-six years in the Seventh Regiment, National Guard, and was retired by operation of law with the rank of Major.

His son, Daniel Appleton Palmer, was married July 11, 1906, to Amy, daughter of Pedro and Emilia (Merlo) Hernandez.

In addition to the grandchildren already recorded he reports the following: Catherine Palmer Quackenbush, born Aug. 22, 1903; Beatrice Palmer, born Aug. 8, 1906; William Henry Palmer, 3d, born Oct. 27, 1907; Daniel Appleton Palmer, Jr., born Dec. 18, 1907.

**JAMES LEWIS PEARCE** lives in Kansas City, Missouri, and is connected in business with Groves Brothers' Insurance Agency Co., 212 Commerce Building.

He writes: "On referring to the pages of our last Class Book, covering the decennial period from 1893 to 1903, I recall that I was, at that time, a gentleman farmer, temporarily withdrawn from active business, and disporting myself on a thirty-acre estate in the suburbs of this city. Well, after thus revelling in the joys of rural life for five years, I, somewhat reluctantly, resumed business here, and have, ever since, been trying to keep step on the commercial treadmill.

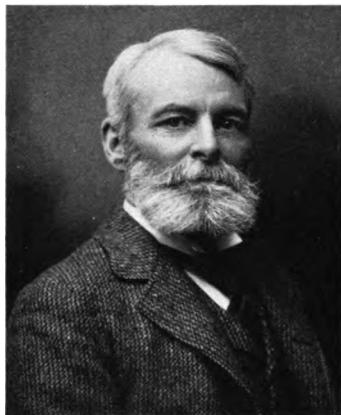
"Six years ago I built my present home here, just within the city limits, where, comparatively free from the 'cares of life and the deceitfulness of riches,' I am now living on borrowed time,

having recently exceeded the biblical allowance of 'threescore years and ten.'

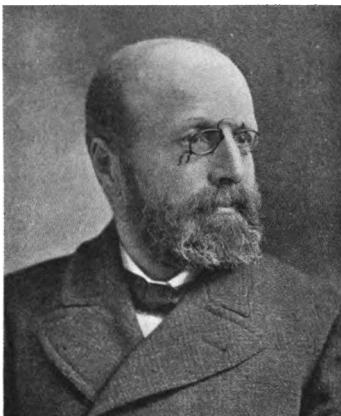
"I gratefully add that I remain sound in mind, body, and estate, with a conscience 'void of offense towards any man,' and an undiminished capacity for enjoying the blessings of life and also, I trust, for enduring with equanimity its sorrows and disappointments.

"Amid life's vicissitudes I realize that there is, indeed, 'a divinity that shapes our ends, rough hew them how we will.' In illustration of this fact I recall that, as a crude Kentucky youth of nineteen years, by mere chance (apparently) Harvard, instead of Yale, became my Alma Mater. Around the wisdom of that providential dispensation cluster some of the fondest memories and greatest opportunities of my life, and to my college course, its associations, environment, etc., I am an everlasting debtor beyond possible repayment. In grateful recognition and by way of recompense, soon after graduating and returning to my home in Kentucky I prevailed upon my younger brother and three of his schoolmates to enter upon a preparatory course for Harvard at a fitting school near Boston, to which I personally conducted them, but I regret to say that they failed to 'assimilate,' and, under a temporary attack of homesickness, the entire group mutinied and incontinently returned home. In mitigation of their iniquitous surrender I told their respective fathers that the radical difference in conditions (to say nothing of the great distance from home) between Massachusetts and Kentucky *was* rather trying, at first, to a neophyte, as I myself had experienced. I, unlike them, thank God, did 'assimilate,' as you, old fellow, assured me a few years ago while we were crossing Boston Common together towards a repast at the Club, the comfortable flavor of which still abides in my recollection.

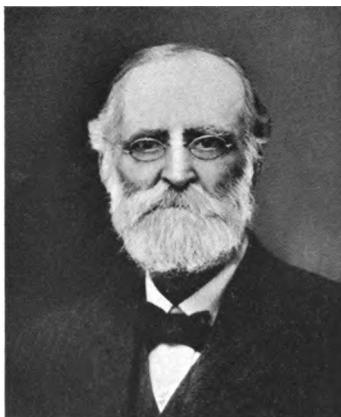
"I have now rendered you my record to date and trust it will serve, in some measure, to renew me to the group of valetudinarians of '63 when they gather around the banquet table June 18, as proposed, to celebrate our fiftieth anniversary. I hope to be present on the occasion, and if not there in the flesh I shall certainly be there in spirit."



JAMES LEWIS PEARCE



THOMAS BELLOWS PECK



\*JAMES LEONARD PERRY, \*1913



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**THOMAS BELLOWS PECK.** His address is Walpole, New Hampshire. Since 1909 he has been out of health and has gradually withdrawn from the activity in town affairs which he has always considered a pleasure as well as a duty, and has had in great measure to give up his researches into and writing about genealogical, historical, and biographical matters, which have always been a source of special delight to himself as well as to his friends.

He was a member of the Walpole Cemetery Committee from 1890 to 1911, Secretary of the Walpole Town Library Committee from 1891 to 1911, Treasurer of same from 1897 to 1911. While Peck was Treasurer he performed many of the duties usually belonging to the Librarian, and practically had complete authority. He delivered an address before the Keene Harvard Club, Dec. 9, 1904, on "Harvard in the Early Sixties," printed in the "Cambridge Tribune" of Jan. 28, 1905.

Besides books mentioned in previous Reports he has written:

"William Slade of Windsor, Connecticut, and his Descendants," 1910.  
"Richard Clarke of Rowley, Massachusetts, and his Descendants in the line of Timothy Clark of Rockingham, Vermont, 1638-1904," 1905.

\* **JAMES LEONARD PERRY**, son of William Frederic and Emeline Blunt (Davis) Perry, was born in Mansfield, Massachusetts, Feb. 4, 1842. He died in Plainfield, New Jersey, Feb. 2, 1913.

He prepared for college at Phillips Andover Academy. His father was a country physician of very limited means, and, in consequence, he was obliged to practise the most rigid economy and to depend mainly upon his own exertions for support. For this reason and because of a temperament naturally unsocial and self-centered he was comparatively unknown to the large majority of his classmates. He was apparently a faithful and diligent student, but attained only moderate rank.

At the close of his college course he spent nearly three years in teaching, two years at the Lawrence Scientific School, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1868, and two years in the service of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad in Iowa and Nebraska. In 1870 he entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, from which he graduated in 1872, and, after ser-

vice in Bellevue Hospital and as clinical assistant to Dr. Austin Flint, he took up general practice in New York City, which he continued for twenty-five years, and in which he acquired an excellent reputation and a handsome competence. About ten years ago his health failed and he purchased a home in the suburbs of Plainfield, New Jersey, where with his son, James Agassiz, born Nov. 16, 1892, he led the life of a hermit and a misanthrope till his death on Feb. 2, 1913. His mind was seriously affected by the disease from which he suffered, and this embittered his attitude towards the whole world.

He has never been present at Commencement since our graduation, but the writer found him not without a certain interest in the Class and in the careers of those who have gone before and of those who still survive.

He was married Nov. 10, 1891, to Adrienne Marie Duysters of New York City, who died March 28, 1893. Their son, James Agassiz Perry, survives them.

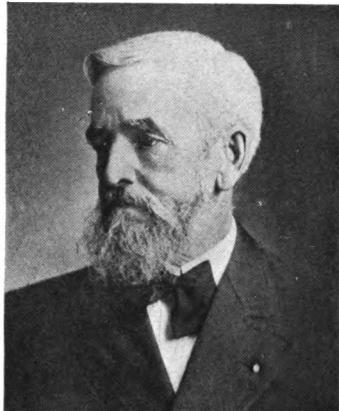
Written by Palmer to be entered on our Records.

WILLIAM LOW PILLSBURY lives at 506 West Elm Street, Urbana, Illinois. He has retired from his connection with the University of Illinois, having resigned the position of Secretary of the Board of Trustees and that of Registrar of the University, Oct. 1, 1910.

He was Secretary of the Alumni Association of the University of Illinois from 1899 to 1909, and on retiring was elected honorary member of the Association. He was President for several years of the Golf Club of the University, and was made honorary life member in 1909. With others he organized the Harvard Club of Eastern Illinois and was the first president, in 1903. He was a charter member of the University of Illinois Club, 1907; charter member and first president of the Gamma of Illinois chapter of Phi Beta Kappa, 1907.

He was granted retiring allowance, effective Oct. 1, 1910, by Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching.

His son, William Forrest Pillsbury (Harvard, 1889), married, Sept. 21, 1895, Alice, daughter of Moses Worthing and Ann



**WILLIAM LOW PILLSBURY**



**DAVID PINGREE**



**\*ALBERT KINTZING POST, \*1872**



Elizabeth (Blakemore) Merrill. He is now with Thompson, Towle & Co., stockbrokers, Boston.

His second son, Arthur Low Pillsbury, who graduated from the Lawrence Scientific School in 1892, took the degree of B.S. in architecture at the University of Illinois in 1895, and is now an architect in Bloomington, Illinois. He married, Nov. 9, 1898, Daisy Deane, daughter of Dr. William and Frances Plummer (Roach) Hill of Bloomington, Illinois.

They have a daughter, Frances Hill Pillsbury, born July 18, 1901.

His third son, Charles Stephen Pillsbury, prepared in the Academy of the University of Illinois, took his A.B. from that University in 1907, B.S. in Mechanical Engineering in 1908, and M.E. in 1910. He is a mechanical engineer with Chicago Bridge and Iron Works, Chicago, Illinois.

His only daughter, Bertha Marion Pillsbury, prepared in the academy of the University of Illinois. Took A.B. University of Illinois, 1895, A.B. at Radcliffe, 1896, A.M. at Radcliffe, 1898, Ph.D. at Radcliffe, 1911. She is a teacher in Simmons College, Boston, Massachusetts.

DAVID PINGREE gives his address as Salem, Massachusetts.

He writes: "My life since the last Class Report has been entirely uneventful, and I can answer most of your inquiries with a general negative.

"Last year I changed my legal residence to Topsfield, Massachusetts, where I have had a summer home for many years.

"I am passing the winter in Salem, occupied with such matters of business as require my attention."

\* ALBERT KINTZING POST was born in the City of New York, Jan. 5, 1843. He died in West Hampton, Long Island, New York, July 5, 1872.

See Report V (1888), page 162.

HERBERT JAMES PRATT still lives abroad, and is liable to such changes of base that his only sure address is care of Baring Brothers, London, England.

In a letter from him, dated Montreux, Switzerland, Feb. 5, 1913,

he says: "I have just received your letter and had it read to me. My answer must be short, and you must excuse pencil, for I am almost blind, — with inflammation of the retina in one eye and a cataract in the other. I am awaiting an operation on the latter if it ever matures. At present everything is fog. I cannot see my own text, and it strains me to try.

"I have no other news. In the last decade I was in North Africa in 1904, and in Greece in 1906. Otherwise I have been mostly in Italy — notably Florence.

"Give my heartiest greetings to my classmates on this our fiftieth anniversary."

\*WILLIAM HARRINGTON PUTNAM, son of James and Charlotte (Harrington) Putnam, was born in Lunenburg, Massachusetts, May 29, 1838. He died in Lunenburg, Massachusetts, April 16, 1905.

His life was devoted to teaching, which he zealously followed for forty years. During that time he filled positions at Dudley and Wrentham, Massachusetts; Exeter, New Hampshire; Brewsters, New York; Long Island City; Kentland, Indiana; and Baltimore, Maryland. He was private tutor one winter in Florida and the next in Georgia, and then in Washington, D. C.

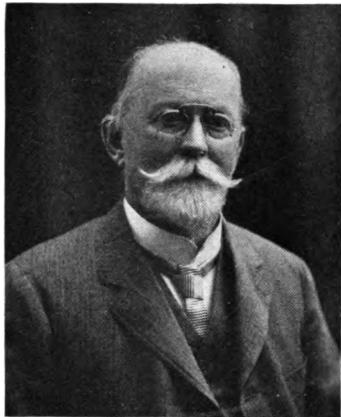
At the last place he had so many calls for a school that he decided to open one, which was known as the Putnam Preparatory School, of which he was the head for many years.

Among his many pupils perhaps the most distinguished is the present Secretary of the Navy, the Hon. Charles J. Bonaparte, whom he fitted to enter the junior class at Harvard, *without conditions*, which drew forth a complimentary personal letter from President Eliot.

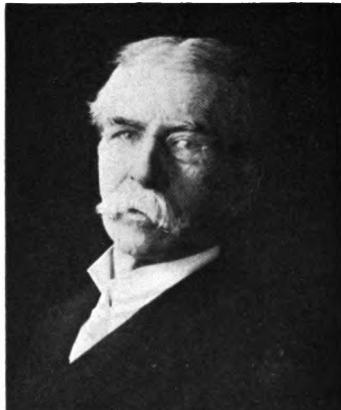
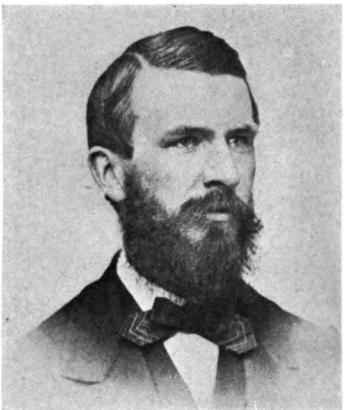
The "Fitchburg Daily Sentinel" of April 28 pays the following generous tribute to our modest classmate:

Mr. Putnam was a rare man. He was a born educator. Hundreds of young men all over the country owe their start and preparation for life to him.

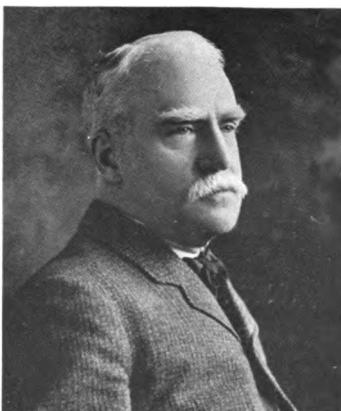
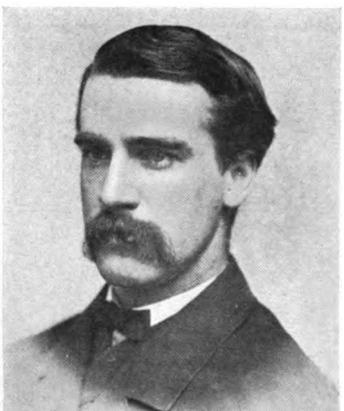
He was an old-fashioned gentleman, tall, dignified, genial, courteous always.



**HERBERT JAMES PRATT**



**\*WILLIAM HARRINGTON PUTNAM, \*1905**



**JOHN HOWARD RAND**





Mr. Putnam was greatly beloved in his town and by all who had ever known him. During his illness he received many visits from his old friends and pupils and a large number of letters.

Another paper, "The Public Spirit" of Ayer, Massachusetts, April 22, says of him:

His was a most beautiful, unselfish life. Always kind, gentlemanly, polite, affable, he will live in the hearts of the people long after many others are forgotten. . . . All his pupils loved him as they did a father, and in his death every one who knew him feels a personal loss. Truly a good man has fallen.

From these extracts it appears that those who knew him best and therefore could judge him best, award him high praise for his work as a teacher and his worth as a man.

The qualities of character which contributed so largely to his success in his life work were an inheritance from that fine New England stock from which he sprung, his family being one of the most influential in the beautiful and typical town where he was born and where he died.

He was an active member of the Congregational church of Lunenburg, of which he had been chosen a deacon. He was never married, but, like some of his classmates, got all the blessedness he could out of single-blessedness.

He never sought office, but consented to serve the town on committees at various times when duty called.

Such in brief is the story of our classmate's career.

He loved his God, he loved his country; he was a steadfast friend and a good citizen. He was a fine type of the simple life.

The review of such a man's life suggests that admirable old seventeenth-century hymn of Sir Henry Wotton, two stanzas of which are well worth quoting here:

"How happy is he born and taught  
That serveth not another's will;  
Whose armor is his honest thought,  
And simple truth his utmost skill.

"This man is freed from servile bands  
Of hope to rise or fear to fall;  
Lord of himself, though not of lands,  
And having nothing, yet hath all."

Written by Bishop and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 28, 1905, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

JOHN HOWARD RAND. His address is 157 West 94th Street, New York City.

He writes: "Am not in business, — same record as before."

GEORGE BRUNE SHATTUCK lives at 183 Beacon Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

He has been Overseer of Harvard College from 1890 to 1902, and again from 1903 to 1912,— twenty-one years of service in all. He was President of the Massachusetts Medical Society from June, 1910, to June, 1912. He is President of the Boston Medical Library; Senior Physician of the Boston City Hospital; President of the Massachusetts Medical Benevolent Society. He resigned the editorship of the "Boston Medical and Surgical Journal," Dec. 31, 1911.

His daughter Eleanor Shattuck (Whitney) was married to Elisha Flagg (Harvard, 1887), Nov. 17, 1909.

Since the last Class Report he has added three names to his list of grandchildren: Hugh Whitney, born Aug. 21, 1903; George Higginson, born Dec. 21, 1904; Mary Flagg, born Aug. 18, 1910.

HENRY NEWTON SHELDON lives at 270 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts.

He went to Europe in the summers of 1906, 1908, 1910, and 1912; and to the South and West, including New Orleans, Grand Cañon of Arizona, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Salt Lake City, Denver, etc., in January and February, 1811.

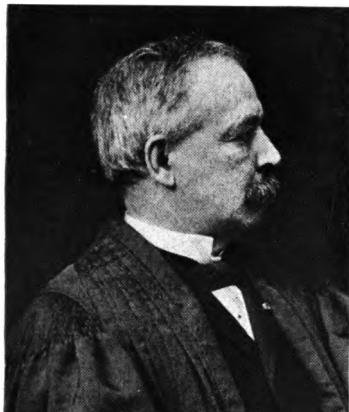
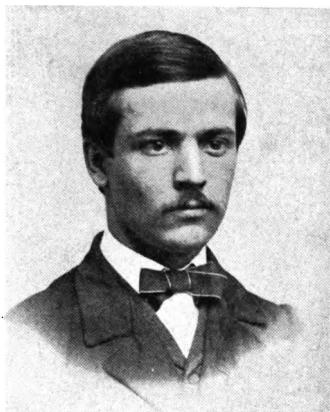
He remained a Justice of the Superior Court of Massachusetts until Oct. 18, 1905, when he became a Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court of the same State, and has since held that office.

He received the degree of LL.D. from Harvard in June, 1908.

His son, Wilmon Henry Sheldon, after having served as Instructor in Philosophy at Columbia University, New York, and as



GEORGE BRUNE SHATTUCK



HENRY NEWTON SHELDON



OCTAVIUS BARRELL SHREVE



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Preceptor or Assistant Professor at Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey, is now Professor of Philosophy in Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, and was married June 10, 1903, to Elizabeth H. Dunham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Dunham of Richmond, Indiana.

OCTAVIUS BARRELL SHREVE lives at 29 Chestnut Street, Salem, in winter, and has also residence in Topsfield, Massachusetts. He retired from the practice of medicine in 1903. Since then he has been occupied in the management of estates. He sailed for Europe May 10, 1906, visited England, France, and Wales, and returned Aug. 11, 1906. Again he was in Europe in 1910, leaving home April 26, visiting England, France, Bavaria, Austrian Tyrol, Munich, Vienna, Budapest, and Wales, and getting back July 21; and from July 30 to Oct. 17, 1912, he was abroad, in England, Scotland, Belgium, Germany, Denmark, Norway and Sweden, France, and Wales.

He is President and Director of the Shreve, Crump & Low Company.

His son, Benjamin Daland Shreve, was married June 31, 1907, to Katherine Sanders, daughter of Charles and Helen (Lord) Sanders. They live in Salem, and have children: Benjamin Shreve, born March 7, 1908; William Huntington Shreve, born Oct. 22, 1909; Richard Shannon Shreve, born Feb. 13, 1912.

His daughter, Mary Daland Shreve, was married Sept. 17, 1907, to William Ezra Northey, son of William and Margaret (Anthony) Northey. They live in Salem. They have a child, William Ezra Northey, Jr., born Dec. 14, 1909.

The oldest son of Dr. Edward Lawrence Peirson and Genevieve (Shreve) Peirson, who in the last Class Report is called Edward Shreve Peirson (born June 11, 1899), is now called Edward Lawrence Peirson, Jr. Other children of Dr. and Mrs. Peirson are: Benjamin Shreve Peirson, born Oct. 3, 1905, and Octavia Shreve Peirson, born Dec. 23, 1908.

\*CLEMENT LAWRENCE SMITH, son of George and Mary (Lewis) Smith, was born in Upper Darby, Pennsylvania, April 13,

1844. He died in Cambridge, Massachusetts, July 1, 1909. He fitted for college in the schools of Haverford, Pennsylvania, was graduated at Haverford College in 1860, and entered the Class of 1863 at Harvard at the beginning of the Junior year, having meanwhile tried a business life for a few months in Philadelphia. But heredity told upon him, for he was born to be a scholar and teacher and administrator, from a line of ancestors on both sides who had been prominent among their fellow townsmen as educators and holders of offices of trust and responsibility. He had graduated from one college at the age of sixteen, from the second when nineteen, with high rank and a confessed fondness for mathematics, but with no settled plans for the future. However, a few weeks after completing his course at Harvard his first *Alma Mater* claimed his services, and he was appointed Professor of Classics and Mathematics in Haverford College, where he remained two years, acting during the last year as librarian. In October, 1865, he matriculated at Göttingen, and attended lectures on subjects connected with philology. He traveled extensively through Europe, spending seven or eight weeks at Athens, where he studied the topography and antiquities of the place. He arrived home in June, 1867, and devoted himself at Upper Darby to classical studies. In the fall of 1869 he accepted the professorship of Greek and German in Swarthmore College, but a year later became a tutor of Latin at Harvard College, and after three years Assistant Professor of Latin. He was made Professor of Latin in 1883, and was elected Dean of the College Faculty from June 28, 1882, which position he resigned in 1891. He spent the academic year 1897-98 in Rome as Director of the American School of Classical Studies. His personal studies were directed to an examination of the manuscripts of Suetonius in the Vatican Library. He also studied the manuscripts of the same author in Florence, Venice, Munich, Leyden, and the British Museum. The results of this investigation were published in 1901. In 1898 he was elected Dean of the Faculty of Arts and Sciences, and held this position, in addition to his professorship, until 1902, when impaired health warned him to diminish his responsibilities. In 1901 he was elected Pope Professor of Latin, succeeding Prof. G. M. Lane.

This post he resigned at the close of 1904, on account of growing disability. A letter engrossed on papyrus manufactured by Professor Goodale from the stalks of plants grown in the Botanical Garden in Cambridge, written in Latin, and presented to Professor Smith by his colleagues in the Department of the Classics, Dec. 22, 1904, bears eloquent testimony to the good-fellowship prevailing among them, to their respect for Smith's qualities of head and heart, and to their regrets for the loss to themselves and to the College which his proposed resignation of his position as professor would be.

The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him by Haverford College in 1888, he having taken his A.M. in that college in 1863.

Smith himself has said that his college duties had been too engrossing to permit him to write much. This is true enough, but still his pen did good service in many ways, contributing its share to maintaining and fostering an interest in classical studies, and keeping the standard high. He has been editor in conjunction with Professor Peck of Yale University of the *College Series of Latin Authors*, prepared by various American classical scholars. His own contribution to the series, an edition of *Horace's Odes and Epodes*, was published in 1894. Among his printed papers are *Virgil's Instructions for Ploughing, Fallowing, and the Rotation of Crops; Georgics I, 43-83*, "American Journal of Philology," II (1881); *On the Use of Language in Education*, being the annual address before the Alumni Association of Haverford College, July 1, 1873, published by the Association and reprinted in the "Friends' Quarterly Examiner," London, January, 1874; *Shall we teach Greek and Latin as Dead Languages?* the "Quaker Alumnus," January, 1879; *Address in Behalf of the Alumni*, at the Inauguration of President Sharpless of Haverford College, May 19, 1887; *Catullus and the Phaselus of his Fourth Poem*, "Harvard Studies," III (1892); *Cicero's Journey into Exile*, "Harvard Studies," VII (1896); *The American College in the Twentieth Century*, "Atlantic Monthly," February, 1900; *A Preliminary Study of Certain Manuscripts of Suetonius' Lives of the Cæsars*, "Harvard Studies," XII (1901).

With the exception of two years on the School Committee of Cambridge, 1882-84, Smith does not appear to have held public office. Since 1886 he has repeatedly represented Harvard College in the convention of colleges in New England on admission examinations. He edited several volumes of the University Catalogue. He was one of the corporators of the Society for the Collegiate Instruction of Women, 1882 (known as the Harvard Annex or Radcliffe College), taught in their classes, and presided over their examinations. He has been Corresponding Secretary of the Harvard Chapter of the Phi Beta Kappa. He was a member of the American Philological Association, president of the same in 1899. He was also a member of the New England Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools, and an honorary member of the Berlin Anglo-American Students' Club. These things are mentioned to show the nature of his activities. He would still be doing. Besides he was continually increasing the amount of his teaching, and giving much attention as chairman of the Classical Department to the development of the classical instruction offered by the University, especially in its higher grades.

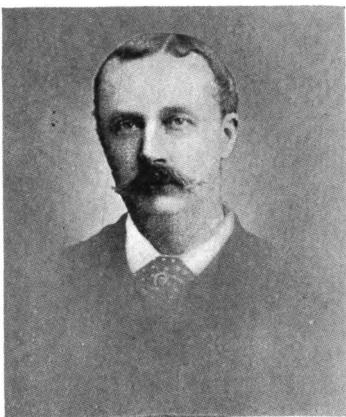
He was married, August 25, 1870, to Emma Gertrude Griscom, daughter of Dr. John H. Griscom of New York City. She survived her husband a few months only. She died April 8, 1910. They had four children, still living, one daughter and three sons. The three sons graduated at Harvard in the years 1895, 1897, and 1905, respectively.

This sketch was prepared by the Acting Secretary and printed in the "Harvard Graduates' Magazine" for September, 1909. The following notice appeared in the "Harvard Bulletin" of Oct. 27, 1909:

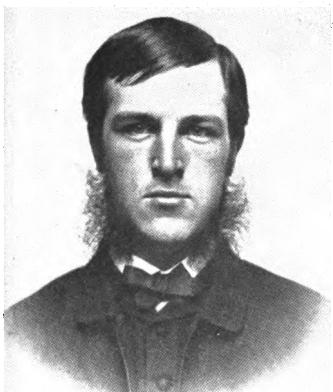
Professor Smith rarely spoke in public, and outside of his two colleges, Haverford and Harvard, was little known. He chose the quieter part, working always with perfect fidelity and with a single-mindedness which no one who knew him could question and which no one could surpass. As Dean he seemed to many of the undergraduates precise, devoted to precedent, scarcely sympathetic; to the few whose dealings with him were unofficial, he revealed a kind heart, a thoroughness that nothing could disturb, a lovable simplicity, and heroic courage. No more upright man ever judged the erring, no man to whom a case could be entrusted with more



\*CLEMENT LAWRENCE SMITH, \*1909



\*WILLIAM STACKPOLE, \*1901



EDWARD GRAY STETSON



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confidence that personal prejudice would not move him a hair's-breadth. His whole life went into the college; and to him every detail connected with Harvard was of absorbing interest. His good deeds were many; but he never advertised a single one of them. People had to find him out; when they had found him out, he was a rock of dependence for all time. Especially to a younger administrative officer it was a comfort to know that there was such a man in the world.

In his last years he faced gradual and inevitable helplessness, with no numbing of the mind to lessen the horror. He never complained: while he could work, he worked; and so long as he could speak, he loved to talk of Harvard College.

Read at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1910, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

\* WILLIAM STACKPOLE was born in Boston, April 27, 1842. He died in York Cliffs, Maine, August 10, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 112.

EDWARD GRAY STETSON. His address is San Rafael, California.

He writes under date of Jan. 30, 1913: "At the time of the last Class Report, in 1903, I was living at my home, Toyon, near San Rafael, California, and practising law in San Francisco. I am still living at the same home, but most of my legal work ended with the San Francisco fire of April, 1906. The earthquake of that date did me no great harm, but the fire destroyed everything in my office and some property outside of it. Luckily I had my house in the country and that escaped injury. I was turned adrift. If there had been offices available in the city, down town, I should probably have continued in practice there. But I was reluctant to establish myself in the kitchen of some remote dwelling house and begin all over again. So I waited, uncertain, and still waited till I came to the conclusion that it was not worth while to bother any more about law offices; and not being so young as I was, I have gradually settled down to a semi-bucolic life in the country.

"I have made no journeys nor held any offices. I have not done any more marrying nor had any more children, and there have been no deaths in my immediate family.

"My two sons are now at the University of California, at Berkeley. The elder, Meriam, entered in January, 1910, from the San Rafael High School, and the younger, Philip Cushing, entered in January, 1911, from the Phillips Exeter Academy.

"I shall welcome the Class Report when it comes; for though Comte is here, I have seen no other classmate for years."

\* EDWARD LEWIS STEVENS was born in Boston, Sept. 30, 1842. He died near Camden, South Carolina, April 18, 1865.

See Report V (1888), page 178.

\* HENRY ARNOLD TABER was born in New Bedford, Massachusetts, Sept. 23, 1841. He died in New Bedford, Oct. 5, 1868.

See Report V (1888), page 180.

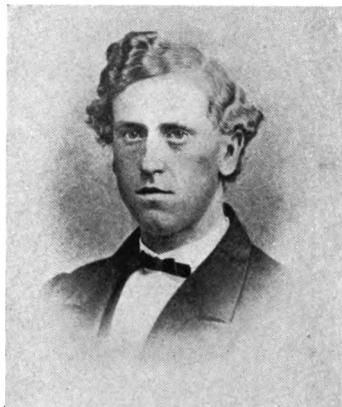
GEORGE SAMUEL TOMLINSON lives at 281 Heath Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts. He holds the record in our Class for attendance at Commencement, having been present and registered at our Class Meetings in Holworthy for forty-five of the forty-nine years. He has another grandchild, Dorothy Badger, born March 19, 1904.

\* HENRY ELMER TOWNSEND was born in Boston, Dec. 29, 1841. He died in Boston, July 14, 1891.

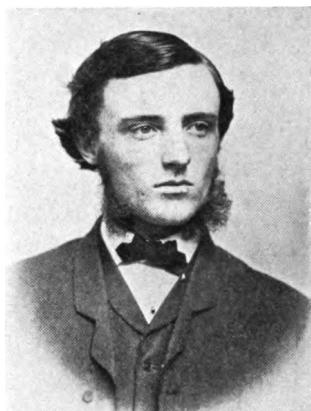
See Report VI (1893), page 57.

\*HENRY TUCK, son of Henry (M.D. Harvard, 1834) and Caroline (Crocker) Tuck, was born in Barnstable, Massachusetts, May 9, 1842. He died in Seabright, New Jersey, Sept. 2, 1904.

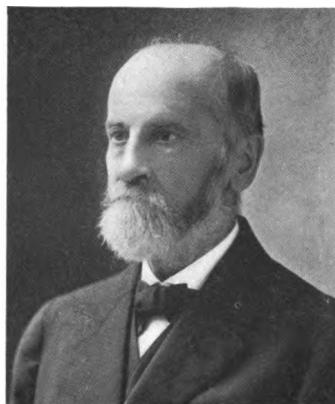
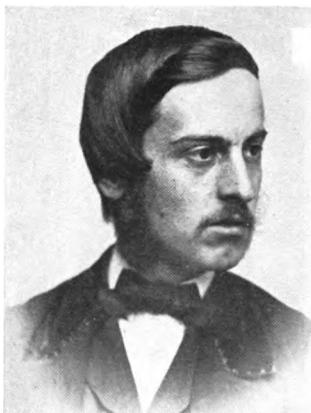
He fitted for college at the Boston Public Latin School. After leaving college he studied at the Harvard Medical School and served as acting assistant surgeon in the army during the closing



\*EDWARD LEWIS STEVENS, \*1865



\*HENRY ARNOLD TABER, \*1868



GEORGE SAMUEL TOMLINSON

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months of the Civil War. After completing his studies at home and abroad he began in 1868 the practice of medicine in Boston, where for ten years he continued in the general practice of his profession, and served from time to time as medical examiner for three life insurance companies, besides doing much useful work as manager or trustee of charitable and benevolent associations. In 1878 he went to New York to live, having been elected Medical Director of the New York Life Insurance Company. Of this company he was senior vice-president from 1885 to the day of his death. Dr. Tuck was married Nov. 26, 1873, to Emma Roumelia Beers, of Yonkers, New York, daughter of a former president of the New York Life Insurance Company, by whom he had three children, two sons and one daughter. His wife died Nov. 9, 1898, and in 1902, Sept. 23, he married Mrs. Elenore Boyd Hammond of Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts, who survives him.

Such is the brief formal record of Tuck's life. But to those of us who knew him well much can be read between the lines. We remember the hearty, wholesome boy of our college days, brimming full of good nature, with a keen appreciation of humor, straightforward in his opinions, somewhat blunt in expressing them, his very presence, with its well-rounded outlines, a benediction, which made his sobriquet of "Friar Tuck" seem an appropriate one to us, loyal in his friendships, interested in all Class and college matters, ready in such studies as appealed to his tastes. His interest in the Class he always retained, and was almost always with us at Commencement while he lived in Boston, and as often as possible after he had removed to New York. He was toast-master at our first triennial dinner, and was to preside at one of the more recent dinners (1898), but illness in his family forced him to decline the position. However, he sent his greeting in the shape of some verses which were read at the dinner and published in the Secretary's Report. In them he says:

Affection for old friends grows in the heart  
Stronger and stronger . . .  
Let us . . . press bravely on,  
Cheering our friends, helping our fellowmen,  
That, like Ben Adhem, we "lead all the rest."

Our Secretary was constantly consulting with Tuck for information about our classmates and for advice in Class matters. Tuck contributed freely to all Class and college enterprises, and aided too in imparting zeal to others.

Tuck grew to be a man of affairs in the business sense, was a successful manager of large and important business interests, and much liked and respected by those who had to do with him. In fact, however, he was all his life a man of affairs, in that he made whatever came to him in the line of his duty his "affair," to be treated according to his straightforward, clear-sighted nature to the best advantage for all concerned. The list of charitable and benevolent organizations that he was a worker in, both while in Boston and afterwards in New York, is too long to be repeated here, but may be found in our Class Reports, as well as the various appointments in his profession, and the steps by which he reached his high position in the Insurance Company. It would seem that whatever of human interest came in his way was his "affair." And so he proved himself a man. One instance must suffice for illustration. Tuck was for a while Assistant Superintendent of the Massachusetts School for Idiotic and Feeble-minded Youth, under such circumstances that the whole responsibility and authority fell on him. He wrote some years afterwards to the Class Secretary: "Upon no work of my life do I look with more satisfaction than upon what I did in my two years' service there." When he died the front of the New York Life Insurance Company's building in New York was draped in honor of his memory, and a well-known newspaper correspondent spoke of him as one "whom thousands knew intimately, and scores of thousands knew as an object of veneration and respect." In the minutes adopted by the New York Life Insurance Company on Tuck's death he is spoken of as

the oldest trustee in point of service, . . . and his judgment in all matters to which he gave special attention was implicitly relied upon and seldom at fault. . . . For twenty-seven years Dr. Tuck was a directing force at the Home Office, and both on the Board of Trustees and as an Executive Officer he has given to the Company the best service of a trained mind, a large experience, and a whole-souled devotion to its

highest interests. Personally Dr. Tuck endeared himself to his associates by his frankness of manner, sincerity of speech, and his friendliness to everyone who served the Company. Looking back upon such a life, upon its labors and its successes, we bid our friend and associate farewell with the feeling that he fully merits the encomium, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Our classmate Cromwell writes, bearing witness to "certain salient points which show," as he says,

the high character of Tuck, his marked ability, and a complete integrity of purpose to which under all circumstances, however trying, he unqualifiedly adhered. Without doubt, the discriminating judgment of our classmate had much to do with the growth and influence of the great corporation of which he was for many years an Executive Officer and Trustee. Later on, a discussion as to methods of doing business led to a complete reorganization of the official staff of the Company and a quite general change in its administration. Then, the evidence of Henry Tuck's worth and much-needed assistance was strikingly given. The Board of Directors and the new Executive Managers all desired the continuance of the Vice-President, and though entanglements were somewhat embarrassing, there was a unanimous request that he should remain at his post. This epoch in Tuck's life was widely regarded as a notable one, and one such important evidence of character and ability is more instructive in summing up the staple qualities of the man than a host of minor incidents might be.

In his domestic life Henry Tuck was a loving husband and a devoted father. More than once when I met him I was impressed by the warmth of his affection for his family, and furthermore by the fact that he was retaining his fondness for the Ancient Classics, which were his favorite study as a college boy. Conscious for a considerable time that the ailments from which he suffered might terminate his life, he was always patient under the affliction, and finally, "when from busy day came the peaceful night," he left behind him a record worthy of the high traditions of our Class.

One whose relations with Dr. Tuck were intimate throughout his life, though not a member of our Class, writes:

Except for the change which necessarily comes with advancing years he remained very much what he was in his earlier days. He was a man of great independence of character, expressed himself bluntly, but with so much good nature, that he seldom or never gave offense. His standard of honor and integrity was very high, and he gave the most conscientious

and painstaking attention to the affairs of the Company with which he was connected. He was very constant in his friendships, and his loyalty to Harvard College never wavered. His sense of humor and his quick wit remained unabated throughout his life.

Our classmate Shreve writes:

Tuck exhibited the same sterling qualities when we were all in Vienna together, studying medicine, which we recognized in him during our college course, and which stood by him through life. Besides having the care of his mother and sister who were there with him, he seemed to feel responsible for the whole American colony of thirty-five. He had a word of advice for every one, both as to studies and morals, and could give it in a blunt way and so kindly that he never gave offense. He had a rare sense of humor and was always cheerful. . . . He was a man whose character would be a model for anyone to imitate.

Sept. 5, 1904, the Acting Secretary wrote Mrs. Tuck a few lines, and received this reply from her Sept. 15, 1904:

DEAR SIR:

Dr. Tuck was such a true and loving son of Harvard and had such a warm and tender affection for his Class, that your letter gives me much pleasure, for I must always love the Class of 1863 for his dear sake, and beg that you will thank his classmates for their sympathy for

ELENORE TUCK.

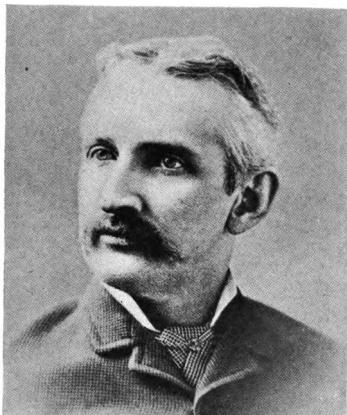
Read by the Acting Secretary at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 28, 1905, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

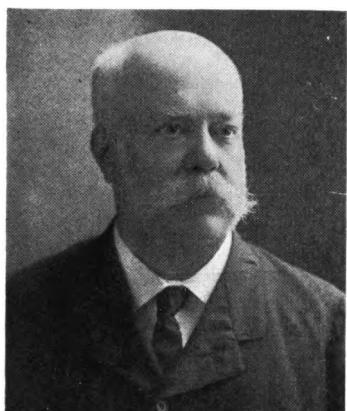
\*ROBERT NEWLIN VERPLANCK, son of William Samuel and Anna B. (Newlin) Verplanck, was born in Fishkill, New York, Nov. 18, 1842. He died in Orange, New Jersey, Jan. 10, 1908.

He was of the ninth generation of the family name in New York State. He was the grandson of Gulian C. Verplanck, who was one of the founders and the first president of the Century Club; and who was a man of letters, and, I believe, the first American editor of Shakespeare's works.

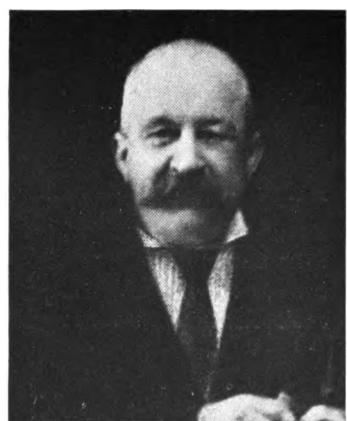
Soon after graduating at college during the Civil War, Robert,



\*HENRY ELMER TOWNSEND, \*1891



\*HENRY TUCK, \*1904



\*ROBERT NEWLIN VERPLANCK, \*1908



on Sept. 15, 1863, went to the front as a Second Lieutenant in the Sixth U. S. Regiment of Colored Troops; he was appointed First Lieutenant on Nov. 23, 1864; was advanced to the rank of Captain on April 2, 1865. His promotion to a captaincy was for meritorious services at Petersburg, Virginia. On his return from the war he traveled for a time in Europe, and later, during the year 1870, entered into business life in New York City. Subsequently he returned to the management of his father's large landed estate in Fishkill, New York; but after a few years he returned to New York City and again engaged in a business undertaking, from which, however, he had retired some time before his death.

Robert Newlin Verplanck married Miss Katharine Brinckerhoff, daughter of the late Matthew V. B. and Mary (Willis) Brinckerhoff, of Brinckerhoff, Dutchess Co., N. Y., and is survived by his widow, three sons, Gulian C., William S., and Robert Sinclair, and two daughters, Miss Judith C. Verplanck and Mrs. Mary B. Kent.

The foregoing particulars of Verplanck's career are furnished by his old chum Cromwell, who adds:

It has not been my good fortune to see very much of Verplanck since our graduation, for, although we were for many years not separated by great distances, our lines of occupation diverged and our daily associations seldom brought us together. But I saw enough of my old friend to recognize in him at every meeting the genial happy temperament which all who knew him will recall as an unvarying characteristic of his younger days; and with that temperament remained the hopefulness and "cheerful faith in all things" which made him a bright companion.

His affection for the memories of former years, and especially his enthusiasm in recalling the happiness of his college days, I remember as in evidence whenever we met. While in his business efforts Verplanck did not make the advances which he hoped for, I am sure that the shadows caused by lack of success were neither deep nor lasting, and under the shadows one often saw the "guinea stamp" of a fine ancestry which showed itself in interesting ways.

Read at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 24, 1908. And it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

Mrs. Verplanck writes:

ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 8, 1912.

Our daughter Mary Brinckerhoff Verplanck married James Kent, grandson of Chancellor James Kent, Oct. 27, 1903. They have two children: Katharine Verplanck, born Aug. 15, 1904, and Louisa Morris, born May 9, 1909. Our son William S. Verplanck married Kathryn V. Tracey of New York, July 18, 1912.

Our daughter Judith Crommelin is teaching in the Normal College, New York. Robert Sinclair is employed by the White Motor Car Company, Newark, New Jersey, as Superintendent. Gulian Crommelin is still in the treasurer's department of the Mutual Insurance Company of New York.

\* BENJAMIN READ WALES was born in Dorchester, Massachusetts, Feb. 4, 1842. He died in Boston (Dorchester), August 31, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 116.

HORACE WINSLOW WARREN lives at 16 Brent Street, Dorchester Centre, Massachusetts.

Until Aug. 31, 1912, he continued in the position of Principal of the Henry L. Pierce School District in Dorchester. On that date he was retired from active service, in accord with the rule of the School Committee, establishing an age limit for all Boston public school teachers. Age limit, seventy years.

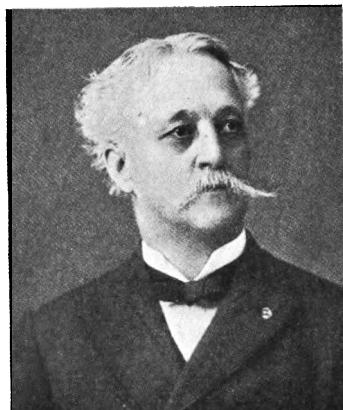
In September, 1905, he changed his residence from Jamaica Plain to Dorchester.

In the summer of 1910 he made an eight week's trip to Scotland, England, France, Belgium, and Holland.

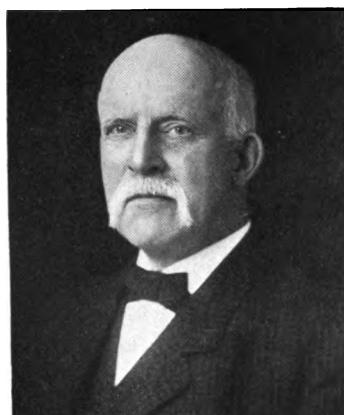
His daughter, Helen F. Warren, was graduated at Mount Holyoke College in 1908. She was prepared for college at the Boston Girls' Latin School.

JOHN COLLINS WARREN lives at 58 Beacon Street, Boston.

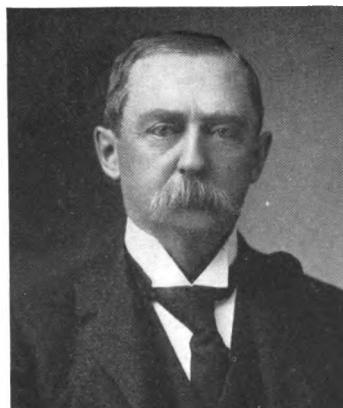
He retired from practice in 1910. He has been Overseer of Harvard College since 1908; Chairman of Harvard Cancer Commission since 1899; President of Bunker Hill Monument Association since 1906; President of the Humane Society of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts since 1898.



\*BENJAMIN READ WALES, \*1901



HORACE WINSLOW WARREN



JOHN COLLINS WARREN





He received the degree of LL.D. from Harvard, Sept. 26, 1906; from McGill in 1911; having had the same degree bestowed upon him by Jefferson Medical College in 1895, as noted in a previous Report, and besides the Honorary F.R.C.S. Eng. given him in 1900, which has also been previously noted, he is Hon. F.R.C.S. Edinburgh, 1905.

In addition to the various medical and surgical societies and associations to which he belongs, he has been a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society since 1910.

He was Surgeon to Out-Patients and Visiting Surgeon to the Massachusetts General Hospital from 1869 to 1905.

A meeting of a committee to raise funds for the Harvard Medical School was held in his office at 2 Park Street, Oct. 20, 1874. Work thus begun resulted in the building of the Harvard Medical School on Boylston Street and the subsequent transfer of the School to Longwood Avenue.

His son, John Warren (Harvard, 1896, M.D. 1900), is Assistant Professor of Anatomy in the Harvard Medical School.

His son, Joseph Warren (Harvard, 1897, LL.B. 1900), is an Instructor in the Harvard Law School. Joseph married Constance Martha Williams, daughter of Moses and Martha C. (Fininley) Williams of Brookline, June 18, 1905. They have children: Joseph Warren, born April 19, 1906; Richard Warren, born May 12, 1907; Howland Shaw Warren, born Feb. 2, 1910.

\*CLIFFORD CROWNINSHIELD WATERS, son of William Dean and Abigail (Devereux) Waters, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, Nov. 19, 1840. He died in Los Angeles, California, Jan. 2, 1908.

He fitted for college at the Salem Classical and High School. From October, 1863, to April, 1864, he was in Port Royal, South Carolina, and its vicinity as Superintendent of Plantations, under the authority of the United States. He was assigned three plantations on St. Helena Island, and also Paris Island, and was for a time Assistant Special Aide, United States Treasury Department, having in charge the abandoned chattel property within those limits. May 1, 1864, to Feb. 8, 1865, he was a tea broker in Bos-

ton, when he left for Louisiana, to engage in cotton-raising. March, 1868, driven away by inundations, droughts, and ravages of the cotton-worm, he returned to St. Helena Island, South Carolina, and was engaged in the production and handling of sea-island cotton until April, 1881. At that time his prospects in the South had become so unsatisfactory that he decided, upon the suggestion of Classmate Morison, who always took a lively interest in his welfare, to go to North Dakota, where he engaged in sheep and stock raising in the James River valley. In the dry and bracing air of that region his health and courage revived, and he labored earnestly with high hopes of future prosperity. His expectations were destined not to be realized. After raising two or three good crops, there came a series of years that were unproductive. The growing grain was destroyed by frosts and droughts, withering heat, untimely rain, hailstorms, and nearly every conceivable cause of ruin; until, with resources exhausted and health undermined by constant care and anxiety working upon a naturally sensitive constitution permanently affected by malaria, he was obliged to see all his visions of future prosperity vanish. Still he was unwilling entirely to abandon his undertaking, until, in 1891, Morison, who had carefully considered his situation and the condition of his health, persuaded him that he must take a rest. Following Morison's advice, with some assistance from other friends, he removed to Southern California, where, freed from business cares, living much in the open air, in a mild and salubrious climate, he passed the remainder of his life, residing at Riverside or Los Angeles in the winter and at Avalon, on Catalina Island in the summer. He died at Los Angeles on Jan. 2, 1908. He was unmarried.

Waters had been a member of the Class Committee ever since graduation, but, as practically his whole life was spent away from Boston, he had not attended a meeting of the Class since 1866.

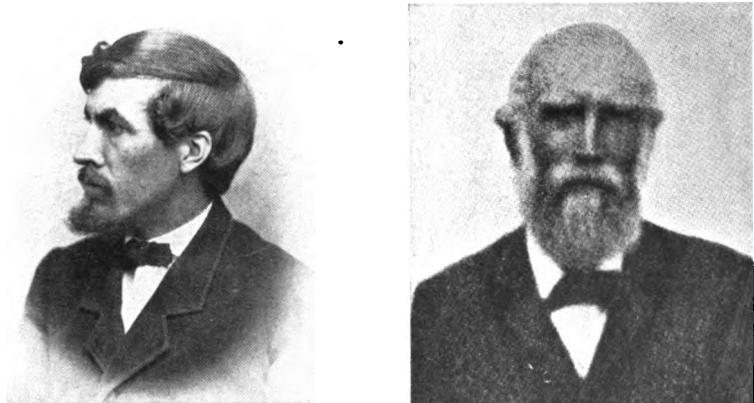
In college, Waters took a very active interest in all Class and college affairs. He was not a hard student, but was fond of general literature, and especially interested in the poetry and philosophy of Ralph Waldo Emerson, in whose words of wisdom



\*CLIFFORD CROWNINSHIELD WATERS, \*1908



\*MICHAEL SHEPARD WEBB, \*1872



\*CHARLES STUART FAUCHERAUD WELD, \*1901



he found much consolation in after years. He was strong in his convictions, and impressed his views forcibly upon his associates. He was keenly sensitive to the duties that he owed to others, which he endeavored to perform under the most adverse circumstances. In his plantation and farming life he was, in a great measure, deprived of associates of education and refinement, whom he sadly missed. But those among whom he lived always found in him a ready sympathizer in their troubles, which they freely brought to him; and he cheerfully aided them with whatever his home afforded. His confidence in others was often abused, but he bore it philosophically. He often helped others when he was unable to help himself. His friends and neighbors may have noticed a lack of practical methods in his business affairs, but their tributes to his unvarying kindness and cordiality and quiet patience under distressing conditions denote that he exerted much influence for good upon those around him.

It is sad and distressing not to accomplish what one undertakes; but it is often the case that much unseen good has been done while the doer is suffering the depression of conscious failure.

Judged by business standards, his was not a life of successful accomplishment; but we may feel sure that our classmate Waters worked in a conscientious and devoted spirit that made any failure to attain specific results a minor factor in the final summary of his life.

Written by Pingree and read by him at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 24, 1908, and it was

*Voted*, that this memorial be entered on our Records.

\* MICHAEL SHEPARD WEBB was born in Windsor, Vermont, Feb. 22, 1842. He died in San Francisco, April 15, 1872.

See Report V (1888), page 190.

\* CHARLES STUART FAUCHERAUD WELD was born in Fort Lee, New Jersey, Dec. 14, 1839. He died in Hyde Park, Massachusetts, Nov. 8, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 120.

**EDMUND SOUDER WHEELER.** His address is care of Buffalo Club, 388 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York.

On Dec. 31, 1905, his resignation as Superintendent of the Niagara Junction Railway Co., and agent for Niagara Development Co., subsidiaries of the Niagara Falls Power Co., took effect, and since that time he has devoted himself to the care of the property belonging to his children.

In March and April, 1905, he visited Porto Rico, that being his only extended journey or prolonged absence from home.

His son, Reginald Tremaine (B.S. Harvard, 1905), after some experience as mining engineer in Mexico, and in the construction of trolley lines in New York State, became connected with the Fairbanks Company in their sales department, and two years ago with the Erie Mill and Marine Supply Company. He married, Oct. 1, 1908, Emily Burnett, daughter of Dr. Charles H. and Anna Lawrence (Davis) Burnett of Philadelphia.

His daughter, Marion Langdon, married, April 21, 1908, James Willard Wheeler (Harvard, 1905), and lives at Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts.

His daughter, Elizabeth Townsend, whose marriage to Dr. Jacob S. Otto, Oct. 15, 1902, is mentioned in last Class Report, has a child, Elizabeth Townsend Otto, born Aug. 1, 1911. Besides this one, Wheeler has another grandchild, Elizabeth Townsend Wheeler, born Feb. 5, 1911.

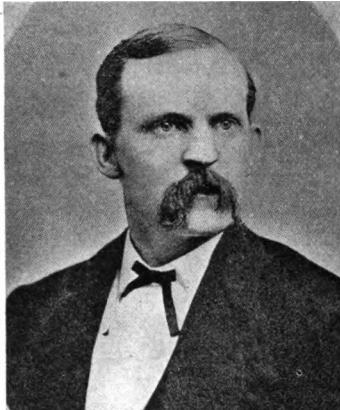
He writes: "The renewal of college associations and friendships by attendance on the meetings of the Associated Harvard Clubs at Cleveland (1910), at St. Paul and Minneapolis (1911), and at New York (1912), has been the pleasantest thing connected with college experiences during the past ten years, and I trust nothing will arise to prevent my being present at the Class Supper, June 18, 1913, and with a goodly number of the Class of 1863 there and on Commencement Day at Phillips Brooks House."

\* **MOSES DILLON WHEELER** was born in Zanesville, Ohio, March 16, 1840. He died near Arrochar, Staten Island, New York, Nov. 1, 1889.

See Report VI (1893), page 63.



**EDMUND SOUDER WHEELER**



**\*MOSES DILLON WHEELER, \*1889**



**WILLIAM AUGUSTUS WHITE**





WILLIAM AUGUSTUS WHITE lives at 158 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, New York, and has an office at 14 Wall Street, New York City. He describes his occupation as looking after his own property and that of some relatives. During the past ten years he has given considerable time, as Chairman of its Finance Committee, to the Washington Water Power Company of Spokane, Washington, which has involved transcontinental trips annually. Has been twice to Europe. He is a Trustee of the Brooklyn Public Library, and was for some years its Vice-President. He is Vice-Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn.

He writes: "I have kept in pretty good condition by keeping up my pedestrianism and am still able to climb mountains. Walking and climbing is made easier for me because I have not accumulated any superfluous adipose tissue, my weight for the past ten years having been between one hundred and forty and one hundred and fifty pounds.

"I have collected an Elizabethan library of some importance, especially in Shakespearian material."

His oldest daughter, Frances Hillard (White) Moffat, was married Jan. 14, 1913, to William Emerson (Harvard, 1895), son of J. Haven and Susan Titus (Tompkins) Emerson.

His son, Alexander Moss White (Harvard, 1892), was married Nov. 2, 1899, to Elsie Helen Ogden, daughter of Willis Lord and Ellen Louise (Smith) Ogden. They have children: Alexander Moss White, born March 24, 1904; Elinor White, born July 31, 1905; Odgen White, born May 26, 1909.

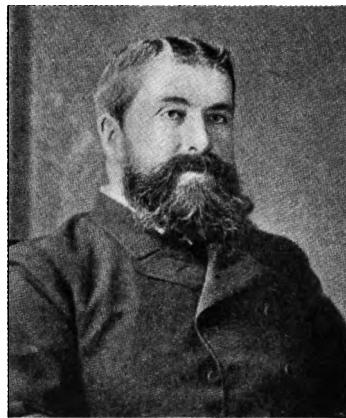
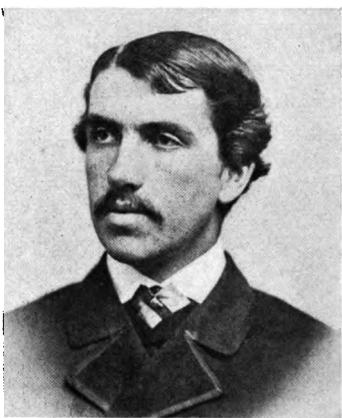
His son, Harold Tredway White (Harvard, 1897), was married Feb. 27, 1904, to Ruth Underhill, daughter of Walter Mitchell and Zoe (Dana) Underhill. They have children: Elizabeth Tredway White, born Aug. 13, 1908; John Underhill White, born Dec. 11, 1911.

His daughter, Margaret Low White, was married Nov. 7, 1903, to Francis Minot Weld (Harvard, 1897), son of Francis Minot (Harvard, 1860) and Fanny Elizabeth (Bartholemew) Weld. They have children: Margaret White Weld, born Dec. 4, 1904; Alfred White Weld, born Jan. 23, 1908; Francis Minot Weld, born Dec. 16, 1909; David Weld, born Jan. 10, 1911.

In all, White has thirteen grandchildren. His oldest grandson, Alexander White Moffat, is now a senior at Harvard. He was married at West Medford, Feb. 13, 1913, to Miss Sarah Baker De Camp. He might have graduated at the mid-year except for the desire expressed by his classmates and others that he should represent Harvard in track athletics in May. Donald Moffat is now a freshman at Harvard, and White thinks the other grandsons are likely in due course to try for admission there.

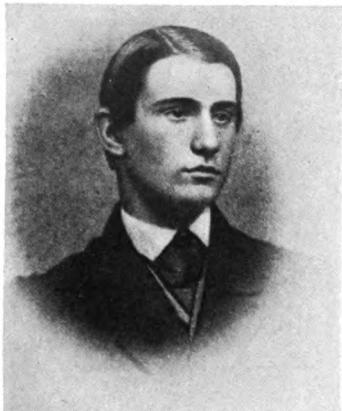
\* JOHN WINTHROP was born in Boston, Massachusetts, June 20, 1841. He died in Stockbridge, Massachusetts, Sept. 18, 1895.

See Report VII (1903), page 122.



\*JOHN WINTHROP, \*1895

MEMBERS OF THE CLASS WHO HAVE NOT  
RECEIVED THE A. B. DEGREE.



JOHN ALLYN

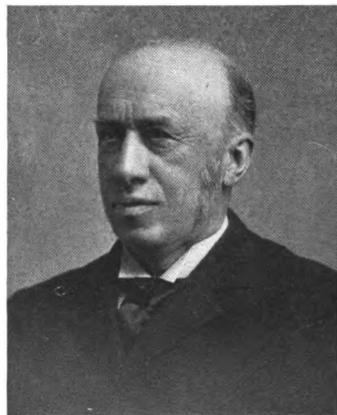




\*JOHN PAGE ALMY, \*1905



\*AUGUSTUS BARKER, \*1863



\*JOSIAH GRAHME BELLows, \*1906



## MEMBERS OF THE CLASS WHO HAVE NOT RECEIVED THE DEGREE OF A.B.

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**JOHN ALLYN** is still senior member of the firm of Allyn and Bacon, engaged in the publication of text-books at 172 Tremont Street, Boston, and lives in Cambridge.

Since 1903 he has passed six of the winters in Europe, spending most of the time in Italy.

His son, Philip Morton, was married to Elfrida Macdonald, June 12, 1902. They have a daughter, Phyllis Allyn, born Aug. 14, 1903.

His son, Samuel Bradford, was married to Jessamin Valentine Macdonald, June 16, 1909.

\***JOHN PAGE ALMY**, son of William and Elizabeth (Brayton) Almy, was born in Boston, Jan. 17, 1841. He died in Boston, Aug. 7, 1905. He fitted for college at the Boston Public Latin School. He left college at the end of Sophomore year and went into business in Boston with Messrs. Almy, Patterson & Co., dry goods commission merchants (afterwards Almy, Hobart & Co.) from 1861 to 1866, and in New York from 1867 to 1877. From 1879 until Jan. 1, 1888, he was in business with his brother William F. Almy in Boston as a cotton broker; and he then became a partner in the firm of Fiedler, Moeldner & Co., manufacturers, etc., of dress and cloak trimmings. Of recent years he had been in no active business. He lived at 26 Newbury Street, Boston, in these later years, and kept to himself very much. He was never married.

\***AUGUSTUS BARKER** was born in Albany, New York, April 24, 1842. He died near Kelly's Ford, Virginia, Sept. 18, 1863.

See Report V (1888), page 200.

\***JOHN CLARK BARNARD** was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, Sept. 8, 1841. He died in Worcester, April 1, 1903.

See Report V (1888), page 201; also Report VII (1903), page 125.

\***JOSIAH GRAHME BELLows**, son of Josiah and Mary Ann (Grahme) Bellows, was born in Walpole, New Hampshire, July 24, 1841. He died in Walpole, Feb. 18, 1906.

He died in the house in which he was born, and in which he spent most of his life. He was son of Col. Josiah Bellows, grandson of Hon. Josiah

Bellows, and great-grandson of Col. Benjamin Bellows, the founder of the town. He fitted for college with Rev. E. H. Barstow at Newton Centre, Massachusetts. He left Harvard in November, 1859, and entered the Class of 1863 at Williams College, and remained there until about Dec. 1, 1860, when he left college and returned to Walpole, and in 1862 began the study of the law. In March, 1863, he entered the Harvard Law School and was graduated in 1865. He was admitted to the bar in that year, and began the practice of his profession, which he pursued most of the time in New Hampshire. He was appointed Judge of Probate for the county of Cheshire, July 25, 1876, which office he held for sixteen years, resigning in 1894. Jan. 1, 1894, he was made one of the Railroad commissioners for New Hampshire, which office he resigned in 1901 on account of ill health. In 1893 he was appointed on a commission to settle the boundary line between Massachusetts and New Hampshire, and later was given a similar task in regard to New Hampshire and Vermont. He established the Savings Bank of Walpole in 1875 and was its treasurer for twenty-five years. He was judge-advocate general on the staff of Governor Sawyer, 1887-89, and was president of the Republican State Convention in 1890. He held many other local offices of trust, and was a public-spirited citizen. He had a shock of paralysis in 1900 from which he never fully recovered. He was married in 1866 to Annie E. Morrill of Concord, who died in 1867, by whom he had two children, twins, who died in infancy. He was again married Nov. 21, 1877, to Katherine H. W. Howland, daughter of Aaron P. Howland of Walpole, who, with a daughter, Mary Howland, survives him.

\*MARSHALL WILLIAM BLAKE was born in New York City, Sept. 20, 1841. He died in New York City, Nov. 15, 1872.

See Report V (1888), page 202.

\*CHARLES MALCOLM BOYD was born in West Newbury, Massachusetts, Feb. 13, 1840. He died in Ravenna, Ohio, June 30, 1864.

See Report V (1888), page 202.

\*HENRY FRENCH BROWN was born in Dedham, Massachusetts, March 2, 1839. He died in Boston, March 3, 1863.

See Report V (1888), page 202.

\*GEORGE REID DINSMOOR was born in Keene, New Hampshire, May 28, 1841. He died in Keene, April 29, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 126.

\*HORACE SARGENT DUNN was born in Williamstown, Vermont, June 11, 1842. He died in New York City, May 22, 1862.

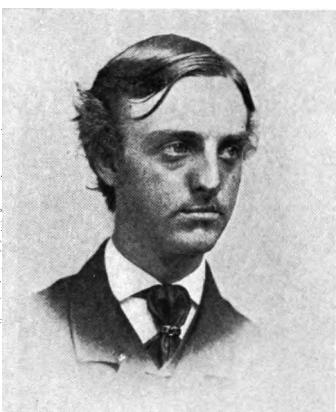
See Report V (1888), page 203.



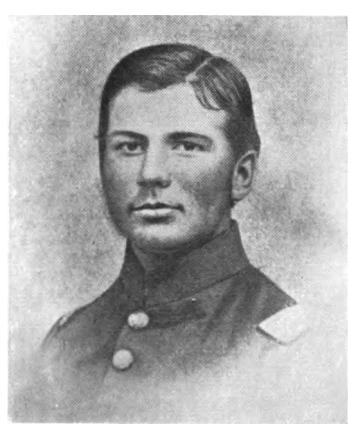
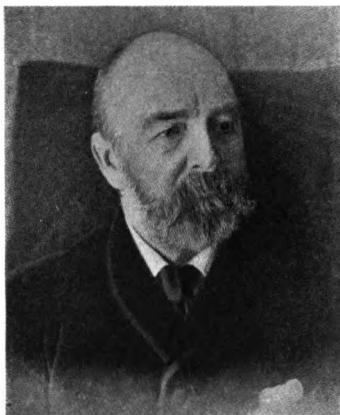
\*MARSHALL WILLIAM BLAKE, \*1872



\*CHARLES MALCOLM BOYD, \*1864

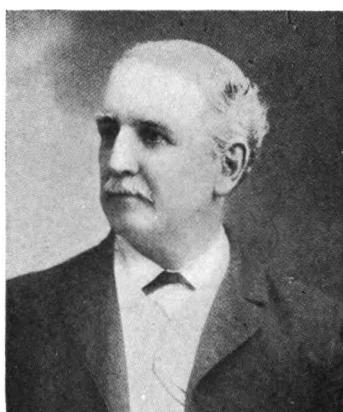


\*GEORGE REID DINSMOOR, \*1901

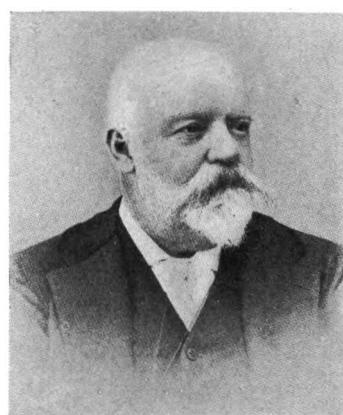
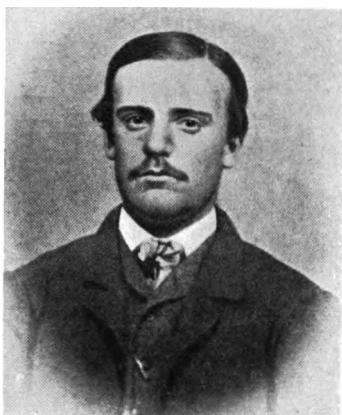


\*HORACE SARGENT DUNN, \*1862

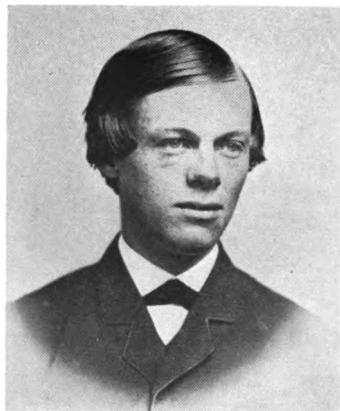




\*CARTWRIGHT EUSTIS, \*1900

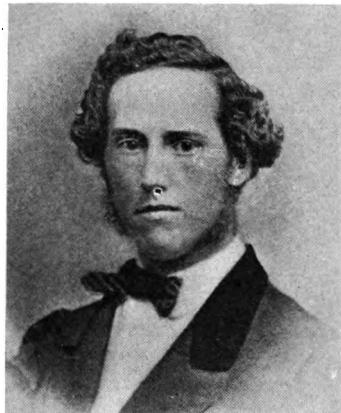


\*CHARLES FREDERIC FEARING, \*1901

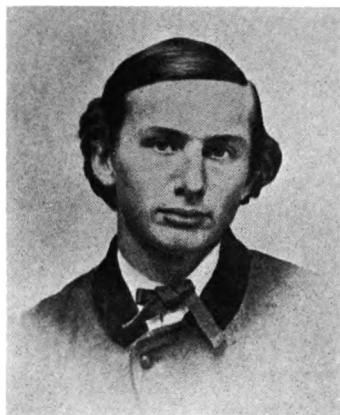


\*HENRY BARRETT GOING, \*1911

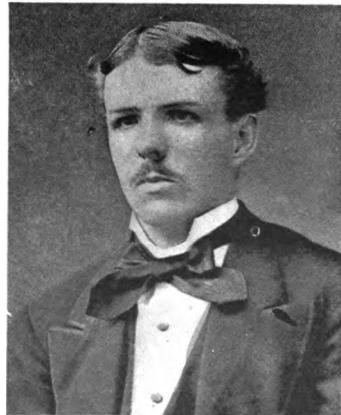
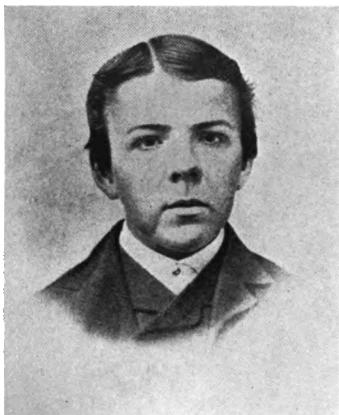




\*ARTHUR FREDERIC GOULD, \*1890



\*SAMUEL SHELTON GOULD, \*1862



\*SULLIVAN HASLETT, \*1887





\*CARTWRIGHT EUSTIS was born in Natchez, Mississippi, Nov. 4, 1842. He died in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Dec. 2, 1900.

See Report VII (1903), page 127.

\*CHARLES FREDERIC FEARING was born in New York City, July 31, 1840. He died in New York City, April 5, 1901.

See Report VII (1903), page 129.

\*HENRY BARRETT GOING, son of John Kendall and Harriet (Barrett) Going, was born in Shirley, Massachusetts, March 7, 1839. He died in Groton, Massachusetts, June 14, 1911. He fitted for college at Messrs. Lane and Lovering's school in Cambridge; entered our Class in the Sophomore year, and left college during the Junior year. He was a deputy collector of internal revenue in 1863 and 1864. He engaged in the wool business in March, 1864, for a while, as one of the firm of J. P. Flagg & Co. He was a custom-house inspector from 1881 to 1886. In 1888 he reported that he was out of business. He continued to reside in Brookline until shortly before his death.

He was married in Philadelphia, Oct. 28, 1867, to Nellie Lee Chambers, daughter of Daniel Chambers of that city. They have had three children.

Going was a member of the Class of 1862 before joining our Class.

\*ARTHUR FREDERIC GOULD was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, July 30, 1841. He died in Lexington, Massachusetts, Oct. 6, 1890.

See Report VI (1893), page 68.

\*SAMUEL SHELTON GOULD was born in Boston, Jan. 1, 1843. He died at Antietam, Sept. 17, 1862.

See Report V (1888), page 206.

\*SULLIVAN HASLETT was born in Brooklyn, New York, Aug. 28, 1843. He died in Brooklyn, Jan. 4, 1887.

See Report V (1888), page 207.

\*FRANKLIN THEODORE HOWE, son of Caleb, Jr., and Sylvia Cheney (Cowdin) Howe, was born in Boston, Dec. 24, 1841. He died in Washington, District of Columbia, July 28, 1908. He fitted for college at the Boston Public Latin School, and was a member of our Class until the end of Sophomore year. He joined the Class of 1864 after leaving ours, but after one year with that Class he enlisted as a private in the Fortieth Massachusetts Volunteers. In January, 1864, he received a commission as lieutenant in the Thirty-first U. S. Colored Troops; but receiving at

the same time a clerkship in the War Department at Washington, he accepted the latter position. He also studied medicine and was graduated at the Georgetown Medical College, March 5, 1867. He was in the Bureau of Military Justice, the Internal Revenue Department, and chief clerk of the Board of Public Works. He afterwards had a clerkship in the Treasury Department, and was Chief of Division of Accounts in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. In June, 1881, began his connection with Washington City newspapers, which continued practically for the rest of his life. He served on the staff of various newspapers, and did much newspaper correspondence and some magazine work. In October, 1888, he became a member of the editorial staff of the "Washington Evening Star," and kept up his connection with this paper to the end of his career, so that at his death he was spoken of as one of the oldest newspaper men of Washington. He was given the degree of A.M. by Georgetown College in 1889, he having written a history of that institution, which was published at their centennial celebration in that year.

He kept in touch with the Class by quite full and regular letters to Lincoln, our Secretary, and was always wanting and hoping to be with us at our celebrations, but appears to have turned up but once, and that was in 1903, at our dinner and meeting on our fortieth anniversary, when his pleasant, genial manner and bright ways made an impression on the writer, and no doubt on others, which has been lasting.

He was married, Aug. 6, 1864, to Maria Frances Griffith, daughter of William Alexander and Frances Edith (Sanford) Griffith, of Washington, District of Columbia. He had had ten children, of whom two sons and four daughters, with his wife, survive him.

I wrote a few lines of sympathy to Mrs. Howe in behalf of the Class, and received about Christmas time her reply, in which she said:

You well know he was always a loyal son of Harvard, and was ever ready to chant the praises of that institution of learning. One can understand how much I miss him as time goes on; I feel it more especially this time of the year, when he tried to make his home so happy, with kind and affectionate disposition, not forgetting his friends and the poor. . . . Believe me, I shall always hold this letter from you speaking for his classmates most dear. I shall ask you to express to your associates my sentiments expressed in this letter, and assure them that I shall always be interested in their endeavors and movements. With very kind regards to you all, and greetings of the season, I am, most sincerely,

Mrs. FRANKLIN T. HOWE.

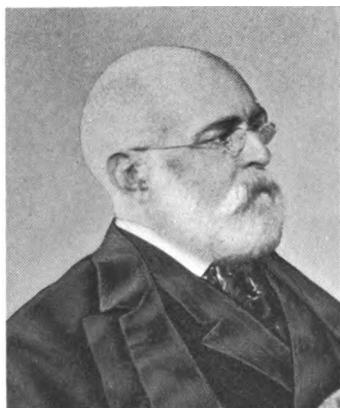
Enclosed in her letter was a newspaper cutting, containing Resolutions adopted by the Harvard Club of Washington. It was resolved by the Club,



\*FRANKLIN THEODORE HOWE, \*1908



\*HERMAN JOHN HUIDEKOPER, \*1868



WILLIAM FREDERIC JONES



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"That Franklin T. Howe, a charter member, as he was one of the oldest, was one of the most loyal of the sons of Harvard resident in Washington. Of a happy disposition he took a lively interest in the welfare of this Club, and for his constant efforts in its behalf we owe him a debt of gratitude. Dr. Howe was specially efficient in the service rendered, year after year, upon the dinner committee. Nor do we forget the admirable reports of the Harvard dinner, which appeared in the "Star" from his pen, full of praise for the institution at Cambridge. His kindly bearing won our esteem and affection. We recall his attractive presence as ever suggesting the spirit of good fellowship. We held him in high regard as a cultivated gentleman, who had shown himself earnest and energetic in his profession — a man of sterling worth, who had come to be a very useful citizen of Washington. We miss him indeed, and we shall retain a memory of him as a man who did his duty excellently well and made many friends."

There is a pleasant picture of his home life in a letter to Lincoln in 1888:

"I have always been interested more or less in musical matters here, and now that my family is growing up about me we manage to almost furnish a concert by ourselves and in our own parlor. My oldest daughter sings very nicely; my next daughter plays the banjo like an angel; two other daughters also play that minstrel instrument. One son plays the violin, and two daughters, besides their mother and myself, play the piano. As Sunday night is the only night I have away from my newspaper duties, we always manage to have an enjoyable time on that evening, and as my friends know that that is my night off, they usually drop in and help to make the occasion a lively one. That may not happen to be in accordance with the Puritan ideas of New England, but it is mighty comfortable, I assure you, and does not militate at all, to our way of thinking, against the due observance of the Sabbath."

Read by the Acting Secretary at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 30, 1909.

\*HERMAN JOHN HUIDEKOPER was born in Meadville, Pennsylvania, Nov. 28, 1843. He died in St. Paul, Minnesota, Oct. 21, 1868.

See Report V (1888), page 209.

WILLIAM FREDERIC JONES lives in Orchard Street, Jamaica Plain. He writes:

"On reading your circular I am tempted to reply in the words of the needy knife grinder: 'Story, God bless you, I have none to tell, sir.' I looked at the last Class Report and find nothing to add. I am no longer

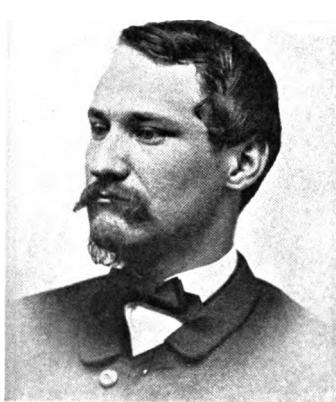
Treasurer of the Massachusetts Society of the Cincinnati, having resigned that office a few years ago. I was appointed Deputy Collector of Customs March 27, 1894, and still retain that position."

\*ADOLPHUS MAXIMILIAN LÉVE, son of Moses and Charlotte (Lehr) Léve, was born in Obornik, Posen, Prussia, Dec. 30, 1835. He died in Townsend, Massachusetts, July 12, 1903. He fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy. After leaving college at the end of the Junior year he enlisted, Aug. 24, 1862, in the Thirty-eighth Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war. He then took up his residence in Townsend, where he was employed in a cooperage business until 1879, when he engaged in a similar business in Sandusky, Ohio. About 1885 he returned to West Townsend, and lived there the rest of his life. He was married Nov. 19, 1864, at Townsend, to Ellen Stickney, who survived him. They had two children, Alvah M., who is a lawyer in Fitchburg, and Maurice A., who has been pastor of the First Baptist Church in Medford, and in 1907 was settled over the First Baptist Church of Newton Centre. The latter writes of his father, under date of June 27, 1905. "He is recalled as a superior scholar, a Christian gentleman, and his memory is revered by the entire community."

There is a letter from Léve to Lincoln on our files which is worth preserving to show his love for his adopted country and for its flag.

BATON ROUGE, LA., Nov. 16, '63.

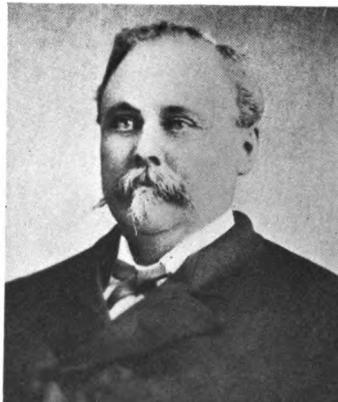
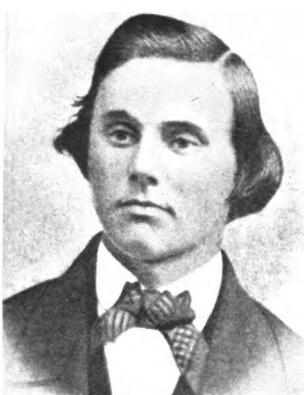
MY DEAR ARTHUR,— Your letter dated Oct. 14th was rec'd with greatest pleasure. I am glad to hear that you are well, and that through the mercy of kind Providence you were enabled to graduate at Good Old Harvard. I am very sorry not to have been able to participate in our mutual joys. You see the love of country was too strong, and I could not desert our dear country in the darkest hour of her trial and peril. I left my beloved college duties to serve my country when she needs me most. Several weeks ago we rec'd a new flag presented to us by the ladies of Cambridge on condition to send our Old Flag home to be placed in the City Hall. When you have time to spare go to that place and you will see that beautiful emblem of our national pride. I followed her footsteps in all our marches from Boston, Mass., through Maryland and Virginia to Ship Island, thence to New Orleans, from thence to our first Port Hudson expedition, back again to Baton Rouge, then to Algiers, from thence to Brashear City and Berwick's Bay and then to Fort B. Island, where for the first time we faced our foes, fought for two days desperately, and finally routed them. Thence we followed the rebs by forced marches to Opelousas and then to Alexander, La., and then we made a hasty countermarch to Port Hudson, where not far off we met for the first time



\*ADOLPHUS MAXIMILIAN LÉVE, \*1903   \*JOSIAH STICKNEY LOMBARD, \*1903



\*WILLIAM PRIESTLEY RICHARDSON, \*1910



\*WILLIAM AURELIUS RYAN, \*1886



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Col. Grierson's glorious Illinois Cavalry, and coöperated with them in driving in the enemy's pickets. On the 24th of May we skirmished the rebs on the extreme right. Our company lost one killed and one wounded, the latter is now all right and on duty with us. On the next day we were relieved by two Louisiana colored regiments, and early A. M. on the 27th we started to the centre of the rear of Port Hudson, and there we fought under the folds of the same flag on that bloody field. On June 14 we had another bloody battle, was wounded at 4 o'clock A. M., and was compelled to quit the field at 11 A. M. On July 8th P. H. surrendered, and after some marches and countermarches we are finally left here at Baton Rouge, forming a part of the garrison of that place. Go, dear Arthur, to see our old Flag, and its battered folds will tell you that through weal or woe her gallant sons stood nobly by her. I am glad to hear that so many of my noble classmates have joined in the defence of our country. I am proud to call them my classmates, and may kind Heaven spare and protect us all, that we be able to meet again under the shade of Old Harvard to shake hands in a firmer and holier friendship.

If you see Lawrence again give my love to him and ask him whether he received the letter I sent him. Remember me to Bishop and the rest of the boys, and write very soon to your friend and classmate,

A. M. LÉVE.

Co. F, 38th Mass. Vols., Baton Rouge, La.

N. B. The want of pen and ink compels me to write with a lead pencil, which of course you will excuse.

A. M. LÉVE.

\***JOSIAH STICKNEY LOMBARD**, son of Israel and Susan (Stickney) Lombard, was born in Boston, March 24, 1842. He died in London, England, May 18, 1903. He fitted for college at Chauncy-Hall School. After leaving college at the end of the Sophomore year he entered the Lawrence Scientific School as a pupil of Dr. Jeffries Wyman, March, 1861. He left the Lawrence Scientific School, and became a pupil of Dr. Charles D. Homans, of Boston, March, 1862. He served as medical assistant in the United States Sanitary Commission at Fortress Monroe, during July, 1862, and as acting medical cadet, United States Army, at Hammond General Hospital, Point Lookout, Maryland, from August, 1862, to April, 1863. He was graduated at Harvard Medical School, March 9, 1864. He was assistant to Dr. John C. Dalton, professor of physiology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, from September, 1864, to March, 1865. March, 1865, he was appointed university lecturer in the Harvard Medical School. September to October, 1865, he delivered a course of experimental lectures on Animal Heat at the Harvard Medical School. January, 1866, he was appointed assistant professor of physiology in Harvard University. January, 1870, he resigned this profes-

sorship and continued his investigations in physiology and natural philosophy in this country and in Europe. November, 1874, to September, 1875, he resided in New York City. He was appointed to deliver in the winter of 1876-77 a course of lectures before the Lowell Institute, Boston, on "Animal Electricity." He had made several visits to Europe; but in July, 1876, he sailed for England and resided there the rest of his life. He published numerous articles on his specialties in medical journals and elsewhere.

He was married, April 20, 1864, to Isabella Kellogg, daughter of Giles B. Kellogg of Troy, New York.

\***WILLIAM PRIESTLEY RICHARDSON**, son of Henry Dickenson and Catherine Caroline (Priestley) Richardson, was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, Sept. 19, 1840. He died in New Orleans, Sept. 28, 1910.

A letter from him dated June 14, 1910, enclosed his photograph, and said:

Wish I could join you on Commencement Day and look once more into the faces of our dear classmates and grasp again their hands. The dear fellows will ever remain the pleasantest association of my life. Am out of business, and trying "to save life's taper by repose." Am just recovering from the most serious illness of my life, but blessed with the loving devotion of my wife and seven daughters, who, thanks to kind Providence, are still all with or near me — and all in excellent health. Wishing you the same blessing, I am, as ever,

Sincerely your friend and classmate,

W. P. RICHARDSON.

He fitted for college at the University of Louisiana, and after passing the Freshman year at Yale College entered the Class of 1863 at Harvard in the Sophomore year. He left Cambridge and enlisted in the Confederate Army at New Orleans, in July, 1861, entering the Louisiana Guards, First Louisiana Volunteers, then stationed in Virginia; was transferred to artillery service, August, 1861, and served as an artilleryman until after the battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862 (Gen. H. T. Hays, Louisiana Brigade, Stonewall Jackson's Corps); was appointed second junior lieutenant in the P. A. C. S., December, 1862, and assigned to duty in the Thirteenth Louisiana Volunteers, Army of Tennessee. He passed to captain by regular promotion after the battle of Chickamauga, Sept. 19 and 20, 1863; served the last year of the war on the staff of Gen. R. L. Gibson, as aide-de-camp, and, later, ordnance officer of Spanish Fort during the siege; surrendering at Meridian, Mississippi, at the close of the war. He returned to New Orleans and became connected with the house of Hewitt, Norton & Co., in mercantile business. He began on his

own account in the fall of 1866 as a general merchandise broker. In 1867 he became a partner in the firm of Stewart & Richardson, Western provision merchants, where he continued until 1870. He was afterwards cashier of the Louisiana State Lottery Company. He was at one time secretary of the Citizens' Association and Reform Party of Louisiana. In December, 1883, he became the agent of the Pacific Guano Co., of Boston, representing Glidden & Curtis, and still later was engaged in the life insurance business. Mr. Richardson was a younger brother of Henry H. Richardson, '59, the celebrated architect, and his sisters, Mrs. John W. Labouisse and Mrs. Henry Leverich, are still living in New Orleans. He was married Nov. 28, 1867, in Houma, Terre Bonne Parish, Louisiana, to Mary E. Scudday, daughter of Dr. James Scudday of South Carolina and Marguerite Aubert of Louisiana. On his side his father, Henry D. Richardson, was from St. George's, Bermuda, and came of English ancestors who emigrated there from London shortly after the birth of James Richardson in 1695; and his mother, Catherine Priestley, granddaughter of Dr. Joseph Priestley, was born in Louisiana. He has had ten children, nine of whom, two sons and seven daughters, with his wife, survive him.

"Billy Rich," says one of his classmates who knew him well, "was a very attractive man."

"Having been born and reared in this city," says a New Orleans newspaper, "and having been prominently connected with many of the incidents that have formed its history, Mr. Richardson was one of the best known and most popular of its inhabitants. He numbered his friends and acquaintances by the thousands, and it has been said of him that his demise will probably cause as much grief as that of any man that has occurred in Louisiana."

\***WILLIAM AURELIUS RYAN** was born in Talladega, Alabama, July 31, 1840. He died in Austin, Texas, July 15, 1886.

See Report V (1888), page 213.

\***MOSSES BARTLETT SEWALL** was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, March 3, 1842. He died in Charlestown, Sept. 13, 1860.

See Report V (1888), page 214.

\***GORHAM PHILLIPS STEVENS** was born in North Andover, Massachusetts, Dec. 7, 1841. He died at Harrison's Landing, Virginia, Aug. 12, 1862.

See Report V (1888), page 214.

\***JOHN LORRIMER GRAHAM STRONG**, son of William K. and Sarah Ann Eliza (Van Gieson) Strong, was born in Geneva, New York, Feb. 14, 1841. He died in New York City, Jan. 9, 1910.

The following memorial of Strong was read by Palmer at the meeting of the Class on Commencement Day, June 29, 1910:

Our classmate Strong's father, Gen. William K. Strong, was a direct descendant of John Strong, who settled in Northampton, Massachusetts, in 1630. He was appointed a Brigadier-General of the United States Volunteers during the War of 1861, and served under General Fremont and General Curtis from Oct. 7, 1861, to Oct. 20, 1863. Sarah Ann Eliza Van Gieson was of old Dutch patroon ancestors, being a direct descendant of Anneke Jans.

John Lorrimer Graham Strong left college at the end of the Freshman year. He was appointed Acting Assistant Paymaster U. S. Navy, Sept. 20, 1862, and was ordered to the U. S. S. "Ino," where he served until honorably discharged March 21, 1866. He was an employee of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, of which his father was a trustee, for a period of more than fifteen years. He retired some years ago, and thereafter led a life of leisure. He was noted for his affable, genial nature, and was much beloved by many warm friends for his spirit of goodfellowship and kindness of heart. His wife, Annie Juliet Strong, whose maiden name was Annie Juliet Le Mont, died Dec. 31, 1900, in New York City. He is survived by one son, Frederick William Strong, who has been connected with the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York for a period of twenty-five years.

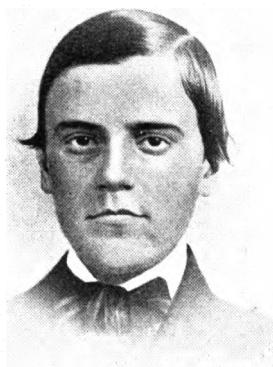
\*GEORGE HENRY TURNER, son of George H. Turner of England, was born July 20, 1841. He died (lost at sea, in the Bay of Biscay) —, 1861.

See Report V (1888), page 216.

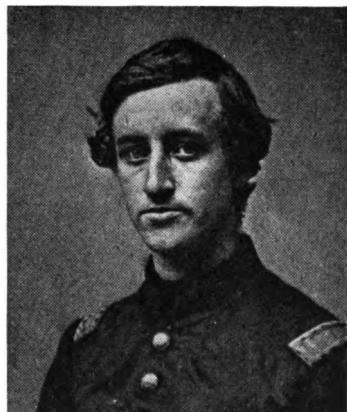
\*JOHN FRINK SMITH VAN BOKKELEN was born in New-Berne, North Carolina, March 29, 1842. He died in Richmond, Virginia, June 22, 1863.

See Report V (1888), page 216; also Report VI (1893), page 71.

\*EDMUND AUGUSTUS WARD, son of Augustus H. and Ann Maria (Williston) Ward, was born in New York City, Jan. 11, 1843. He died at Richfield Springs, New York, June 16, 1906. He fitted for college with Mr. George S. Parker in New York, and with Mr. E. H. Abbot, '55, in Cambridge. He left college in the beginning of Sophomore year; was Second Lieutenant in the First New York Cavalry for some ten months during the Civil War; was afterwards attached to the United States Legation at Rome. In 1876 he was one of the New York electors on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket. He was a lawyer by profession, but devoted most of his time to his estate at Richfield Springs, and to visits to Europe. He was married, Oct. 16, 1869, to Frances King, daughter of Gen. Rufus King, then minister to Italy, by whom he had five children:



\*MOSES BARTLETT SEWALL, \*1860



\*GORHAM PHILLIPS STEVENS, \*1862



\*JOHN LORRIMER GRAHAM STRONG, \*1910



JOHN FRINK SMITH VAN BOKKELEN, \*1863



\*EDMUND AUGUSTUS WARD, \*1906



\*THOMAS JEFFERSON WASHBURN, \*1866





a son, who died in infancy, and four daughters. His wife and daughters survived him.

The acting Secretary wrote Mrs. Ward as follows:

BOSTON, June 30, 1906.

MRS. EDMUND A. WARD:

DEAR MADAM, — At the meeting of the Class of 1863 of Harvard College on Commencement Day, June 27th, word came to us of the death of your husband, who was at one time one of us, and so always one of us, for friendships made in those early days are peculiarly lasting. Though we have seen but little of him in all these years we have kept in touch from time to time. The last letter from him on our files was in 1903. I saw a great deal of him in college and was very fond of him. Our paths have not crossed for many years, but I still think of him as the bright, handsome boy he was then. Life together at college, even when only for a year or so, seems a big part of our life. The years were so much longer then. Not wishing to obtrude upon your sorrow, the Class wished through me to express just one word of sympathy, and for myself I wanted to make it a personal note, to bear witness to my pleasant recollections of those early days and of my classmate. . . .

Mrs. Ward wrote in reply:

RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y., July 5, '06.

DEAR SIR, — Your very kind letter of June 30th was a source of deep gratification to my daughter and myself, as I know it will be to the other members of the family when they hear of it. Will you kindly express to the Class of '63 my heartfelt thanks and appreciation. . . . Like all old Harvard men, my husband was greatly attached to Cambridge and to his old classmates, and I think your photograph is still in the old album he had kept since his college days. Thanking you once more for your personal sympathy and kindness, I remain,

Gratefully yours,  
FRANCES KING WARD.

In a letter from Mrs. Ward, written from Switzerland, Nov. 21, 1912, she says:

"We left Richfield four months after my husband's death . . . and we returned to our home in Switzerland, where at the time of his death he was planning to join us."

The dates of the births of Ward's children have been given incorrectly in previous reports, though exactly as written down and sent to Lincoln by Ward himself in 1888. Ward, however, writes at that time, his family

being all on the other side of the water, "To the best of my memory the dates you require are nearly as follows:" and at the end he adds: "You can be assured, however, that the above dates are probably very inexact." Mrs. Ward, in her recent letter furnishes the facts as follows:

Edmund A. Ward, Frances King, married at Clifton, Staten Island, Oct. 16, 1869, by Bishop H. C. Potter, of Grace Church, New York. Children of this marriage:

1. Edmund, born in London, Oct. 28, 1870. Died in infancy.
2. Henrietta, born in New York, April 29, 1872. Married at Lausanne, Switzerland, June 7, 1905, to Oscar Y. de Kertsmont Socec, of Bucharest, Roumania.
3. Anne Williston, born at Richfield Springs, New York, Dec. 26, 1873.
4. Susan Eliot, born at Richfield Springs, New York, Feb. 5, 1877. Married in London to Thomas A. Airey, of the British Civil Service, Oct. 10, 1902.
5. Frances King, born at Biarritz, France, Nov. 18, 1880.

Grandchildren:

1. Henry Talbot Airey, born, Lausanne, Switzerland, Oct. 20, 1904.
2. Dorothy Frances Airey, born on a ranch near Nelson, British Columbia, March 1, 1908.
3. Edmund Michael de Kertsmont Socec, born in Pully, near Lausanne, June 4, 1906.

\*THOMAS JEFFERSON WASHBURN was born in Bridgewater, Massachusetts, June 23, 1839. He died Oct. 22, 1866.

See Report V (1888), page 217.

## SUMMARY.

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THE occupations of the Class, including those who have not received the degree of A.B., may be presented as follows:

BUSINESS.— Including mercantile business, insurance, trusts, and public service . . . . .	9
LAW . . . . .	8
MEDICINE . . . . .	4
THEOLOGY . . . . .	2
TEACHING . . . . .	1
PAINTING . . . . .	1
RETIR'D . . . . .	31
	—
	56

RESIDENCES.— As situated at present, twenty-nine are in Massachusetts; fourteen in New York; two in Connecticut; two in Missouri; two in California; two in Europe; one in New Hampshire; one in New Jersey; one in Illinois; one in Ohio; one in Colorado.

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## BIRTHDAYS.

[Names of temporary members are in italics.]

<i>Leve</i> . . . . .	Dec. 30, 1835
DANIELL . . . . .	Sept. 9, 1836
GILLET . . . . .	June 21, 1837
ETHERIDGE . . . . .	Dec. 11, 1837
PUTNAM . . . . .	May 29, 1838
CURTIN . . . . .	Sept. 6, 1838
PILLSBURY . . . . .	Nov. 4, 1838
AYRES . . . . .	Feb. 20, 1839
<i>Brown, H. F.</i> . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1839-
<i>Going</i> . . . . .	Mar. 7, 1839
CROSS . . . . .	May 17, 1839
<i>Washburn</i> . . . . .	June 23, 1839
KNAPP . . . . .	Aug. 8, 1839
WELD . . . . .	Dec. 14, 1839
<i>Boyd</i> . . . . .	Feb. 13, 1840
PEARCE . . . . .	Mar. 7, 1840

LATHROP . . . . .	Mar. 11, 1840
WHEELER, M. D. . . . .	Mar. 16, 1840
EDWARDS . . . . .	April 13, 1840
TOMLINSON . . . . .	May 1, 1840
BOIT . . . . .	May 16, 1840
JONES, G. S. . . . .	June 13, 1840
MARDEN . . . . .	June 19, 1840
BAILEY . . . . .	July 18, 1840
Fearing . . . . .	July 31, 1840
Ryan . . . . .	July 31, 1840
MARVINE . . . . .	Aug. 5, 1840
KIDDER . . . . .	Aug. 12, 1840
BISHOP . . . . .	Aug. 27, 1840
Richardson . . . . .	Sept. 19, 1840
BLAIR . . . . .	Oct. 16, 1840
STETSON . . . . .	Nov. 4, 1840
ALLEN . . . . .	Nov. 5, 1840
WATERS . . . . .	Nov. 19, 1840
CRANE . . . . .	Nov. 29, 1840
HEATON . . . . .	Dec. 11, 1840
Almy . . . . .	Jan. 17, 1841
FRENCH . . . . .	Jan. 29, 1841
Strong . . . . .	Feb. 7, 1841
HOWLAND . . . . .	Feb. 19, 1841
KILBRETH . . . . .	Mar. 12, 1841
HUBBARD . . . . .	Mar. 18, 1841
COBB . . . . .	April 6, 1841
PRATT . . . . .	May 8, 1841
EVANS . . . . .	May 17, 1841
Dinsmoor . . . . .	May 28, 1841
SHREVE . . . . .	June 4, 1841
GREEN, J. O. . . . .	June 7, 1841
WINTHROP . . . . .	June 20, 1841
RAND . . . . .	June 25, 1841
FULLERTON . . . . .	July 15, 1841
Turner . . . . .	July 20, 1841
Bellows . . . . .	July 24, 1841
PINGREE . . . . .	July 25, 1841
Gould, A. F. . . . .	July 30, 1841
BROWN, M. . . . .	Aug. 13, 1841
BOYNTON . . . . .	Aug. 29, 1841
Barnard . . . . .	Sept. 8, 1841
Blake . . . . .	Sept. 20, 1841
HASSAM . . . . .	Sept. 20, 1841
HAYES . . . . .	Sept. 20, 1841
TABER . . . . .	Sept. 23, 1841
Comte . . . . .	Sept. 25, 1841
MORSE . . . . .	Oct. 8, 1841

HIGGINSON, F. L.	Oct. 11, 1841
FOSTER	Oct. 17, 1841
FIELD	Oct. 25, 1841
FROTHINGHAM, W.	Nov. 8, 1841
GOODWIN	Nov. 11, 1841
LORING	Nov. 13, 1841
Jones, W. F.	Dec. 2, 1841
Stevens, G. P.	Dec. 7, 1841
Emerson	Dec. 15, 1841
Howe	Dec. 24, 1841
TOWNSEND	Dec. 29, 1841
PERRY	Feb. 4, 1842
WALES	Feb. 4, 1842
LINCOLN	Feb. 16, 1842
WEBB	Feb. 22, 1842
Sewall	Mar. 3, 1842
DAVIS	Mar. 10, 1842
GREW	Mar. 10, 1842
HALL	Mar. 17, 1842
HIGGINSON, S. S.	Mar. 22, 1842
Lombard, J. S.	Mar. 24, 1842
LUNT	Mar. 28, 1842
OWEN	Mar. 29, 1842
Van Bokkelen	Mar. 29, 1842
FISKE	Mar. 30, 1842
HUN	April 17, 1842
MASON	April 20, 1842
Barker	April 24, 1842
MARSH	April 25, 1842
STACKPOLE	April 27, 1842
FAIRCHILD	April 30, 1842
AMORY, R.	May 3, 1842
BROWN, J. M.	May 4, 1842
WARREN, J. C.	May 4, 1842
TUCK	May 9, 1842
JENKS, W. F.	May 21, 1842
Dunn	June 11, 1842
HARRIS	June 15, 1842
WARREN, H. W.	June 19, 1842
HAMMOND	July 3, 1842
GREENHALGE	July 19, 1842
LOMBARD, J.	July 29, 1842
BROOKS	Aug. 5, 1842
MORIARTY	Aug. 16, 1842
PECK	Aug. 18, 1842
LAWRENCE	Aug. 22, 1842
WHEELER, E. S.	Sept. 8, 1842
MIXTER	Sept. 10, 1842

BAGLEY . . . . .	Sept. 17, 1842
LINDER . . . . .	Sept. 23, 1842
NICHOLS . . . . .	Sept. 26, 1842
CLARKE . . . . .	Sept. 28, 1842
BOWDITCH . . . . .	Sept. 30, 1842
STEVENS, E. L. . . . .	Sept. 30, 1842
FREEMAN . . . . .	Oct. 7, 1842
AMORY, C. W. . . . .	Oct. 16, 1842
JENKS, H. F. . . . .	Oct. 17, 1842
BAXTER . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1842
<i>Eustis</i> . . . . .	Nov. 4, 1842
LANGDON . . . . .	Nov. 10, 1842
VERPLANCK . . . . .	Nov. 18, 1842
PALMER . . . . .	Nov. 20, 1842
DABNEY . . . . .	Nov. 25, 1842
HORTON . . . . .	Dec. 7, 1842
MORISON . . . . .	Dec. 19, 1842
<i>Gould, S. S.</i> . . . . .	Jan. 1, 1843
POST . . . . .	Jan. 5, 1843
<i>Ward</i> . . . . .	Jan. 11, 1843
GREEN, A. W. . . . .	Jan. 14, 1843
HASELTINE . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1843
APPLETON . . . . .	Feb. 2, 1843
FROTHINGHAM, B. T. . . . .	Feb. 2, 1843
CROMWELL . . . . .	Feb. 16, 1843
DENNY . . . . .	Mar. 25, 1843
HUTCHINS . . . . .	June 27, 1843
SHELDON . . . . .	June 28, 1843
GREENOUGH . . . . .	June 29, 1843
<i>Allyn</i> . . . . .	Aug. 6, 1843
MARSTON . . . . .	Aug. 21, 1843
DREW . . . . .	Aug. 24, 1843
<i>Haslett</i> . . . . .	Aug. 28, 1843
JACKSON . . . . .	Sept. 22, 1843
<i>Huidekoper</i> . . . . .	Nov. 28, 1843
WHITE . . . . .	Dec. 12, 1843
SMITH . . . . .	April 13, 1844
FURNESS . . . . .	July 22, 1844
SHATTUCK . . . . .	Aug. 18, 1844

## MARRIAGES.

ALLEN

Louisa Ripley Vose . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	April 24, 1867
Alberta Hildegarde Lewis . . . . .	Philadelphia . . . . .	June 4, 1884
<u>AMORY, C. W.</u>		
Elizabeth Gardner . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	Oct. 23, 1867

<b>AMORY, R.</b>				
Marianne Appleton Lawrence . . . . .	Brookline . . . . .	May 12, 1864		
Katharine Leighton Crehore . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	Sept. 4, 1884		
<b>APPLETON</b>				
Jeannette Maria Ovington . . . . .	Brooklyn . . . . .	Nov. 16, 1887		
<b>AYRES</b>				
Louise Adelaide Sanderson . . . . .	Galesburg, Ill. . . . .	June 11, 1868		
Frances Hastings Noble . . . . .	Cambridge . . . . .	Oct. 30, 1889		
<b>BAILEY</b>				
Abby V. Getchell . . . . .	Charlestown . . . . .	Jan. 19, 1869		
<b>BAXTER</b>				
Ida F. Paul . . . . .	Somerville . . . . .	July 18, 1872		
<b>BLAIR</b>				
Clara May (Urquhart) Spencer . . . . .	Crafton, Pa. . . . .	Feb. 2, 1907		
<b>BOIT</b>				
Mary Louisa Cushing . . . . .	Cambridge . . . . .	June 16, 1864		
Florence McCarty Little . . . . .	Biarritz . . . . .	Jan. 6, 1897		
<b>BOWDITCH</b>				
Cornelia Rockwell . . . . .	Lenox . . . . .	June 7, 1866		
<b>BROWN, J. M.</b>				
Caroline Lamson . . . . .	New York . . . . .	Oct. 30, 1873		
<b>BROWN, M.</b>				
Susie E. Baker . . . . .	New York . . . . .	Oct. 8, 1866		
<b>CLARKE</b>				
Harriet Amelia Cobb . . . . .	Kankakee, Ill. . . . .	May 5, 1869		
<b>COBB</b>				
Sarah W. Percy . . . . .	Brooklyn . . . . .	Jan. 18, 1883		
<b>COMTE</b>				
Marie Pauline Soltis . . . . .	San Francisco . . . . .	Aug. 15, 1872		
Ella La Faille . . . . .	San Francisco . . . . .	Jan. 15, 1898		
<b>CROMWELL</b>				
Esther Whitmore Husted . . . . .	Brooklyn . . . . .	Jan. 8, 1868		
<b>CURTIN</b>				
Alma M. Cardelle . . . . .	Warren, Vt. . . . .	July 17, 1872		
<b>DANIELL</b>				
Elizabeth Smith Parker . . . . .	Providence . . . . .	July 26, 1864		
Mary Fifield Porter . . . . .	Weymouth . . . . .	July 24, 1872		
<b>DAVIS</b>				
Sarah Shaw . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	June 19, 1866		
<b>DREW</b>				
Anna A. Davis . . . . .	Medfield . . . . .	Aug. 24, 1874		
<b>EDWARDS</b>				
Elizabeth Eaton Henley . . . . .	Portland, Me. . . . .	Nov. 29, 1866		
<b>EMERSON</b>				
Theresia Steiner . . . . .	Berne, Switzerland .	Sept. 18, 1871		
<b>EVANS</b>				
Mary H. Locke . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	Nov. 20, 1867		
<b>FAIRCHILD</b>				
Helen K. Lincklaen . . . . .	Cazenovia, N. Y. . .	June 1, 1871		
<b>FIELD</b>				
Edna M. Potter . . . . .	Springfield, Mass. .	Oct. 25, 1887		
<b>FISKE</b>				
Abby M. Brooks . . . . .	Cambridge . . . . .	Sept. 6, 1864		

FROTHINGHAM, B. T.						
	Kate Tredway White . . . . .	Brooklyn . . . . .	Oct.	31,	1866	
FROTHINGHAM, W.						
	Margaret Ellen Fuller . . . . .	Brattleborough, Vt. .	Oct.	26,	1865	
FULLERTON						
	Emily Warren . . . . .	Lancaster, Mass. .	April	18,	1866	
FURNESS						
	Marion Ramsey . . . . .	St. Paul, Minn. . .	Mar.	29,	1875	
GILLET						
	Sarah H. Bliss . . . . .	Wilbraham, Mass. .	May	4,	1864	
GOODWIN						
	Mary Greenwood Buttrick . . .	Cambridge . . . . .	Sept.	27,	1866	
GREEN, A. W.						
	Esther Walsh . . . . .	Chicago . . . . .	July	3,	1879	
GREENHALGE						
	Isabel Nesmith . . . . .	Lowell . . . . .	Oct.	1,	1872	
GREENOUGH						
	Alice Mary Patterson . . . . .	New York . . . . .	April	26,	1871	
GREW						
	Annie Crawford Clark . . . . .	Dedham, Mass . . .	Nov.	26,	1867	
HALL						
	Ellen James De Camp . . . . .	Fort Benton, Mont. .	June	8,	1876	
	Lillian May Holp . . . . .	Dayton, Ohio . . .	Sept.	21,	1882	
HAMMOND						
	Elizabeth M. Boswell . . . . .	Philadelphia . . . . .	Sept.	24,	1890	
HARRIS						
	Margaret Schenck Van Kleeck .	Flatbush, L. I. . . .	June	20,	1867	
HASSAM						
	Nelly Alden Batchelder . . . . .	Salem . . . . .	Feb.	14,	1878	
HIGGINSON, F. L.						
	Julia Borland . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	Feb.	16,	1876	
	Corina Anna Shattuck . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	April	11,	1898	
HIGGINSON, S. S.						
	Juanita Chilitoteguy . . . . .	Argentine . . . . .	Oct.	6,	1869	
	Nora Ternan . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	Oct.	6,	1886	
HORTON						
	Laura L. Benedict . . . . .	Burlington, Iowa .	Nov.	12,	1867	
HOWLAND						
	Sarah (Bickford) Kniffen . . .	Worcester . . . . .	April	30,	1885	
HUN						
	Caroline de F. Gale . . . . .	Troy, N. Y. . . . .	April	29,	1874	
HUTCHINS						
	Hattie C. Easterbrook . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	Jan.	19,	1869	
JACKSON						
	Frances Elizabeth Appleton . .	Brookline . . . . .	June	7,	1876	
JENKS, H. F.						
	Lavinia Hathaway Angier . . .	Boston . . . . .	Mar.	1,	1881	
JENKS, W. F.						
	Helen Carnan Towne . . . . .	Philadelphia . . . .	June	15,	1874	
JONES, G. S.						
	Emma L. Farr . . . . .	Philadelphia . . . .	Dec.	24,	1866	
KIDDER						
	Mary Lincoln Hathaway . . . .	Brooklyn . . . . .	Oct.	11,	1865	

**KILBRETH**

Sophie (Agnus) Oudin . . . . . New York . . . . . Nov. 21, 1871

**KNAPP**

Abbie Bartlett . . . . . Boston . . . . . July 2, 1873

**LANGDON**

Helen Bell Haven . . . . . Portsmouth, N. H. . Mar. 9, 1869

**LATHROP**

May Safford . . . . . Detroit . . . . . Sept. 6, 1871

**LAWRENCE**

Alison Turnbull Lawrence . . . Stockbridge . . . . June 12, 1877

**LINCOLN**

Serafina Loring . . . . . Boston . . . . . Dec. 17, 1883

**LINDER**

Mary Isabel Kimball . . . . . Newton, Mass. . . . . Dec. 2, 1869

**LOMBARD, J.**

Alice N. Rathburn . . . . . Verona Springs, N. Y. June 7, 1877

**MARDEN**

Lillie Butman Skiddy . . . . . New York . . . . . June 26, 1866

**MARSH**

Emma J. Boyd . . . . . Dedham . . . . . April 13, 1871

**MARSTON**

Julia Maria Stevens . . . . . Boston . . . . . April 30, 1866

Emily Maria Parks . . . . . Phippsburg, Me. . . Aug. 14, 1873

**MASON**

Louisa Blake Steedman . . . . . Boston . . . . . Sept. 30, 1874

**MORSE**

Lucy Gibbons . . . . . New York . . . . . May 12, 1870

**NICHOLS**

Julia A. Batchelder . . . . . Boston . . . . . Nov. 26, 1863

**OWEN**

Julia A. (Batchelder) Nichols . . Brookline . . . . . Sept. 25, 1909

**PALMER**

Catherine I. Kennedy . . . . . Chicago . . . . . Jan. 17, 1870

**PEARCE**

Sallie Charless McCloud . . . St. Louis . . . . . June 3, 1868

**PERRY**

Adrienne Marie Duysters . . . New York . . . . . Nov. 10, 1891

**PILLSBURY**

Marion Hammond . . . . . St. Louis . . . . . Dec. 26, 1866

**POST**

Marie Caroline de Trobriand . . New York . . . . . Jan. 25, 1866

**RAND**

Julia D. Spinney . . . . . Lynn . . . . . April 19, 1866

**SHATTUCK**

Amalia (Schutte) de Lavalle . . Paris . . . . . June 6, 1872

**SHELDON**

Clara P. Morse . . . . . Hubbardston, Mass. Dec. 31, 1868

**SHEREVE**

Sarah Cox Daland . . . . . Salem . . . . . July 28, 1864

**SMITH**

Emma Gertrude Griscom . . . New York . . . . . Aug. 25, 1870

**STETSON**

Marion Cushing . . . . . San Rafael, Cal. . . Sept. 3, 1887

**TABER**

Alice A. Swift . . . . .	New Bedford . . . . .	May 10, 1866
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**TOMLINSON**

Delia F. Grover . . . . .	Gloucester . . . . .	Sept. 10, 1864
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**TOWNSEND**

Emilie Wilhelmina Kaupé . . . . .	New York . . . . .	April 11, 1867
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**TUCK**

Emma Roumelia Beers . . . . .	Yonkers, N. Y. . . . .	Nov. 26, 1873
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Elenore (Boyd) Hammond . . . . .	Chestnut Hill . . . . .	Sept. 23, 1902
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**VERPLANCK**

Katharine Brinckerhoff . . . . .	Brinckerhoff, N. Y. . . . .	Feb. 24, 1876
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**WALES**

Augusta A. Reed . . . . .	Bucksport, Me. . . . .	Oct. 14, 1874
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**WARREN, H. W.**

Mary E. Merrihew . . . . .	Fairhaven . . . . .	Aug. 25, 1870
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Julia Carleton (Farrar) Sherman . . . . .	Lincoln . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1884
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**WARREN, J. C.**

Amy Shaw . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	May 27, 1873
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**WEBB**

Josephine Hortense Dwight . . . . .	San Francisco . . . . .	May 12, 1870
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**WELD**

Lydia Anna Harvell . . . . .	Hyde Park . . . . .	Aug. 16, 1880
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**WHEELER, E. S.**

Jane Howell Townsend . . . . .	Niagara Falls . . . . .	Oct. 24, 1866
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**WHITE**

Hattie Hillard . . . . .	Brooklyn . . . . .	April 29, 1868
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**WINTHROP**

Isabella Cowpland Weyman . . . . .	Stockbridge . . . . .	Mar. 30, 1864 90
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**Allyn**

Anna Winter Page . . . . .	Watertown . . . . .	June 19, 1872
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**Bellows**

Annie E. Morrill . . . . .	Concord, N. H. . . . .	June 26, 1866
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Katherine H. W. Howland . . . . .	Walpole, N. H. . . . .	Nov. 21, 1877
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**Blake**

Mary Rockwood . . . . .	Springfield, Mass. . . . .	Nov. 24, 1867
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**Dinsmoor**

Helen Jones . . . . .	Portsmouth, N. H. . . . .	Sept. 9, 1874
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**Eustis**

Laura Buckner . . . . .	New Orleans . . . . .	May 3, 1870
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**Fearing**

Mary Putnam . . . . .	Boston . . . . .	July 9, 1866
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**Going**

Nellie Lee Chambers . . . . .	Philadelphia . . . . .	Oct. 28, 1867
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**Howe**

Maria Frances Griffith . . . . .	Washington, D. C. . . . .	Aug. 6, 1864
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**Leve**

Ellen Stickney . . . . .	Townsend, Mass. . . . .	Nov. 19, 1864
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**Lombard, J. S.**

Isabella Kellogg . . . . .	Troy, N. Y. . . . .	April 20, 1864
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**Richardson**

Mary E. Scudday . . . . .	Houma, La. . . . .	Nov. 28, 1867
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*Ryan*

Rosine Stearne . . . . .	Houston, Texas . . .	Feb. 23, 1869
<i>Strong</i>		
Annie Lemont . . . . .	Bath, Me. . . . .	Feb. 25, 1868
<i>Ward</i>		
Frances King . . . . .	Clifton, Staten Island	Oct. 16, 1869
		<sup>14</sup>
Total . . . . .		104

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## CHILDREN.

<b>ALLEN</b> . . . . .	Josephine Francis . . . . .	Feb. 1, 1868
	Rebecca Gorham . . . . .	Oct. 12, 1869
	Louisa Ripley . . . . .	Nov. 21, 1871
	Hildegarde . . . . .	July 1, 1885
	Frederick Lewis. . . . .	July 5, 1890
<b>AMORY, C. W.</b> . . . . .	William . . . . .	Sept. 19, 1869
	Clara Gardner . . . . .	Jan. 3, 1872
	George Gardner. . . . .	June 22, 1874
	*Dorothy . . . . .	July 17, 1878
* <b>AMORY, R.</b> . . . . .	Alice . . . . .	May 8, 1865
	Robert . . . . .	Oct. 23, 1885
	Mary Copley . . . . .	July 3, 1888
	Katharine Leighton . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1891
	Margery Sullivan . . . . .	Oct. 23, 1897
* <b>AYRES</b> . . . . .	Mary Louise . . . . .	July 5, 1869
	Winifred . . . . .	July 21, 1871
	*Charles Marshall . . . . .	Oct. 7, 1872
	Marjorie . . . . .	Aug. 18, 1874
	*Lorraine . . . . .	Aug. 13, 1876
	Mildred . . . . .	May 12, 1879
<b>BAXTER</b> . . . . .	*George Lewis . . . . .	May 16, 1873
	Gregory Paul . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1876
<b>Boit</b> . . . . .	*Edward Darley . . . . .	May 13, 1865
	*John Cushing. . . . .	Oct. 1, 1866
	Florence Dumaresq . . . . .	May 6, 1868
	Jane Hubbard . . . . .	Jan. 17, 1870
	Mary Louisa . . . . .	June 5, 1874
	Julia Overing . . . . .	Nov. 15, 1877
	Julian McCarty. . . . .	Jan. 21, 1900
	Edward . . . . .	April 12, 1902
<b>BOWDITCH</b> . . . . .	Cornelia . . . . .	June 12, 1867
	Lucy Rockwell . . . . .	Aug. 24, 1868
	Katharine Putnam . . . . .	April 13, 1870
	*Edith . . . . .	April 29, 1872
	Ingersoll . . . . .	May 31, 1875

*BROWN, J. M. . . . .	Murray . . . . .	Oct. 11, 1876
	Philip Lamson . . . . .	Jan. 31, 1878
	Alice Munroe . . . . .	May 11, 1879
	Robert Cornell . . . . .	June 7, 1880
	Arthur Perry . . . . .	Oct. 11, 1883
	Margaret . . . . .	Dec. 15, 1887
BROWN, M. . . . .	Susan Elizabeth . . . . .	July 19, 1867
	Frederick Melvin . . . . .	Nov. 21, 1868
	Evelyn Brockway . . . . .	Dec. 7, 1870
	*Adelaide Bradford . . . . .	Oct. 20, 1873
COBB . . . . .	Percy Low . . . . .	May 23, 1885
	Mary Ethel . . . . .	Aug. 29, 1887
COMTE . . . . .	Pauline Julia . . . . .	May 31, 1873
	George Augustus . . . . .	Feb. 8, 1877
	Lawrence Henry . . . . .	Aug. 17, 1879
	*Marie Christine . . . . .	Dec. 22, 1880
	*Louis Joseph . . . . .	May 12, 1883
	Edmund Jules Capel . . . . .	Sept. 18, 1885
	Helene La Faille . . . . .	Sept. 15, 1900
	Marie La Faille . . . . .	Feb. 19, 1902
	Madeleine . . . . .	Nov. 15, 1904
	Louis . . . . .	Nov. 19, 1906
CROMWELL . . . . .	Mary Rebecca . . . . .	Oct. 14, 1868
	Seymour Legrand . . . . .	April 24, 1871
	*Ellis Bowman . . . . .	Sept. 3, 1875
	Gladys Louise Husted } . . . . .	Nov. 28, 1886
	Dorothea Katharine Husted } . . . . .	
*DANIELL . . . . .	Moses Grant . . . . .	April 19, 1865
	Emily Anna . . . . .	Nov. 16, 1873
	Lucy Catherine . . . . .	Dec. 18, 1875
	*Robert . . . . .	Jan. 13, 1877
	Elizabeth Porter . . . . .	April 20, 1884
DREW . . . . .	Charles Davis . . . . .	Sept. 13, 1875
	Dora May . . . . .	Aug. 22, 1877
	Elsa Caroline . . . . .	Mar. 11, 1881
	Lucy Bartlett . . . . .	Mar. 22, 1884
	Kathleen . . . . .	June 24, 1886
	Lionel Edward . . . . .	Jan. 27, 1890
*EVANS . . . . .	Maude May . . . . .	Aug. 9, 1868
	Grace Ermina . . . . .	April 19, 1870
	Kenneth Edward . . . . .	Jan. 28, 1875
*FISKE . . . . .	Maud . . . . .	July 21, 1865
	Harold Brooks . . . . .	May 13, 1867
	Clarence Stoughton . . . . .	May 10, 1869
	*Ralph Browning . . . . .	Nov. 16, 1870
	Ethel . . . . .	July 22, 1872
	Herbert Huxley . . . . .	Aug. 20, 1877
*FROTHINGHAM, B. T. . . . .	Elizabeth White . . . . .	Feb. 21, 1869

	*Thompson Goddard . . . . .	Oct. 17, 1871
	John Whipple . . . . .	June 8, 1878
	*Philip Hart . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1881
*FROTHINGHAM, W.	*Maria Louisa . . . . .	Dec. 10, 1866
	Samuel . . . . .	Aug. 7, 1868
*FULLERTON . . . . .	*Arthur Warren . . . . .	Sept. 8, 1868
	*Walter Morse . . . . .	May 18, 1871
*FURNESS . . . . .	Anna Earle. . . . .	May 17, 1876
	Alexander Ramsey . . . . .	Oct. 18, 1877
	*Charles Eliot . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1879
	Laura . . . . .	Mar. 31, 1882
*GILLET . . . . .	*Mary Ann . . . . .	Sept. 9, 1867
	Fannie. . . . .	Nov. 5, 1871
	Louis Bliss . . . . .	Dec. 23, 1880
*GOODWIN . . . . .	*Mary . . . . .	Feb. 18, 1868
	Sarah Storer . . . . .	Aug. 1, 1870
	Eleanor Greenwood . . . . .	June 24, 1877
	Robert Elliot . . . . .	Oct. 27, 1878
GREEN, A. W. . . . .	Jane . . . . .	May 3, 1880
	Mary . . . . .	July 9, 1881
	*Arthur Williamson . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1882
	Esther Margaret . . . . .	April 16, 1885
	*Charles Francis . . . . .	Dec. 12, 1886
	Elizabeth Lawrence . . . . .	May 6, 1888
	John Russell . . . . .	June 10, 1890
	Josephine . . . . .	Aug. 5, 1892
*GREENHALGE . . . . .	*Nesmith . . . . .	Aug. 28, 1873
	Frederick Brandlesome . . . . .	July 21, 1875
	Harriet Nesmith . . . . .	Dec. 10, 1878
	Richard Spalding . . . . .	July 31, 1883
*GREENOUGH . . . . .	Alice . . . . .	Mar. 24, 1872
	William . . . . .	July 15, 1874
	Marion Mansfield . . . . .	Oct. 17, 1877
	Edith . . . . .	Sept. 12, 1881
	Carroll . . . . .	Jan. 30, 1883
GREW . . . . .	*Robert Sturgis . . . . .	Sept. 1, 1871
	Randolph Clark . . . . .	Sept. 21, 1873
	Henry Sturgis . . . . .	Nov. 1, 1875
	Joseph Clark . . . . .	May 27, 1880
	Eleanor Jackson . . . . .	Sept. 14, 1882
HALL . . . . .	John De Camp . . . . .	Sept. 10, 1877
	Dean . . . . .	Dec. 14, 1883
HAMMOND. . . . .	Walter Edward . . . . .	July 4, 1892
*HARRIS . . . . .	Robert Van Kleeck . . . . .	June 23, 1868
	Margaret . . . . .	Oct. 23, 1870
	*William Thaddeus . . . . .	Dec. 25, 1872
	Emma . . . . .	Mar. 8, 1876
	*Edith Holbrook . . . . .	July 7, 1878

	May Robinson . . . . .	May 3, 1880
	Thomas Robinson } . . . . .	June 6, 1890
	*Ellen Van Kleeck }	
*HASSAM . . . . .	Eleanor . . . . .	Mar. 20, 1879
HIGGINSON, F. L. . . . .	Francis Lee . . . . .	Nov. 29, 1878
	Mary Cabot . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1879
	Juliet . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1881
	Barbara . . . . .	Mar. 28, 1884
	Corina Shattuck . . . . .	Sept. 19, 1899
	Eleanor Lee . . . . .	Nov. 22, 1901
	George Higginson, 2d . . . . .	Dec. 21, 1904
*HIGGINSON, S. S. . . . .	*Gordon Storrow . . . . .	June 16, 1889
HORTON . . . . .	*David Stone . . . . .	Aug. 16, 1868
	*Marion . . . . .	Nov. 26, 1869
*HOWLAND . . . . .	Frances Bickford . . . . .	Oct. 22, 1887
HUTCHINS . . . . .	*Willie Fuller . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1869
	Alexander . . . . .	Jan. 4, 1871
	Lucy Camilla . . . . .	June 16, 1873
	*Hiram . . . . .	Aug. 26, 1875
	Amy . . . . .	Dec. 11, 1876
	De Witt . . . . .	Aug. 28, 1880
JACKSON . . . . .	Charles . . . . .	Mar. 10, 1877
	Robert Appleton . . . . .	Nov. 24, 1878
	Susan . . . . .	July 17, 1881
	George Schünemann . . . . .	Mar. 10, 1884
	*Frances Appleton . . . . .	May 31, 1887
JENKS, H. F. . . . .	Henry Angier . . . . .	Nov. 17, 1882
	Charles Fitch . . . . .	Feb. 12, 1884
	Frederic Angier . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1886
*JENKS, W. F. . . . .	Robert Darrah . . . . .	Mar. 1, 1875
	Horace Howard . . . . .	June 6, 1878
*JONES, G. S. . . . .	Emma Clarence . . . . .	Sept. 23, 1867
	*Francis Gilmore . . . . .	Dec. 9, 1869
	*George Emmerson . . . . .	Dec. 16, 1872
	Ella May . . . . .	May 15, 1878
	Chester Nye . . . . .	May 6, 1881
KIDDER . . . . .	*Edward Hartwell . . . . .	July 17, 1867
	James Hathaway . . . . .	Sept. 25, 1869
	Mary Grace . . . . .	Jan. 2, 1878
*KILBRETH . . . . .	James Truesdell . . . . .	June 23, 1873
*LANGDON . . . . .	Helen Haven . . . . .	Nov. 5, 1870
	Francis Eustis . . . . .	Aug. 3, 1872
*LAWRENCE . . . . .	William Richards . . . . .	July 3, 1878
	*Susan Dana . . . . .	Aug. 20, 1879
*LINCOLN . . . . .	Serafina . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1884
*LINDER . . . . .	William . . . . .	Sept. 18, 1870
*LOMBARD, J. . . . .	Emily Rathburn . . . . .	July 21, 1878
	Ethel Ayres . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1880

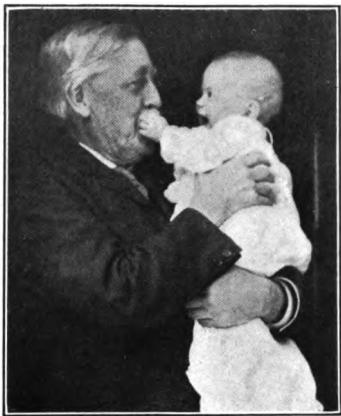
	*Jessica . . . . .	Sept. 12, 1881
	Edith . . . . .	April 18, 1884
	Louise Ayres . . . . .	Oct. 15, 1886
	*Harold . . . . .	Feb. 15, 1891
*MARDEN . . . . .	Francis Skiddy . . . . .	June 12, 1867
	Marian Isabel . . . . .	Aug. 11, 1870
	Lillie Butman . . . . .	April 18, 1872
	Eleanor Gay . . . . .	Mar. 9, 1876
MARSH . . . . .	*Frank Walter. . . . .	Nov. 7, 1873
	Edward . . . . .	Feb. 9, 1877
MARSTON . . . . .	*Charles Edwin . . . . .	Dec. 17, 1866
	Mabel Louise . . . . .	Oct. 1, 1874
MASON . . . . .	Marion Steedman . . . . .	July 17, 1875
MORSE . . . . .	Rose . . . . .	July 4, 1871
	James Herbert . . . . .	July 8, 1875
	William Gibbons . . . . .	Dec. 14, 1877
*NICHOLS . . . . .	*William . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1864
	*George Tolman . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1867
	Clifford . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1873
	Philip . . . . .	July 25, 1875
PALMER . . . . .	Elizabeth Cummings . . . . .	Nov. 7, 1870
	Anna Mather . . . . .	Dec. 26, 1872
	William Henry . . . . .	Aug. 20, 1876
	Bertha . . . . .	Nov. 21, 1879
	*George Kennedy . . . . .	April 1, 1883
	Daniel Appleton . . . . .	Dec. 27, 1884
	Marjorie } . . . . .	
	Alice } . . . . .	July 11, 1887
PEARCE . . . . .	McCloud . . . . .	June 25, 1869
	Eliza Stockwell . . . . .	Sept. 29, 1870
	*James Lewis . . . . .	Dec. 17, 1871
	Catherine . . . . .	July 7, 1874
	Sallie . . . . .	Oct. 4, 1875
*PERRY . . . . .	James Agassiz . . . . .	Nov. 16, 1892
PILLSBURY . . . . .	William Forrest . . . . .	Dec. 17, 1867
	Arthur Low . . . . .	Nov. 30, 1869
	*George Stephen . . . . .	Feb. 18, 1871
	Bertha Marion . . . . .	June 18, 1875
	Charles Stephen . . . . .	Feb. 3, 1887
*POST . . . . .	Lina Beatrice . . . . .	Nov. 11, 1866
	Waldron Kintzing . . . . .	July 7, 1868
	Regis Henri . . . . .	Jan. 28, 1870
SHATTUCK . . . . .	Corina Anna . . . . .	Mar. 18, 1873
	Eleanor Cecilia Amalia . . . . .	Nov. 19, 1875
SHELDON . . . . .	*Alice . . . . .	Sept. 17, 1869
	Wilmon Henry . . . . .	April 4, 1875
SHREVE . . . . .	Genevieve . . . . .	Aug. 31, 1868
	Benjamin Daland . . . . .	Mar. 10, 1871

*SMITH . . . . .	Mary Daland . . . . .	Sept. 27, 1873
STETSON . . . . .	Rosalba Peale . . . . .	June 14, 1871
	George Lawrence . . . . .	Dec. 2, 1873
	Clement Lawrence . . . . .	April 14, 1875
	Edgar Lawrence . . . . .	May 6, 1882
	Meriam . . . . .	Nov. 16, 1888
*TABER . . . . .	Philip Cushing . . . . .	Sept. 22, 1890
	*Henry . . . . .	June 20, 1867
	Gertrude Swift . . . . .	July 4, 1868
TOMLINSON . . . . .	Anna Clementine . . . . .	June 13, 1872
	Edith Eliza . . . . .	Jan. 7, 1875
	Adelia Grover . . . . .	May 6, 1877
	James Ellis . . . . .	July 15, 1880
*TOWNSEND . . . . .	Robert Elmer . . . . .	Feb. 7, 1868
	*Frederic Edward . . . . .	Aug. 15, 1869
	Lilian Henrietta . . . . .	June 17, 1873
*TUCK . . . . .	Shirley Richardson . . . . .	Aug. 5, 1874
	Henry Webster . . . . .	May 5, 1877
	Rosamond . . . . .	Feb. 27, 1879
*VERPLANCK . . . . .	Gulian Crommelin . . . . .	Dec. 9, 1876
	Judith Crommelin . . . . .	April 14, 1878
	Mary Brinckerhoff . . . . .	Sept. 28, 1881
	William Samuel . . . . .	Mar. 20, 1884
	Robert Sinclair . . . . .	Aug. 15, 1885
WARREN, H. W. . . . .	Mary Winslow . . . . .	July 25, 1875
WARREN, J. C. . . . .	Helen Farrar . . . . .	Aug. 21, 1886
*WELD . . . . .	John . . . . .	Sept. 6, 1874
WHEELER, E. S. . . . .	Joseph . . . . .	Mar. 16, 1876
	Louis Dwight Harvell . . . . .	April 18, 1882
	*Townsend . . . . .	Sept. 24, 1867
	Elizabeth Townsend . . . . .	July 27, 1873
	Frank Storer . . . . .	Dec. 24, 1876
	Marion . . . . .	June 8, 1880
	Reginald Tremaine . . . . .	June 28, 1883
WHITE . . . . .	Frances Hillard . . . . .	Aug. 10, 1869
	Alexander Moss . . . . .	Oct. 30, 1870
	Harold Tredway . . . . .	Oct. 10, 1875
	*Alfred Hillard . . . . .	Oct. 3, 1876
	Margaret Low . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1883
		266
Allyn . . . . .	Alice Page . . . . .	Mar. 27, 1873
	Rufus Bradford . . . . .	June 27, 1874
	Philip Morton . . . . .	Aug. 24, 1878
	Dorothea . . . . .	June 2, 1880
	Samuel Bradford . . . . .	Sept. 20, 1884
*Bellows . . . . .	*Mary Grahme } . . . . .	Mar. 29, 1867
	*Annie Morrill } . . . . .	
	Mary Howland . . . . .	Sept. 18, 1878

* <i>Blake</i>	.....	*a daughter	.....	1868
* <i>Dinsmoor</i>	.....	William Parry	.....	Nov. 29, 1875
* <i>Eustis</i>	.....	*Julia Fiske	.....	Nov. 20, 1878
		Ellen	.....	Aug. 5, 1871
		Laura	.....	May 30, 1873
		Cartwright	.....	Mar. 9, 1875
		Allan Chotard	.....	Dec. 23, 1876
		Catherine	.....	Jan. 2, 1879
		Herbert Lee	.....	Nov. 24, 1880
		Richard	.....	Sept. 8, 1882
		Laurance	.....	Aug. 28, 1884
		Maud	.....	Aug. 26, 1887
* <i>Going</i>	.....	Mabel	.....	Dec. 21, 1868
		Gertrude	.....	Jan. 2, 1870
* <i>Howe</i>	.....	John Kendall	.....	Oct. 29, 1871
		Mary Helen	.....	Aug. 15, 1865
		George Alpha	.....	Aug. 6, 1867
		Katerine Lay	.....	Oct. 10, 1868
* <i>Frances Sylvia</i>	.....	.....	July 8, 1871	
		Franklin Theodore	.....	July 17, 1873
		Sarah Willard	.....	Sept. 30, 1874
* <i>Caleb William</i>	.....	.....	Aug. 12, 1876	
* <i>John Cowdin</i>	.....	.....	Aug. 14, 1879	
		Marie Agnes	.....	Oct. 2, 1880
* <i>Robert Cowdin</i>	.....	.....	Mar. 17, 1882	
* <i>Leve</i>	.....	Alvah Maximilian	.....	Nov. 2, 1866
		Maurice Ambrose	.....	Sept. 13, 1874
* <i>Richardson</i>	.....	*Catherine Caroline	.....	Nov. 29, 1868
		James Scudday	.....	Jan. 10, 1871
		Mary	.....	June 13, 1872
		Marguerite Aubert	.....	Dec. 3, 1873
		Henry Leverich	.....	Mar. 21, 1875
		Jane Priestley	.....	Nov. 23, 1877
		Rosina Bein	.....	Jan. 2, 1880
		Catherine Caroline	.....	Jan. 2, 1882
		Julia Hayden	.....	Nov. 19, 1884
		Louise Rightor	.....	May 27, 1886
* <i>Strong</i>	.....	Frederick	.....	Jan. 16, 1869
* <i>Ward</i>	.....	*Edmund	.....	Oct. 28, 1870
		Henrietta	.....	April 29, 1872
		Anne Williston	.....	Dec. 26, 1873
		Susan Eliot	.....	Feb. 5, 1877
		Frances King	.....	Nov. 18, 1880
			51	
Total	.....		317	

## GRANDCHILDREN.

ALLEN . . . . .	Katharine Clark . . . . .	Feb. 10, 1891
	Benjamin Preston Clark, Jr. . . . .	Feb. 28, 1893
	Allen Williams Clark . . . . .	Feb. 18, 1896
	Francis Richmond Clark . . . . .	Nov. 27, 1899
	Theodore Taylor . . . . .	May 19, 1904
	Frederick Baylies Taylor . . . . .	May 10, 1906
	Malcolm Taylor . . . . .	Sept. 5, 1907
	Gordon Taylor . . . . .	May 12, 1911
AMORY, C. W. . . . .	T. Jefferson Coolidge, 3d . . . . .	Sept. 17, 1893
	Amory Coolidge . . . . .	Mar. 23, 1895
	Wm. Appleton Coolidge . . . . .	Oct. 22, 1901
	John Linzee Coolidge . . . . .	Mar. 21, 1905
	Robert Winthrop . . . . .	Jan. 21, 1904
	Dorothy Winthrop . . . . .	May 21, 1905
	Frederic Winthrop . . . . .	June 30, 1906
*AMORY, R. . . . .	Mary Thorndike . . . . .	Oct. 17, 1893
	Alice Thorndike . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1895
	Augustus Thorndike . . . . .	Mar. 13, 1896
	Charles Thorndike . . . . .	Mar. 13, 1898
	Robert Amory Thorndike . . . . .	Dec. 19, 1900
*AYRES . . . . .	Marshall Ayres Best . . . . .	Nov. 27, 1901
	Winifred Louise Hope . . . . .	June 13, 1902
BAXTER . . . . .	Elizabeth Paul Baxter . . . . .	Dec. 13, 1909
BOWDITCH . . . . .	Franklin Greene Balch, Jr. } . . . . .	May 3, 1896
	Charles Bowditch Balch } . . . . .	
	Lucy Bowditch Balch . . . . .	Jan. 12, 1898
	Henry Gordon Balch . . . . .	Aug. 8, 1901
	Cornelia Balch . . . . .	Aug. 3, 1909
	Samuel Ingersoll Bowditch . . . . .	Mar. 4, 1906
	Sylvia Church Bowditch . . . . .	Aug. 19, 1910
	Charles Pickering Bowditch, Jr. . . . .	Nov. 17, 1912
BROWN, M. . . . .	Melvin R. Lane . . . . .	Sept. 25, 1902
CROMWELL . . . . .	Frederic Cromwell, 2d . . . . .	Sept. 10, 1900
	Seymour L. Cromwell, Jr. . . . .	Nov. 20, 1902
	Whitney Cromwell . . . . .	Nov. 28, 1904
DREW . . . . .	Esther Babbitt . . . . .	Oct. 2, 1901
*FISKE . . . . .	Edward Sturges Babbitt . . . . .	June 12, 1903
	Margaret Gracie Fiske . . . . .	Mar. 9, 1896
	Barbara Fiske . . . . .	Sept. 7, 1897
	Cuvier Grover Flint . . . . .	April 5, 1900
	John Fiske . . . . .	Sept. 17, 1900
	Susan Willard Flint . . . . .	May 25, 1902
	Dorothy Brooks Fiske . . . . .	Sept. 19, 1902
*GILLET . . . . .	James Bliss McLean . . . . .	Nov. 4, 1899
	Mary Gillet McLean . . . . .	Jan. 22, 1904



MORSE AND HIS YOUNGEST  
GRANDCHILD





GREEN, A. W. . . . .	Arthur Williamson Carrott . . . . .	June 23, 1907
	Esther Culbertson Carrott . . . . .	April 10, 1909
	John Carrott . . . . .	Sept. 1, 1910
*GREENOUGH . . . . .	Edward Mitchell Townsend, 3d . . . . .	Feb. 13, 1893
	Greenough Townsend . . . . .	Mar. 4, 1895
GREW . . . . .	Agnes Hoppin Grew . . . . .	Nov. 13, 1898
	Henry Sturgis Grew . . . . .	Mar. 31, 1901
	James Hooper Grew . . . . .	Dec. 16, 1906
	Ethel Hooper Grew . . . . .	Oct. 1, 1911
	Edith Agnes Grew . . . . .	Sept. 24, 1906
	Lilla Cabot Grew . . . . .	Nov. 30, 1907
	Anita Clark Grew . . . . .	May 27, 1909
	Alice de Vermandois Grew . . . . .	April 25, 1912
HALL . . . . .	Margaret Eleanor Hall . . . . .	Feb. 1, 1912
*HARRIS . . . . .	Robert Van Kleeck Harris, 2d . . . . .	July 6, 1895
	Laurence Van Doren Harris . . . . .	Dec. 7, 1898
	Margaret Anna Harris . . . . .	Dec. 16, 1903
	William Lamson Griffin, 2d . . . . .	Nov. 10, 1902
	Margaret Schenck Griffin . . . . .	Mar. 23, 1907
	William Tracy Weston, Jr. . . . . .	June 22, 1910
HIGGINSON, F. L. . . . .	Philip Mason Sears . . . . .	Dec. 29, 1898
	David Sears . . . . .	Dec. 23, 1901
	Francis Lee Higginson, 3d . . . . .	June 5, 1906
	Joan Higginson . . . . .	Mar. 7, 1908
HUTCHINS . . . . .	Barbara Wendell . . . . .	April 13, 1911
	Anna Ware Barker . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1901
	Le Baron Barker . . . . .	Jan. 11, 1904
	George Gardner Barker . . . . .	Nov. 18, 1908
	John Greenwood Brown Hutchins	Oct. 15, 1909
JACKSON . . . . .	Charles Jackson, Jr. . . . . .	Jan. 5, 1910
	Elizabeth Jackson . . . . .	Oct. 3, 1911
	Ralph Blake Williams . . . . .	Sept. 10, 1907
	Thomas Blake Williams . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1910
	Frances Jackson Williams . . . . .	Mar. 25, 1912
KIDDER . . . . .	Lesta Ford . . . . .	June 3, 1902
	Virginia Williams . . . . .	Nov. 24, 1908
	Mary Hathaway Williams } . . . . .	Oct. 7, 1910
	Linsky R. Williams } . . . . .	
*LOMBARD . . . . .	Alice L. Best . . . . .	Mar. 28, 1902
MARSH . . . . .	Francis Marsh, 2d . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1903
MASON . . . . .	Louisa Steedman Wilson . . . . .	April 26, 1904
MORSE . . . . .	Marion Mason Wilson . . . . .	April 21, 1906
	Lucy Gibbons Morse, 2d . . . . .	Aug. 20, 1903
	Marjorie Dewey Morse . . . . .	Dec. 5, 1904
	William Gibbons Morse, Jr. . . . .	April 19, 1906
	Mary Morse . . . . .	Sept. 14, 1908
	Barbara Morse . . . . .	Dec. 31, 1911
	James Morse Dunning . . . . .	Oct. 16, 1904

	Frances Dunning . . . . .	Jan. 27, 1906
PALMER . . . . .	Sarah Dunning . . . . .	Oct. 29, 1910
	Emma Lasell Quackenbush . .	Oct. 18, 1898
	Catherine Palmer Quackenbush .	Aug. 22, 1903
	Violet Wilkinson Palmer . . .	Aug. 20, 1902
	Beatrice Palmer . . . . .	Aug. 8, 1906
	William Henry Palmer, 3d . .	Oct. 27, 1907
	Daniel Appleton Palmer, Jr. .	Dec. 18, 1907
PEARCE . . . . .	John H. Slavens, Jr. . . . .	Sept. 27, 1900
PILLSBURY . . . . .	Francis Hill Pillsbury . . . .	July 18, 1901
SHATTUCK . . . . .	Eleanor Whitney . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1899
	Hugh Whitney . . . . .	Aug. 21, 1903
	Corina Shattuck Higginson . .	Sept. 19, 1899
	Eleanor Lee Higginson . . . .	Nov. 22, 1901
	George Higginson . . . . .	Dec. 21, 1904
	Mary Flagg . . . . .	Aug. 18, 1910
SHREVE . . . . .	Edward Lawrence Peirson, Jr. .	June 11, 1899
	Benjamin Shreve Peirson . . .	Oct. 3, 1905
	Octavia Shreve Peirson . . . .	Dec. 23, 1908
	Benjamin Shreve . . . . .	Mar. 7, 1908
	William Huntington Shreve . .	Oct. 22, 1909
	Richard Shannon Shreve . . .	Feb. 13, 1912
	William Ezra Northey, Jr. . .	Dec. 14, 1909
TOMLINSON . . . . .	Richard Gorham Badger, Jr. .	June 25, 1901
*TUCK . . . . .	Dorothy Badger . . . . .	Mar. 19, 1904
*VERPLANCK . . . . .	Carlton Webster Tuck . . . .	April 2, 1899
	Katharine Verplanck Kent . . .	Aug. 15, 1904
	Louisa Morris Kent . . . . .	May 9, 1909
WARREN, J. C. . . . .	Joseph Warren . . . . .	April 19, 1906
	Richard Warren . . . . .	May 12, 1907
	Howland Shaw Warren . . . .	Feb. 2, 1910
WHEELER, E. S. . . . .	Elizabeth Townsend Wheeler . .	Feb. 5, 1911
WHITE . . . . .	Elizabeth Townsend Otto . . . .	Aug. 1, 1911
	Alexander White Moffat . . . .	June 26, 1891
	Donald Moffat . . . . .	July 18, 1894
	George Barclay Moffat, Jr. . .	May 16, 1897
	Frances White Moffat . . . . .	Nov. 21, 1899
	Alexander Moss White . . . .	Mar. 24, 1904
	Elinor White . . . . .	July 31, 1905
	Ogden White . . . . .	May 26, 1909
	Elizabeth Tredway White . . .	Aug. 13, 1908
	John Underhill White . . . .	Dec. 11, 1911
	Margaret White Weld . . . . .	Dec. 4, 1904
	Alfred White Weld . . . . .	Jan. 23, 1908
	Francis Minot Weld . . . . .	Dec. 16, 1909
	David Weld . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1911

<i>Allyn</i>	Phyllis Allyn	Aug. 14, 1903
* <i>Howe</i>	Elise Frances Howe	
	Theodore Christian Howe	
	Fannie Sylvia Howe	
	Franklin Theodore Howe, 3d	
	Elizabeth Bennett Howe	
	Mary Sanford Howe	
	James Bennett Howe	
* <i>Strong</i>	Chester Bradford Strong	Mar. 20, 1900
* <i>Ward</i>	Henry Talbot Airey	Oct. 20, 1904
	Dorothy Frances Airey	Mar. 1, 1908
	Edmund Michael de Kertsmont	
	Soec	June 4, 1906
		12
		<hr/>
		151

## DEATHS.

BOYNTON		Nov. 30, 1864
CRANE		Nov. 30, 1864
STEVENS, E. L.		April, 18, 1865
HUBBARD		May, 23, 1865
ETHERIDGE		Nov. 5, 1865
TABER		Oct. 5, 1868
HEATON		Sept. 9, 1869
LINDER		Jan. 18, 1872
WEBB		April 15, 1872
POST		July 5, 1872
BROOKS		Sept. 15, 1874
DAVIS		Oct. 10, 1874
FULLETON		Nov. 13, 1877
MARVINE		Nov. 26, 1878
HUN		Mar. 14, 1880
JENKS, W. F.		Oct. 31, 1881
LUNT		April 7, 1887
MORIARTY		Mar. 6, 1888
LORING		Oct. 30, 1888
WHEELER, M. D.		Nov. 1, 1889
LANGDON		Feb. 4, 1890
TOWNSEND		July 14, 1891
EVANS		Nov. 16, 1891
MARDEN		Jan. 31, 1893
HOWLAND		April 1, 1894
FROTHINGHAM, W.		Feb. 27, 1895
WINTHROP		Sept. 18, 1895
GREENHALGE		Mar. 5, 1896

KILBRETH . . . . .	June 23, 1897
HASELTINE . . . . .	July 14, 1898
KNAPP . . . . .	Dec. 27, 1898
HAYES . . . . .	April 14, 1899
FRENCH . . . . .	May 2, 1900
DABNEY . . . . .	Sept. 3, 1900
CLARKE . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1901
FISKE . . . . .	July 4, 1901
STACKPOLE . . . . .	Aug. 10, 1901
WALES . . . . .	Aug. 31, 1901
WELD . . . . .	Nov. 8, 1901
FROTHINGHAM, B. T. . . . .	April 30, 1902
GREENOUGH . . . . .	July 8, 1902
LINCOLN . . . . .	Dec. 11, 1902
JONES, G. S. . . . .	Mar. 14, 1903
HASSAM . . . . .	April 22, 1903
MORISON . . . . .	July 1, 1903
TUCK . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1904
PUTNAM . . . . .	April 16, 1905
AYRES . . . . .	Aug. 12, 1906
APPLETON . . . . .	Aug. 25, 1906
CURTIN . . . . .	Dec. 14, 1906
HIGGINSON, S. S. . . . .	April 9, 1907
NICHOLS . . . . .	June 4, 1907
WATERS . . . . .	Jan. 2, 1908
VERPLANCK . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1908
GILLET . . . . .	Jan. 28, 1908
BROWN, J. M. . . . .	April 28, 1908
LOMBARD, J. . . . .	Dec. 10, 1908
FURNESS . . . . .	Jan. 22, 1909
HARRIS . . . . .	Jan. 24, 1909
SMITH . . . . .	July 1, 1909
LAWRENCE . . . . .	Sept. 20, 1909
DANIELL . . . . .	Oct. 18, 1909
BISHOP . . . . .	Jan. 8, 1910
MIXTER . . . . .	Aug. 26, 1910
AMORY, R. . . . .	Aug. 27, 1910
GOODWIN . . . . .	June 7, 1912
PERRY . . . . .	Feb. 2, 1913

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Sewall . . . . .	Sept. 13, 1860
Turner . . . . .	1861
Dunn . . . . .	May 22, 1862
Stevens, G. P. . . . .	Aug. 12, 1862
Gould, S. S. . . . .	Sept. 17, 1862
Brown, H. F. . . . .	Mar. 3, 1863
Van Bokhelen . . . . .	June 22, 1863

Barker . . . . .	Sept. 18, 1863
Boyd . . . . .	June 30, 1864
Washburn . . . . .	Oct. 22, 1866
Huidekoper . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1868
Blake . . . . .	Nov. 15, 1872
Ryan . . . . .	July 15, 1886
Haslett . . . . .	Jan. 4, 1887
Gould, A. F. . . . .	Oct. 6, 1890
Eustis . . . . .	Dec. 2, 1900
Fearing . . . . .	April 4, 1901
Dinsmoor . . . . .	April 29, 1901
Barnard . . . . .	April 1, 1903
Lombard, J. S. . . . .	May 18, 1903
Léve . . . . .	July 12, 1903
Almy . . . . .	Aug. 7, 1905
Bellows . . . . .	Feb. 18, 1906
Ward . . . . .	June 16, 1906
Hove . . . . .	July 28, 1908
Strong . . . . .	Jan. 9, 1910
Richardson . . . . .	Sept. 28, 1910
Going . . . . .	June 14, 1911

Total . . . . .	28
	<u>95</u>

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## SONS IN COLLEGE.

ALLEN . . . . .	Frederick Lewis . . . . .	Harvard, 1912
AMORY, C. W. . . . .	William . . . . .	" 1891
	George Gardner . . . . .	" 1896
*AMORY, R. . . . .	Robert . . . . .	" 1906
BAXTER . . . . .	Gregory Paul . . . . .	" 1896
BOWDITCH . . . . .	Ingersoll . . . . .	" 1897
*BROWN, J. M. . . . .	Philip Lamson . . . . .	" 1899
BROWN, M. . . . .	Frederick Melvin . . . . .	" 1889
CROMWELL . . . . .	Seymour Legrand . . . . .	" 1892
DREW . . . . .	Charles Dana Davis . . . . .	" 1897
	Lionel Edward . . . . .	" 1911
*FISKE . . . . .	Herbert Huxley . . . . .	" 1896
*FROTHINGHAM, B. T. . . . .	John Whipple . . . . .	" 1899
*GOODWIN . . . . .	Robert Eliot . . . . .	" 1901
GREEN, A. W. . . . .	John Russell . . . . .	Sheffield Scientific, 1913
*GREENHALGE . . . . .	Frederick Brandlesome . . . . .	Harvard, 1898
*GREENOUGH . . . . .	William . . . . .	" 1896
	Carroll . . . . .	1904

GREW . . . . .	Randolph Clark . . . . .	Harvard, 1895
	Henry Sturgis . . . . .	" 1896
	Joseph Clark . . . . .	" 1902
HALL . . . . .	Dean . . . . .	" 1907
HAMMOND . . . . .	Walter Edward . . . . .	Princeton, 1914
*HARRIS . . . . .	Robert Van Kleeck . . . . .	Columbia, 1889
HIGGINSON, F. L. . . . .	Francis Lee . . . . .	Harvard, 1900
HUTCHINS . . . . .	Alexander . . . . .	" 1894
JACKSON . . . . .	Charles . . . . .	" 1898
	Robert Appleton . . . . .	" 1899
	George S. . . . .	" 1905
JENKS, H. F. . . . .	Charles Fitch . . . . .	Bowdoin, 1906
	Frederic Angier . . . . .	Harvard, 1907
*JENKS, W. F. . . . .	Robert Darrah . . . . .	" 1897
KIDDER . . . . .	James Hathaway . . . . .	" 1892
*KILBRETH . . . . .	James Truesdell . . . . .	" 1894
*LAWRENCE . . . . .	William Richards . . . . .	" 1901
*MARDEN . . . . .	Francis Skiddy . . . . .	" 1888
MORSE . . . . .	James Herbert . . . . .	" 1896
	William Gibbons . . . . .	" 1899
*NICHOLS . . . . .	Clifford . . . . .	" 1894
	Philip . . . . .	" 1895
PILLSBURY . . . . .	William Forrest . . . . .	" 1889
	Arthur Low . . . . .	Lawrence Scientific, 1892
	Charles Stephen . . . . .	University of Illinois, 1907
*Post . . . . .	Waldron Kintzing . . . . .	Harvard, 1890
	Regis Henri . . . . .	" 1891
SHELDON . . . . .	Wilmon Henry . . . . .	" 1895
*SMITH . . . . .	George Lawrence . . . . .	" 1895
	Clement Lawrence . . . . .	" 1897
	Edgar Lawrence . . . . .	" 1905
STETSON . . . . .	Meriam . . . . .	University of California, 1914
	Philip Cushing . . . . .	" 1915
TOMLINSON . . . . .	James Ellis . . . . .	Harvard, 1903
*TOWNSEND . . . . .	Robert Elmer . . . . .	" 1889
WARREN, J. C. . . . .	John . . . . .	" 1896
	Joseph . . . . .	" 1897
*WELD . . . . .	Louis Dwight Harvell . . . . .	Bowdoin, 1905
WHEELER, E. S. . . . .	Reginald Tremaine . . . . .	Lawrence Scientific, 1905
WHITE. . . . .	Alexander Moss. . . . .	Harvard, 1892
	Harold Tredway . . . . .	" 1897
		59
*Eustis . . . . .	Allan Chotard . . . . .	Tulane, 1896
*Leve . . . . .	Alvah Maximilian . . . . .	Williams, 1891
	Maurice Ambrose . . . . .	" 1897

## DAUGHTERS IN COLLEGE.

*AYRES . . . . .	Winifred . . . . .	Smith, 1892, A.M.	1895
	Marjorie . . . . .	Smith,	1895
*DANIELL . . . . .	Emily Anna . . . . .	Radcliffe,	1895
	Elizabeth Porter . . . . .	"	1906
DREW . . . . .	Dora May . . . . .	"	1899
	Kathleen . . . . .	"	1907
HUTCHINS . . . . .	Lucy Camilla . . . . .	"	1904
PILLSBURY . . . . .	Bertha Marion . . . . .	University of Illinois,	1895
TOMLINSON . . . . .	Edith E. . . . .	Radcliffe,	1896
WARREN, H. W. . . . .	Helen Farrar . . . . .	A.M. "	1898
		Ph.D. "	1911
		Smith,	1899
		Mt. Holyoke,	1908
		10	
*Bellows . . . . .	Mary Howland . . . . .	Smith, 1901	
		1	
		—	
		11	

## THE CLASS IN THE WAR.

\*\* These died in service. Their names are on the tablets in Memorial Hall

## JOHN ALYN.

Private, 47th Mass. V. M., Oct. 31, 1862. Mustered out Sept. 1, 1863.

## CHARLES WALTER AMORY.

Second Lieutenant, 2d Mass. Cav., April 9, 1864. First Lieutenant, 2d Mass. Cav., Sept. 9, 1864. Captain, 2d Mass. Cav., June 16, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 1, 1865.

## \*NATHAN APPLETON.

Second Lieutenant, 5th Mass. Baty., July 30, 1863. First Lieutenant, 5th Mass. Baty., June 19, 1864. Resigned Aug. 25, 1864. Asst. Insp. Gen., Staff of Gov. J. A. Andrew; A. D. C., Staff of Bvt. Brig. Gen. Wainwright; rejoined Art. Brigade, April 1, 1865. Bvt. Captain U. S. Vols., March 13, 1865. Died in Boston, Aug. 25, 1906.

## CHARLES HAZLETT BAGLEY.

Private, 58th Pa. V. M., June 29, 1863. Mustered out Aug., 1863.

## ANDREW JACKSON BAILEY.

Private, 5th Mass. V. M., April 17, 1861. Mustered out Aug. 31, 1861. Second Lieutenant, 5th Mass. V. M., July 20, 1864. Mustered out Nov. 16, 1864.

**\*\*AUGUSTUS BARKER.**

Second Lieutenant, 5th N. Y. Cav., Oct. 31, 1861. First Lieutenant, 5th N. Y. Cav., May 3, 1862. Captain, 5th N. Y. Cav., Oct. 24, 1862. Mortally wounded by guerrillas near Kelly's Ford, Va., Sept. 17, 1863. Died near Mount Holly Church, Va., Sept. 18, 1863.

**\*MARSHALL WILLIAM BLAKE.**

Act. Asst. Paymaster, U. S. N., Sept. 1, 1861. Resigned Aug. 13, 1863. Died in New York, Nov. 15, 1872.

**CHARLES PICKERING BOWDITCH.**

Second Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., May 23, 1863. First Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., June 7, 1863. Captain, 55th Mass. Vols., June 29, 1863. Captain, 5th Mass. Cav., Jan. 7, 1864. Resigned Aug. 23, 1864.

**\*\*WINTHROP PERKINS BOYNTON.**

Second Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., July 8, 1863. First Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., Nov. 21, 1863. Captain, 55th Mass. Vols., Nov. 23, 1864. Killed at Honey Hill, near Grahamsville, S. C., Nov. 30, 1864.

**\*\*HENRY FRENCH BROWN.**

Private, 2d N. H. Vols., Sept. 5, 1862. Died in Boston, Mass., March 3, 1863.

**\*HASWELL CORDIS CLARKE.**

Vol. A. D. C. and Second Lieutenant on staff of General Butler, Feb. 9, 1862. Captain and A. D. C., Nov. 9, 1863. Died in Kankakee, Ill., Jan. 16, 1901.

**\*\*WILLIAM DWIGHT CRANE.**

Private 44th Mass. V. M., Sept. 12, 1862. First Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., June 7, 1863. Captain, 55th Mass. Vols., June 19, 1863. Killed at Honey Hill, near Grahamsville, S. C., Nov. 30, 1864.

**\*GEORGE REID DINSMOOR.**

Ass't Surgeon, 20th Mass. Vols., March 31, 1865. Mustered out July 15, 1865. Died in Keene, N. H., April 29, 1901.

**\*\*HORACE SARGENT DUNN.**

Second Lieutenant, 22d Mass. Vols., Oct. 1, 1861. Died in New York, May 22, 1862.

**HENDERSON JOSIAH EDWARDS.**

Act. Adjutant, 5th Me. Vols., June, 1861. First Lieutenant, 75th U. S. C. T., Dec. 20, 1863. Captain, 75th U. S. C. T., Apr. 16, 1864. Resigned May 26, 1864.

**CHARLES EMERSON.**

Second Lieutenant, 174th N. Y. Vols., May 28, 1862. First Lieutenant, 162d N. Y. Vols., July 2, 1864. Captain, 162d N. Y. Vols., Feb. 10, 1865. Resigned May 21, 1865.

**\*SAMUEL EDWARDS EVANS.**

Private, 60th Mass. V. M., July 28, 1864. Mustered out Nov. 30, 1864. Died in Chelsea, Mass., Nov. 16, 1891.

**\*BENJAMIN THOMPSON FROTHINGHAM.**

Vol. A. D. C., Rank of Captain, Staff of Maj. Gen. Gilmore, Nov. 18, 1863. Resigned, July, 1864. Died at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Apr. 30, 1902.

**\*CHARLES ELIOT FURNESS.**

Private 32d Pa. V. M., June 18, 1863. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1863. Died in Rochester, Minn., Jan. 22, 1909.

**\*ARTHUR FREDERIC GOULD.**

Private, 44th Mass. V. M., Sept. 12, 1862. Mustered out June 18, 1863. Died at Lexington, Mass., Oct. 6, 1890.

**\*\*SAMUEL SHELTON GOULD.**

Private, 13th Mass. Vols., Aug. 14, 1862. Killed at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.

**WALTER WHITNEY HAMMOND.**

Private, 47th Mass. V. M., Oct., 1862. Sergeant, Oct. 24, 1862. Orderly Sergeant, June 14, 1863. Mustered out Sept. 1, 1863.

**\*THOMAS ROBINSON HARRIS.**

Private, 44th Mass. V. M., Sept. 12, 1862. Mustered out June 18, 1863. Died at Bronxville, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1909.

**\*ALBERT CHEVALIER HASELTINE.**

Private, Landis's Baty., Pa. V. M., June, 1863. Mustered out July, 1863. Died near Paris, France, July 14, 1898.

**\*JOHN TYLER HASSAM.**

First Lieutenant, 75th U. S. C. T., Dec. 3, 1863. Mustered out Aug. 1, 1864. Died in Boston, April 22, 1903.

**\*CHARLES WILLIAM HEATON.**

Private, 24th Me. Vols., Sept. 10, 1862. Mustered out Nov. 21, 1862. Captain, 75th U. S. C. T., Dec. 5, 1863. Resigned Jan. 30, 1865. Died in Boston, Sept. 9, 1869.

**FRANCIS LEE HIGGINSON.**

Second Lieutenant, 54th Mass. Vols., Feb. 28, 1863. First Lieutenant, 54th Mass. Vols., Apr. 14, 1863. Captain, 54th Mass. Vols., July 19, 1863. Captain, 5th Mass. Cav., Jan. 30, 1864. Mustered out Oct. 31, 1865.

**\*SAMUEL STORROW HIGGINSON.**

Chaplain, 9th U. S. C. T. Feb. 16, 1864. Mustered out Nov. 26, 1866. Died at Milwaukee, Wis., Apr. 9, 1907.

**\*WILLIAM FURNESS JENKS.**

Private, 32d Pa. V. M., June, 1863. Mustered out July, 1863. Died near Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 31, 1881.

**\*GEORGE SENECA JONES.**

Private, 4th Mass. V. M., Sept. 26, 1862. Mustered out Aug. 28, 1863. Died in Philadelphia, Pa., March 14, 1903.

**WILLIAM FREDERIC JONES.**

Private, 44th Mass. V. M., Sept. 12, 1862. Mustered out June 18, 1863.

**WILLIAM HENRY LATHROP.**

Private, 44th Mass. V. M. Sept. 12, 1862. Mustered out June 18, 1863. Acting Med. Cadet, U. S. A., Aug. 10, 1863-Aug., 1864. Acting Asst. Surgeon, U. S. A., Mar. 16, 1865. Asst. Surgeon, 55th Mass. Vols., June 14, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 29, 1865. Remained in So. Car. as Act. Asst. Surgeon till discharged from service, Nov., 1866.

**\*ARTHUR LAWRENCE.**

Vol. A. D. C., Staff of Maj. Gen. Howard, Nov. 12, 1864-Jan. 2, 1865. Died in Ipswich, Mass., Sept. 20, 1909.

**\*ADOLPHUS MAXIMILIAN LÉVE.**

Private, 38th Mass. Vols., Aug. 24, 1862. Mustered out June 30, 1865. Died in Townsend, Mass., July 12, 1903.

**\*HENRY LUNT.**

Act. Asst. Paymaster, U. S. N., Aug. 31, 1864. Honorably discharged Sept. 2, 1865. Died in Quincy, Mass., April 7, 1887.

**ELIAS HUTCHINS MARSTON.**

Private, 5th N. H. Vols., Sept. 25, 1861. Sergeant Major, 5th N. H. Vols., May 10, 1863. First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 5th N. H. Vols., July 1, 1863. Mustered out Oct. 22, 1864.

**WILLIAM HENRY PALMER.**

Act. Asst. Paymaster, U. S. N., Oct. 25, 1864. Mustered out Oct. 15, 1865.

**\*ALBERT KINTZING POST.**

Private, 45th Mass. V. M., Sept. 26, 1862. Second Lieutenant, 45th Mass. V. M., Oct. 14, 1862. Mustered out July 7, 1863. Died in West Hampton, N. Y., July 5, 1872.

**HERBERT JAMES PRATT.**

Act. Asst. Surgeon, U. S. A., March, 1863. Mustered out June, 1865.

**HENRY NEWTON SHELDON.**

Second Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., June 28, 1864. First Lieutenant, 55th Mass. Vols., Dec. 10, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 29, 1865.

**\*\*EDWARD LEWIS STEVENS.**

Private, 44th Mass. V. M., Sept. 12, 1862. Mustered out June 18, 1863. Second Lieutenant, 54th Mass. Vols., Jan. 13, 1864. First Lieutenant, 54th Mass. Vols., Dec. 16, 1864. Killed at Boykins Mills, S. C., April 18, 1865.

**\*\*GORHAM PHILLIPS STEVENS.**

Second Lieutenant, 70th N. Y. Vols., Jan. 1, 1862. First Lieutenant, 70th N. Y. Vols., May 5, 1862. Died at Harrison's Landing, Va., Aug. 12, 1862.

**\*JOHN LORRIMER GRAHAM STRONG.**

Act. Asst. Paymaster, U. S. N., Sept. 20, 1862. Honorably discharged 1865. Died in New York, Jan. 9, 1910.

**\*HENRY TUCK.**

Act. Asst. Surgeon, U. S. A., March 23, 1865. Honorably discharged, June, 1865. Died in Seabright, N. J., Sept. 2, 1904.

**\*ROBERT NEWLIN VERPLANCK.**

Second Lieutenant, 6th U. S. C. T., Sept. 15, 1863. First Lieutenant, 118th U. S. C. T., Nov. 23, 1864. Bvt. Captain, U. S. Vols., Apr. 2, 1865. Resigned June 21, 1865. Died in Orange, N. J., Jan. 10, 1908.

**\*BENJAMIN READ WALES.**

Private, 45th Mass. V. M., Oct. 7, 1862. Mustered out July 17, 1863. Captain, 42d Mass. V. M., July 18, 1864. Mustered out Nov. 27, 1864. Died in Boston, Aug. 31, 1901.

**\*EDMUND AUGUSTUS WARD.**

Second Lieutenant, 2d N. Y. Cav., served about ten months. Resigned. Died in Richfield Springs, N. Y., June 16, 1906.

**EDMUND SOUDER WHEELER.**

Act. Asst. Paymaster, U. S. N., Sept. 24, 1863. Resigned Nov. 30, 1865.

**\*MOSES DILLON WHEELER.**

Private, 122d Ohio Vols., Oct. 4, 1862. Sergeant Major, 122d Ohio Vols., Oct. 8, 1862. Second Lieutenant, 122d Ohio Vols., Jan. 23, 1864. First Lieutenant, 122d Ohio Vols., April 2, 1864. Captain, 122d Ohio Vols., Dec. 14, 1864. Mustered out June 26, 1865. Died in Staten Island, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1889.

The following men were in the armies of the South:

**\*CARTWRIGHT EUSTIS.**

Corporal, 10th Mississippi Regt., March 8, 1862. First Lieutenant, 20th Louisiana Regt., Oct. 17, 1863. Died in Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 2, 1900.

**\*WILLIAM PRIESTLY RICHARDSON.**

Private, 1st Louisiana Vols., July, 1861. Second Lieutenant, 13th Louisiana Vols., Dec., 1862. Captain, 13th Louisiana Vols., Sept., 1863. Died in New Orleans, Sept. 28, 1910.

**\*WILLIAM AURELIUS RYAN.**

Adjutant, 18th Texas Infantry, 1861. Lt. Colonel, 18th Texas Infantry, 1865. Died in Austin, Texas, July 15, 1886.

**\*JOHN FRINK SMITH VAN BOKKELEN.**

First Lieutenant, 3d North Carolina Infantry, Oct., 1862. Died in Richmond, Va., June 22, 1863.

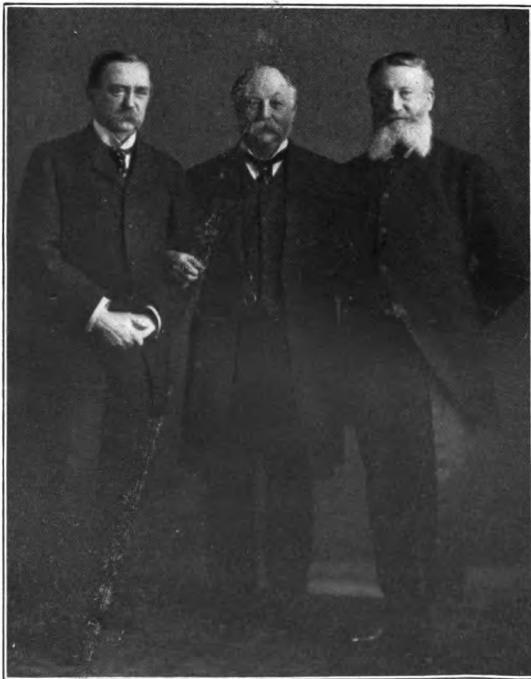
### CLASS MEETINGS.

A room in Holworthy Hall has always been open to the Class for business and social meetings on Commencement, Alumni, and Commemoration Days.

Members present at the anniversary in 1864				42
"	"	"	"	1865
"	"	"	"	1866
"	"	"	"	1867
"	"	"	"	1868
"	"	"	"	1869
"	"	"	"	1870
"	"	"	"	1871
"	"	"	"	1872
"	"	"	"	1873
"	"	"	"	1874
"	"	"	"	1875
"	"	"	"	1876



SPANISH DANCERS  
H. P. C.



BOSTON DOCTORS



Members present at the anniversary in 1877	43
" " " "	1878
" " " "	1879
" " " "	1880
" " " "	1881
" " " "	1882
" " " "	1883
" " " "	1884
" " " "	1885
" " " "	1886
" " " "	1887
" " " "	1888
" " " "	1889
" " " "	1890
" " " "	1891
" " " "	1892
" " " "	1893
" " " "	1894
" " " "	1895
" " " "	1896
" " " "	1897
" " " "	1898
" " " "	1899
" " " "	1900
" " " "	1901
" " " "	1902
" " " "	1903
" " " "	1904
" " " "	1905
" " " "	1906
" " " "	1907
" " " "	1908
" " " "	1909
" " " "	1910
" " " "	1911
" " " "	1912

The tables on pages 162-165 give the attendance at each Commencement.

Members of the Class present at the Class Dinner in	1866	59
" "	1869	33
" "	1872	38
" "	1875	40
" "	1878	35
" "	1881	30
" "	1883	60
" "	1886	27
" "	1888	59
" "	1890	26
" "	1893	43
" "	1898	32
" "	1901	29
" "	1903	36
" "	1908	29

THE FOURTEENTH DINNER, on the FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY of the graduation of the Class, took place at Young's Hotel, Boston, June 23, 1903. Shattuck *presided*; Bishop, *chaplain*; Morse, *adist*; Daniell, *chorister*. Thirty-six members were present: Appleton, Baxter, Bishop, Bowditch, J. M. Brown, Daniell, Denny, Edwards, Field, J. O. Green, Grew, Hammond, F. L. Higginson, Horton, Hutchins, H. F. Jenks, Kidder, Lathrop, Lawrence, J. Lombard, Mixter, Nichols, Owen, Pin-gree, Putnam, Shattuck, Sheldon, Shreve, Tomlinson, Tuck, H. W. Warren, J. C. Warren, E. S. Wheeler, —— *Allen, Howe, Jones*.

The following Ode, by Morse, was sung to the air of "America":

Undying is the lay  
Of fallen Ilion's day,  
Deep theme of wrong!  
What muse of all the Nine  
Shall amplify the line  
And sing in notes divine  
Our grander song!

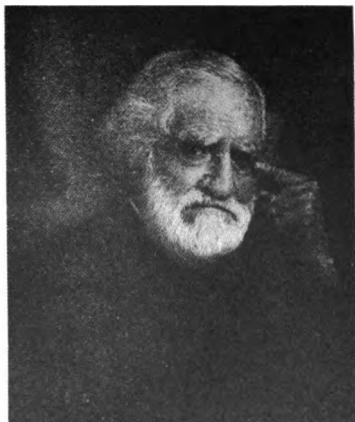
War's flame and thunder rolled;  
On brows we loved of old  
The red wreath burned.  
Four Springs poured down their rain;  
Four times ripe Autumn's wain  
Brought home the golden grain,  
Ere peace returned.

Sing Liberty and Peace!  
The rolling thunders cease,  
And rain of shells.  
No stain on Freedom's brow,  
We sing the pen and plow,  
The bloom of orchards now,  
And wedding bells.



FISKE, MARDEN, WHITE, ETHERIDGE, STETSON, DAVIS, COMTE, HASSAM, PRATT, GOODWIN,  
B. T. FROTHINGHAM, BLAIR,  
HARRIS, GILLET, DANIELL

O. K.



JONES, FOR FIFTY YEARS THE COLLEGE BELL-RINGER  
*"Ring out the old, ring in the new"*





Ten times our battle-span  
 No lash has stained a man  
 By dale or wold.  
 Our eagle flight right through  
 Its maze of starry blue  
 Still keeps the far aim true  
 To hills of gold.

Glad theme of forty years,  
 And glad through all our tears,  
 While sons of sons,  
 With rosy maids in shoals,  
 Our slender line unrolls  
 To thrice a hundred souls  
 Of little ones.

We sing, with eyes that shine,  
 The multiplying line  
 Of Sixty-three.  
 Heaven make its ampler band  
 Heart-sweet and strong of hand  
 To keep our mighty land  
 Great, strong, and free!

THE FIFTEENTH DINNER, on the FORTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY of the graduation of the Class took place at the Parker House, Boston, June 23, 1908. Fairchild *presided*; Bishop, *chaplain*; Morse, *odist*; Daniell, *chorister*. Twenty-nine members were present: Baxter, Bishop, Bowditch, Cobb, Daniell, Denny, Drew, Edwards, Fairchild, Hall, Hammond, Horton, Jackson, Kidder, Lombard, Marston, Mixter, Morse, Owen, Palmer, Tomlinson, Shattuck, Sheldon, Shreve, H. W. Warren, J. C. Warren, Wheeler, —— *Allen, Jones*.

Morse read some original verses, which have since been printed by vote of the Class and distributed to all the members, and informal speeches were made by Fairchild, Shattuck, Bowditch, J. C. Warren, Drew, Wheeler and Sheldon.

The following Ode, by Morse, was sung to the air of "Lauriger Horatius":

Youth and love and shining eyes —  
 Where shall we behold them?  
 Beauty from the rose replies:  
 "See how I unfold them.  
 Give me but the mood of May,  
 Tears and golden sorrow, —  
 Youth and love will ne'er delay:  
 There 'll be buds to-morrow!"

Comrades, in our joyful prime  
 Love was touched with blindness;  
 Now we know a sadder time,  
 Brim the cup with kindness.

Pledge the beauty of intent,  
Noble in its aiming.  
Drink to what each brother meant;  
Leave to Heaven the blaming.

Hands all round and hearts afire —  
God and country need us —  
Pledge we our celestial choir,  
Who, though seen not, lead us.  
They wear yet the mood of May —  
Tears and golden sorrow.  
Youth and love will ne'er delay:  
There 'll be buds to-morrow.

All united in singing the Class Song, and then, after "Auld Lang Syne," the meeting adjourned.

#### CLASS SONG.

AIR, "*Mourir pour la Patrie.*"

We are one in the joy and the sorrow;  
We are one in the loss and the gain;  
Not alone in the hope of to-morrow,  
But in memories glad that remain.

**CHORUS:** Again old joys are o'er us,  
Old voices fill our chorus,  
And ever through the years  
We shall hear our parting cheers, —  
Hurrah, Sixty-three!  
Hurrah for our own Sixty-three!

'Tis the parting of brother from brother,  
Yet to-day shall but strengthen the bond;  
It shall stretch from one year and another,  
Only lost in the union beyond.

Make the voice of our gladness the clearer!  
It must speak in our trouble and toil;  
Draw the ranks of our brotherhood nearer!  
They may narrow, but must not recoil.

For our place has already been taken  
By the lives whose glad labor is done;  
By their glory, which cannot be shaken,  
We are pledged to their contest till won.

FREDERICK BROOKS.

## ODE.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY, — 1863-1913.

Air, — "T was Off the Blue Canaries."

A song for the ripened harvest —  
For the Fiftieth gathering-in;  
A song of praise for long-gone days  
And the glories that have been!  
And let the note have a tender strain  
And a music soft and low:  
For the Mother made us sons of men  
With the love of long ago.

CHORUS: With the love of long ago —  
With the love of long ago:  
For the Mother made us sons of men  
With the love of long ago.

Remember the lifted lashes  
That shone like dews at morn,  
When the sowers go forth to scatter  
The seed of the golden corn, —  
The hand that clasped a brother's hand,  
The tears that would not flow,  
For the Mother made us sons of men  
With the love of long ago.

CHORUS: With the love of long ago —  
With the love of long ago:  
For the Mother made us sons of men  
With the love of long ago.

We have welcomed the lilt of morning,  
Rejoiced in the day's increase;  
A sinking sun, and the long day done,  
When the laborer sings of peace.  
Let the cup go round, the music sound,  
And the love-light not burn low,  
For the Mother made us sons of men  
With the love of long ago.

CHORUS: With the love of long ago —  
With the love of long ago:  
For the Mother made us sons of men  
With the love of long ago.

JAMES HERBERT MORSE.

## MEMBERS OF THE CLASS

	'64	'65	'66	'67	'68	'69	'70	'71	'72	'73	'74	'75	'76	'77	'78	'79	'80	'81	'82	'83	'84	'85	'86	'87	'88
Amory, C. W.	.	x				x														x		x	x		x
Amory, R.	'10*	x	x	x			x		x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x				x	x	
Appleton	'06*	x	x	x																					x
Ayres	'06*																								x
Bagley																									x
Bailey																									x
Baxter		x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Bishop	'10*	x	x																						x
Blair																									x
Boit																									x
Bowditch																									x
Boynton																									x
Brooks							x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Brown, J. M.	'08*	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Brown, M.																									x
Clarke	'01*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Cobb																									x
Comte																									x
Crane	'64*																								x
Cromwell			x																						x
Cross																									x
Curtin	'06*																								x
Dabney	'00*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Daniel	'09*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Davis	'74*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Denny		x	x	x																				x	
Drew																									x
Edwards		x	x	x																					x
Emerson																									x
Etheridge	'65*	x																							x
Evans	'91*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Fairchild			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Field		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Fiske	'01*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Foster		x																							x
Freeman																									x
French	'00*	x				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Frothingham, B. T.	'02*	x																							x
Frothingham, W.	'95*																								x
Fullerton	'77*																								x
Furness	'09*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Gillet	'08*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Goodwin	'12*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Green, A. W.	.	x		x																					x
Green, J. O.	.	x		x																					x
Greenhalge	'98*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Greenough	'02*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Grew	.	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hall	.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hammond		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Harris	'09*		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hasetine	'98*		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hassam	'03*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hayes	'99*		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Heaton	'69*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Higginson, F. L.			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Higginson, S. S.	'07*		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Horton			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Howland			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hubbard	'65*			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hun	'80*			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hutchins				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Jackson		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Jenks, H. F.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Jenks, W. F.	'81*	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Jones, G. S.	'03*		x																						x
Kidder				x																					x
Kilbreth	'97*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Knapp	'98*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Langdon	'90*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Lathrop				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Lawrencee			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Lincoln	'02*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Linder	'72*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Lombard, J.	'98*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Loring	'88*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Lunt	'87*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	

## PRESENT ON COMMENCEMENT DAYS.

	'89	'90	'91	'92	'93	'94	'95	'96	'97	'98	'99	'00	'01	'02	'03	'04	'05	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	T'1
Amory, C. W.											x	x									x				5
Amory, R.											x	x	x					x				x			11
Appleton											x	x	x					x				x			18
Ayres											x	x	x					x				x			4
Bagley											x	x	x					x				x			14
Bailey											x	x	x					x				x			27
Baxter											x	x	x					x				x			38
Bishop											x	x	x					x				x			1
Blair											x	x	x					x				x			
Bolt											x	x	x					x				x			
Bowditch											x	x	x					x				x			34
Boynton											x	x	x					x				x			
Brooks											x	x	x					x				x			3
Brown, J. M.											x	x	x					x				x			20
Brown, M.											x	x	x					x				x			2
Clarke											x	x	x					x				x			25
Cobb											x	x	x					x				x			
Comte											x	x	x					x				x			
Crane											x	x	x					x				x			4
Cromwell											x	x	x					x				x			
Cross											x	x	x					x				x			2
Curtin											x	x	x					x				x			25
Dabney											x	x	x					x				x			44
Daniel											x	x	x					x				x			6
Davis											x	x	x					x				x			23
Denny											x	x	x					x				x			14
Drew											x	x	x					x				x			32
Edwards											x	x	x					x				x			
Emerson											x	x	x					x				x			1
Etheridge											x	x	x					x				x			5
Evans											x	x	x					x				x			14
Fairchild											x	x	x					x				x			27
Field											x	x	x					x				x			2
Fiske											x	x	x					x				x			
Foster											x	x	x					x				x			
Freeman											x	x	x					x				x			
French											x	x	x					x				x			30
Frothingham, B. T.											x	x	x					x				x			8
Frothingham, W.											x	x	x					x				x			3
Fullerton											x	x	x					x				x			
Furness											x	x	x					x				x			
Gillet											x	x	x					x				x			
Goodwin											x	x	x					x				x			
Green, A. W.											x	x	x					x				x			
Green, J. O.											x	x	x					x				x			16
Greenhalge											x	x	x					x				x			23
Greenough											x	x	x					x				x			8
Grew											x	x	x					x				x			11
Hall											x	x	x					x				x			4
Hammond											x	x	x					x				x			15
Harris											x	x	x					x				x			4
Haseltine											x	x	x					x				x			3
Hassam											x	x	x					x				x			34
Hayes											x	x	x					x				x			22
Heaton											x	x	x					x				x			2
Higginson, F. L.											x	x	x					x				x			17
Higginson, S. S.											x	x	x					x				x			8
Horton											x	x	x					x				x			1
Howland											x	x	x					x				x			
Hubbard											x	x	x					x				x			
Hun											x	x	x					x				x			
Hutchins											x	x	x					x				x			
Jackson											x	x	x					x				x			7
Jenks, H. F.											x	x	x					x				x			22
Jenks, W. F.											x	x	x					x				x			38
Jones, G. S.											x	x	x					x				x			2
Kidder											x	x	x					x				x			13
Kibbrell											x	x	x					x				x			10
Knapp											x	x	x					x				x			12
Langdon											x	x	x					x				x			2
Lathrop											x	x	x					x				x			13
Lawrence											x	x	x					x				x			13
Lincoln											x	x	x					x				x			39
Linder											x	x	x					x				x			6
Lombard, J.											x	x	x					x				x			17
Loring											x	x	x					x				x			1
Lunt											x	x	x					x				x			22

## MEMBERS OF THE CLASS

	'64	'65	'66	'67	'68	'69	'70	'71	'72	'73	'74	'75	'76	'77	'78	'79	'80	'81	'82	'83	'84	'85	'86	'87	'88
Marden . . . . .	'93*	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				x	x		x		x	
Marsh . . . . .		x	x																						
Marston . . . . .																									
Marvine . . . . .	'78*																								
Mason . . . . .	x																								
Mixer . . . . .	'10*	x																							
Moriarty . . . . .	'88*																								
Morison . . . . .	'03*		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Morse . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Nichols . . . . .	'07*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Owen . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Palmer . . . . .																									
Pearce . . . . .																									
Peck . . . . .	x																								
Perry . . . . .	'13*																								
Pillsbury . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Pingree . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Post . . . . .	'72*																								
Pratt . . . . .																									
Putnam . . . . .	'05*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Rand . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Shattuck . . . . .																									
Sheldon . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Shreve . . . . .																									
Smith . . . . .	'09*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Stackpole . . . . .	'01*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Stetson . . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Stevens, E. L. . . . .	'65*																								
Taber . . . . .	'68*	x																							
Tomlinson . . . . .			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Townsend . . . . .	'91*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Tuck . . . . .	'04*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Verplanck . . . . .	'08*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Wales . . . . .	'01*																								
Warren, H. W. . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Warren, J. C. . . . .		x																							
Waters . . . . .	'08*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Webb . . . . .	'72*	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Weld . . . . .	'01*																								
Wheeler, E. S. . . . .																									
Wheeler, M. D. . . . .	'89*	x																							
White . . . . .			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Winthrop . . . . .	'95*		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Allen . . . . . A. B. 1909																									
Allyn . . . . .																									
Amy . . . . .	'05*																								
Barker . . . . .	'63*																								
Barnard . . . . .	'03*																								
Bellous . . . . .	'06*																								
Blake . . . . .	'72*																								
Boyd . . . . .	'64*																								
Brown, H. F. . . . .	'63*																								
Dinsmoor . . . . .	'01*																								
Dunn . . . . .	'62*																								
Eustis . . . . .	'00*																								
Fearing . . . . .	'01*																								
Going . . . . .	'11*																								
Gould, A. F. . . . .	'90*		x																						
Gould, S. S. . . . .	'62*																								
Hastett . . . . .	'87*																								
Howe . . . . .	'08*																								
Hutdekoper . . . . .	'68*																								
Jones, W. F. . . . .		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Léne . . . . .	'03*																								
Lombard, J. S. . . . .	'03*																								
Richardson . . . . .	'10*																								
Ryan . . . . .	'86*																								
Sewall . . . . .	'60*																								
Stevens, G. P. . . . .	'62*																								
Strong . . . . .	'10*																								
Turner . . . . .	'61*																								
Van Bokkelen . . . . .	'63*																								
Ward . . . . .	'06*																								
Washburn . . . . .	'66*																								
TOTAL . . . . .	42	47	63	29	30	38	30	34	36	29	36	34	38	43	31	32	30	29	29	53	22	28	27	16	57

## PRESENT ON COMMENCEMENT DAYS.

	'89	'90	'91	'92	'93	'94	'95	'96	'97	'98	'99	'00	'01	'02	'03	'04	'05	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	T <sup>1</sup>
Marden	.	.	'93*																						17
Marsh	.	.	.																						2
Marston	.	.	.																						
Marvine	.	.	'78*																						
Mason	.	.	'10*																						
Mixter	.	.	'88*																						
Moriarty	.	.	'03*																						
Morison	.	.	'97*																						
Morse	.	.	'26																						
Nichols	.	.	'26																						
Owen	.	.	'31																						
Palmer	.	.	'18																						
Pearce	.	.	'1																						
Peek	.	.	'16																						
Perry	.	'13*																							
Pillsbury	.																								
Pingree	.																								
Post	.	'39																							
Pratt	.																								
Putnam	.																								
Rand	.																								
Shattuck	.																								
Sheldon	.																								
Shreve	.																								
Smith	.																								
Stackpole	.																								
Stetson	.																								
Stevens, E. L.	.																								
Taber	.																								
Tomlinson	.																								
Townsend	.																								
Tuck	.																								
Verplanck	.																								
Wales	.																								
Warren, H. W.	.																								
Warren, J. C.	.																								
Waters	.																								
Webb	.																								
Weid	.																								
Wheeler, E. S.	.																								
Wheeler, M. D.	.																								
White	.																								
Winthrop	.																								
Allen	.	A. B.	1969																						6
Allyn	.																								4
Almy	.																								1
Barker	.																								
Barnard	.																								
Bellows	.																								
Blake	.																								
Boyd	.																								
Brown, H. F.	.																								
Dinsmoor	.																								
Dunn	.																								
Eustis	.																								
Fearing	.																								
Gong	.																								
Gould, A. F.	.																								
Gould, S. S.	.																								
Haskell	.																								
Hause	.																								
Huiddekooper	.																								
Jones, W. F.	.																								
Léve	.																								
Lombard, J. S.	.																								
Richardson	.																								
Ryan	.																								
Sewall	.																								
Stevens, G. P.	.																								
Strong	.																								
Turner	.																								
Van Bokkelen	.																								
Ward	.																								
Washburn	.																								
TOTAL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
	21	26	22	22	27	28	24	25	25	25	26	21	22	21	23	17	27	23	23	23	18	23	16	20	

## THE CLASS FUND.

At the meeting of the Class on June 23, 1903, it was voted, that the Class Secretary be requested to place the balance of the Class Fund, after paying for the Class Book, Dinner and Commencement expenses, in the hands of Francis L. Higginson, Charles C. Jackson, and Charles P. Bowditch, taking from them an agreement to guarantee the principal of the fund with interest at four per cent per annum and to dispose of the principal and interest of the fund as may be hereafter directed by the Class.

In accordance with the above vote, H. F. Jenks, Class Secretary, on Aug. 4, 1903, took the following receipt from Higginson, Bowditch, and Jackson:

Received of Rev. Henry F. Jenks, secretary, the following property belonging to the Class of 1863 of Harvard College: viz., \$1000 Kansas City, Fort Scott, and Memphis 6% bond; \$1000 Rio Grande Western first mortgage 4% bond; \$500 Northern Pacific first mortgage 4% bond; and cash, \$212.50.

It is understood and agreed that the undersigned have full power to use said fund as they see fit, that they will guarantee to the Class the market value of the above property, which is hereby agreed to be twenty-eight hundred dollars, together with interest to be reckoned annually at the rate of four per cent (4%) per annum, and that they will account to the Class for any profit which may accrue to the fund in addition to said interest. They further agree to pay to the Class the above sum with interest and profits as above, or any part thereof, when requested to do so by vote of the Class.

At the meeting of the Class on June 20, 1912, a letter from Messrs. Higginson, Bowditch, and Jackson was read, requesting the Class to pass a vote to enable them to turn over the fund in their hands to the Class Secretary. This was accordingly done, and it was also voted that the thanks of the Class should be given to Higginson, Bowditch, and Jackson for their careful nursing of the Class Fund, and for their success in making it grow while under their care, and that it should be made part of the record that it was only because of the request of the members of our so-called "Finance Committee" themselves that the Class took action relieving them of the care of the Class Fund.

The Class Secretary received from Messrs. Higginson, Bowditch, and Jackson, Oct. 18, 1912, \$1815.47 in cash, and certificate for 20 shares Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fé common stock, having, besides this, received from time to time \$550 on account of interest as shown in the following account of the Class Fund.

## RECEIPTS.

1904	Balance from H. F. Jenks, Class Committee account . . . . .	\$150.35
	W. H. Lathrop, Contribution to Class Fund . . . . .	25.00
	W. G. Field " " " " . . . . .	10.00
1908	Received from "Finance Committee," Jan. 15 . . . . .	150.00
	" " " " Sept. 4 . . . . .	250.00
1910	" " " " Sept. 2 . . . . .	150.00
1912	" " " " Oct. 18 . . . . .	1815.47
	" dividend on 20 shares Atchison, Dec. 2 . . . . .	30.00
	" interest on balances N. E. Trust Co., Dec. 31 . .	1.39
1913	" " " on bond Western Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan. 1 . . .	25.00
	" dividend on 20 shares Atchison, Mar. 1 . . . . .	30.00
	" " " " June 2 . . . . .	30.00
		<hr/>
		\$2667.21

## PAYMENTS.

1904	Commencement expenses . . . . .	\$45.25
1905	Alumni Association, contribution to . . . . .	10.00
	Printing circulars and postals . . . . .	7.50
	Commencement expenses . . . . .	66.05
1906	Alumni Association, contribution to . . . . .	10.00
	Commencement expenses . . . . .	39.00
1907	Alumni Association, contribution to . . . . .	10.00
	Commencement expenses . . . . .	40.75
1908	Alumni Association, contribution to . . . . .	10.00
	Printing circulars, postals, Ode and Class Song, and Morse's verses . . . . .	33.00
	Commencement expenses, including Class Dinner, 45th Anniversary, and the usual "Spread" at Cambridge . . . .	237.00
1909	Alumni Association, contribution to . . . . .	10.00
	Commencement expenses . . . . .	45.38
	Printing circulars and postals . . . . .	6.25
1910	Commencement expenses . . . . .	42.60
1911	Commencement expenses . . . . .	41.73
	Printing memoirs . . . . .	\$42.64
	Half-tone cuts for memoirs . . . . .	10.50
	Circulars . . . . .	9.00
		<hr/>
		62.14
1912	Commencement expenses . . . . .	41.73
	Half-tone cuts for Class Report . . . . .	391.00
	Paid for \$1000 Western Tel. & Tel. Bond 5s of 1932, for in- vestment . . . . .	995.00
	Four months' accrued interest on above . . . . .	16.66
	Broker's commission . . . . .	1.25
1913	Printing circulars and postals . . . . .	13.00
		<hr/>
		\$2175.29
	Balance . . . . .	491.92
		<hr/>
		\$2667.21

As shown above, the Class Fund consists at this date (June 19, 1913) of 20 shares Atchison Topeka and Santa Fé Railway Co. common stock; \$1,000 Western Tel. and Tel. 5s of 1932; and a cash balance in the New England Trust Co. of \$491.92. After providing for the expenses of our Fiftieth Anniversary, which will be heavy, including Class Report, Class Dinner, Phillips Brooks House "Spread," etc., we should have left about \$2,000.

## ADDRESSES.

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*Notice of any change in address should be sent at once to the Class Secretary.*

ALLEN, REV. FREDERICK B., 132 Marlborough Street, Boston, Mass.  
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Total	<hr/> 56













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